FINAL SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT PLANS

OF THE

Allebach Tract

A SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL COMMUNITY IN

FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

PREPARED FOR

502 Township line Road Lawyers, LLC

P.O. Box 428

Villanova, PA 19085

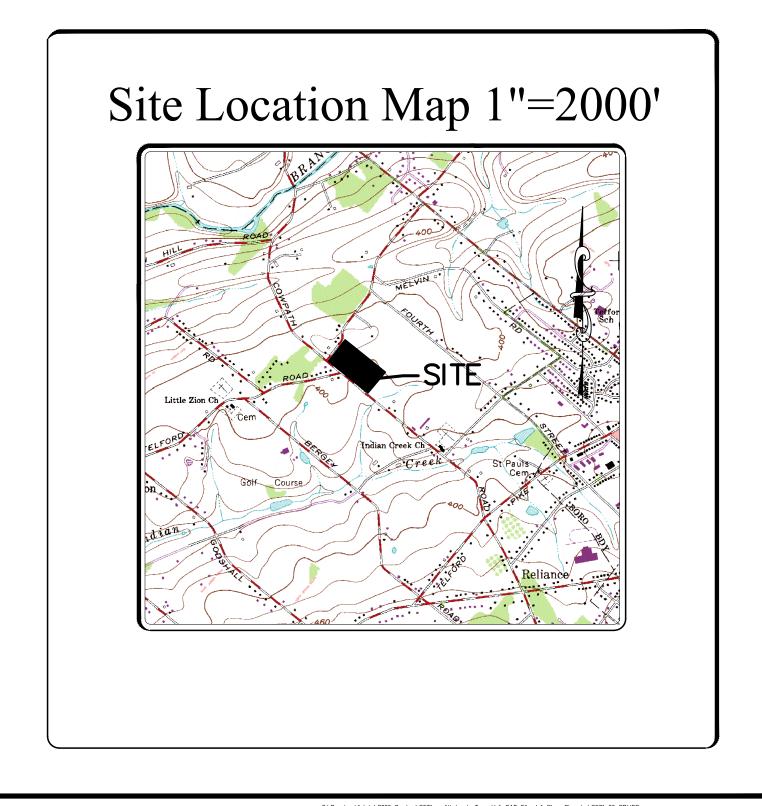
Plan Sheet Index

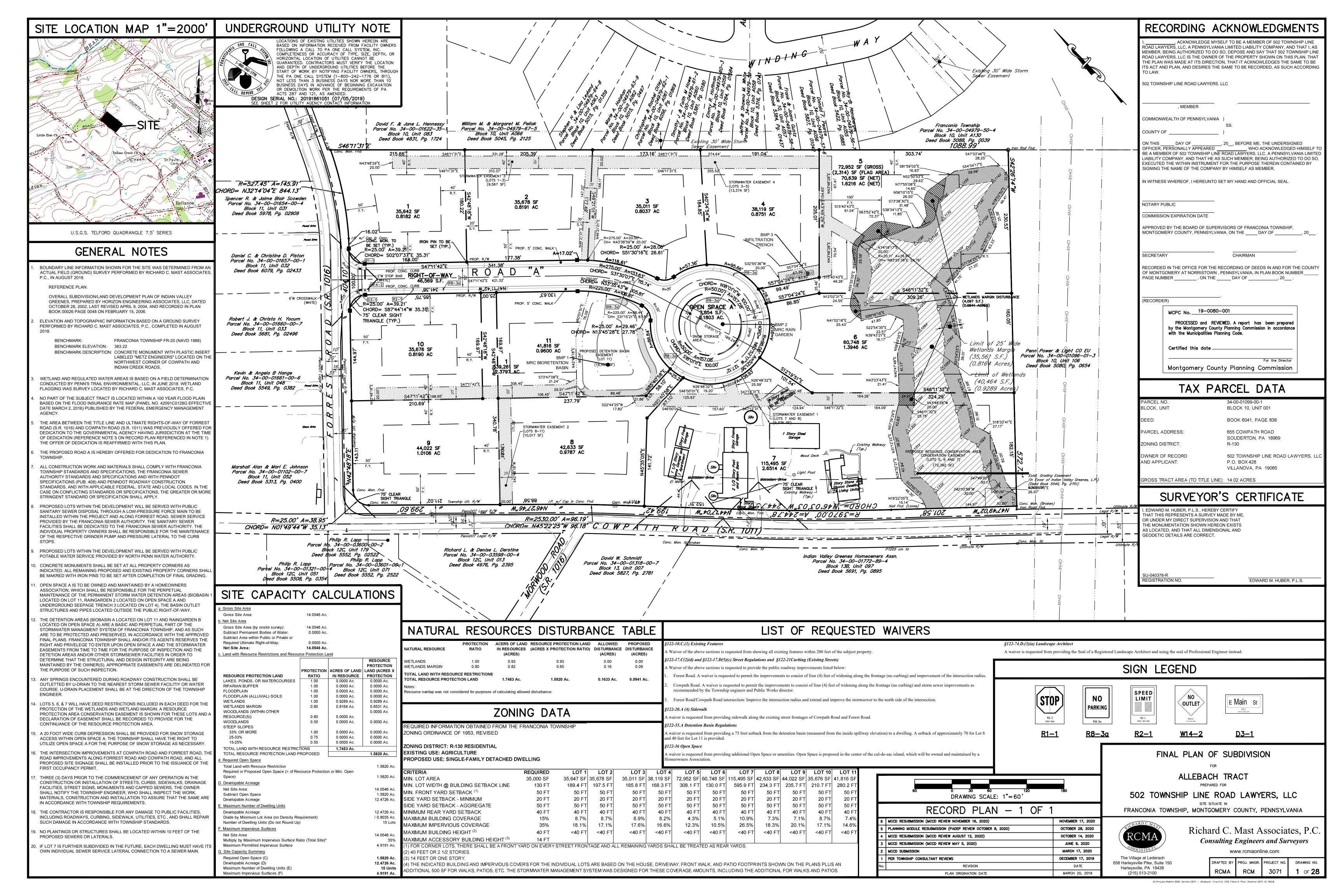
COVER SHEET PRELIMINARY PLAN OF SUBDIVISION EXISTING RESOURCE AND SITE ANALYSIS PLAN CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENT PLAN (STORMSEWER AND GRADING) PCSM LANDSCAPE AND LIGHTING PLAN PCSM LANDSCAPE AND LIGHTING DETAIL SHEET PLAN AND PROFILE COWPATH ROAD (S.R. 1011) PLAN AND PROFILE FORREST ROAD (S.R. 1016) INTERSECTION AND ROADWAY DETAILS PLAN AND PROFILE PROPOSED CUL-DE-SAC PLAN AND PROFILE MISCELLANEOUS PROFILES PLAN AND PROFILE MISCELLANEOUS PROFILES STORM SEWER AND SITE DETAILS STORM SEWER AND SITE DETAILS SANITARY SEWER AND WATER DETAILS VEHICLE ACCESS AND SIGNAGE PLAN PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE SHED PLAN POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE SHED PLAN

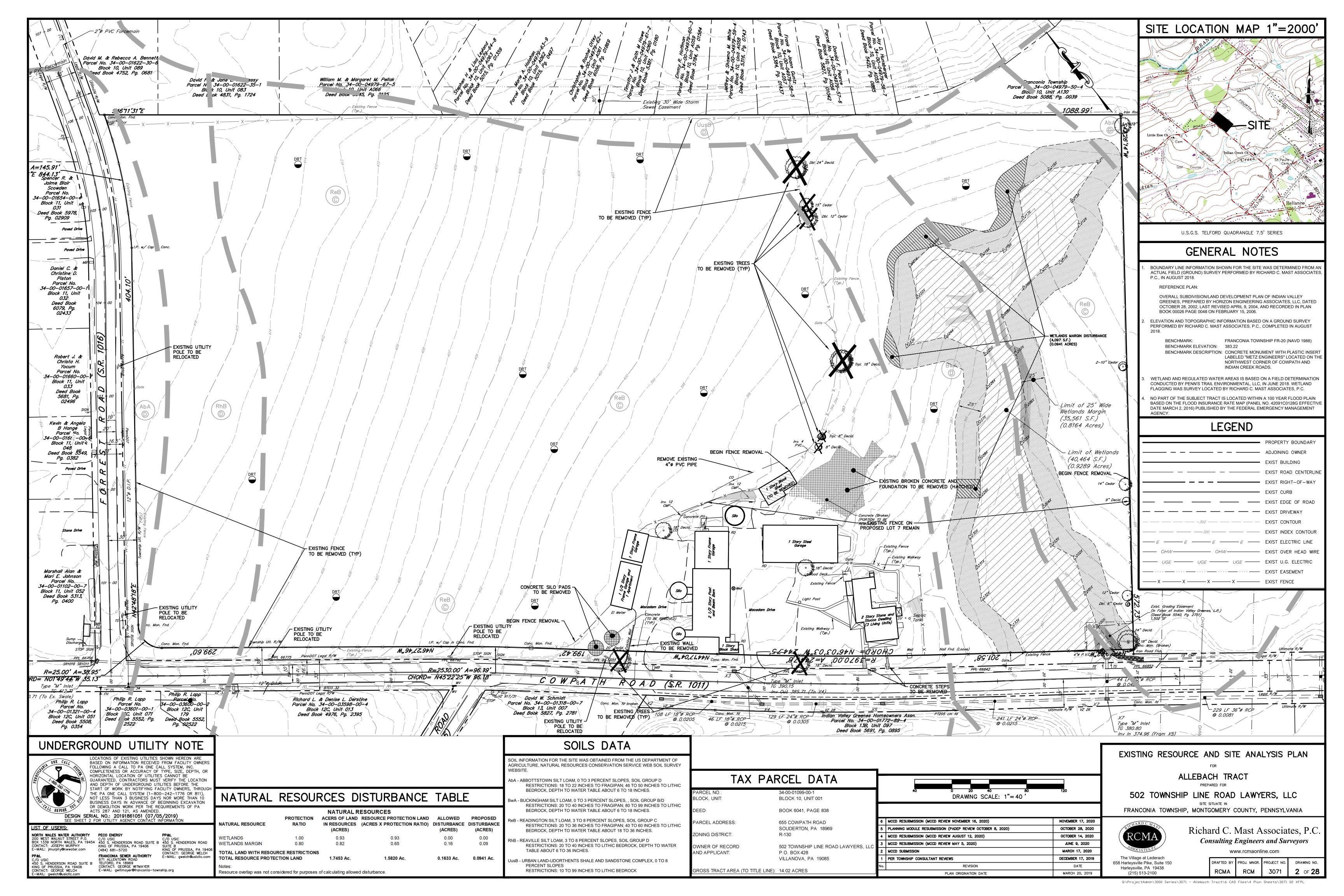


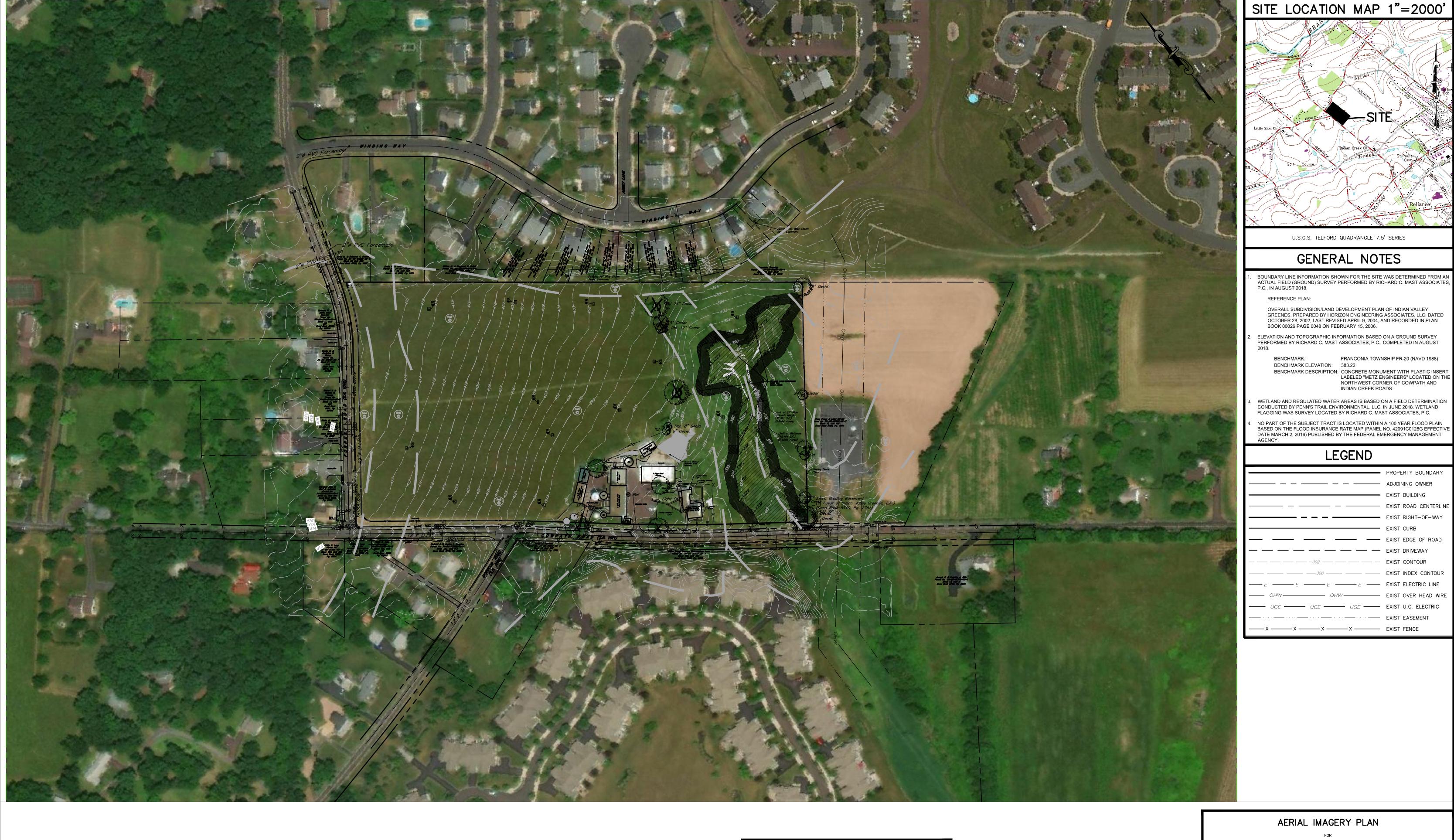
Richard C. Mast Associates, P.C. Consulting Engineers and Surveyors

The Village at Lederach
658 Harleysville Pike, Suite 150
Harleysville, Pennsylvania 19438
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TAX PARCEL DATA PARCEL NO.: BLOCK, UNIT: 34-00-01099-00-1 BLOCK 10, UNIT 001 DRAWING SCALE: 1"=100" BOOK 6041, PAGE 838 6 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW NOVEMBER 16, 2020) NOVEMBER 17, 2020 PARCEL ADDRESS: 655 COWPATH ROAD SOUDERTON, PA 18969 PLANNING MODULE RESUBMISSION (PADEP REVIEW OCTOBER 8, 2020) OCTOBER 28, 2020 ZONING DISTRICT: 4 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW AUGUST 12, 2020) OCTOBER 14, 2020 3 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW MAY 5, 2020) JUNE 9, 2020 OWNER OF RECORD 502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, I MARCH 17, 2020 AND APPLICANT: P.O. BOX 428 VILLANOVA, PA 19085 1 PER TOWNSHIP CONSULTANT REVIEWS DECEMBER 17, 2019 DATE REVISION GROSS TRACT AREA (TO TITLE LINE): 14.02 ACRES PLAN ORIGINATION DATE MARCH 20, 2019

ALLEBACH TRACT

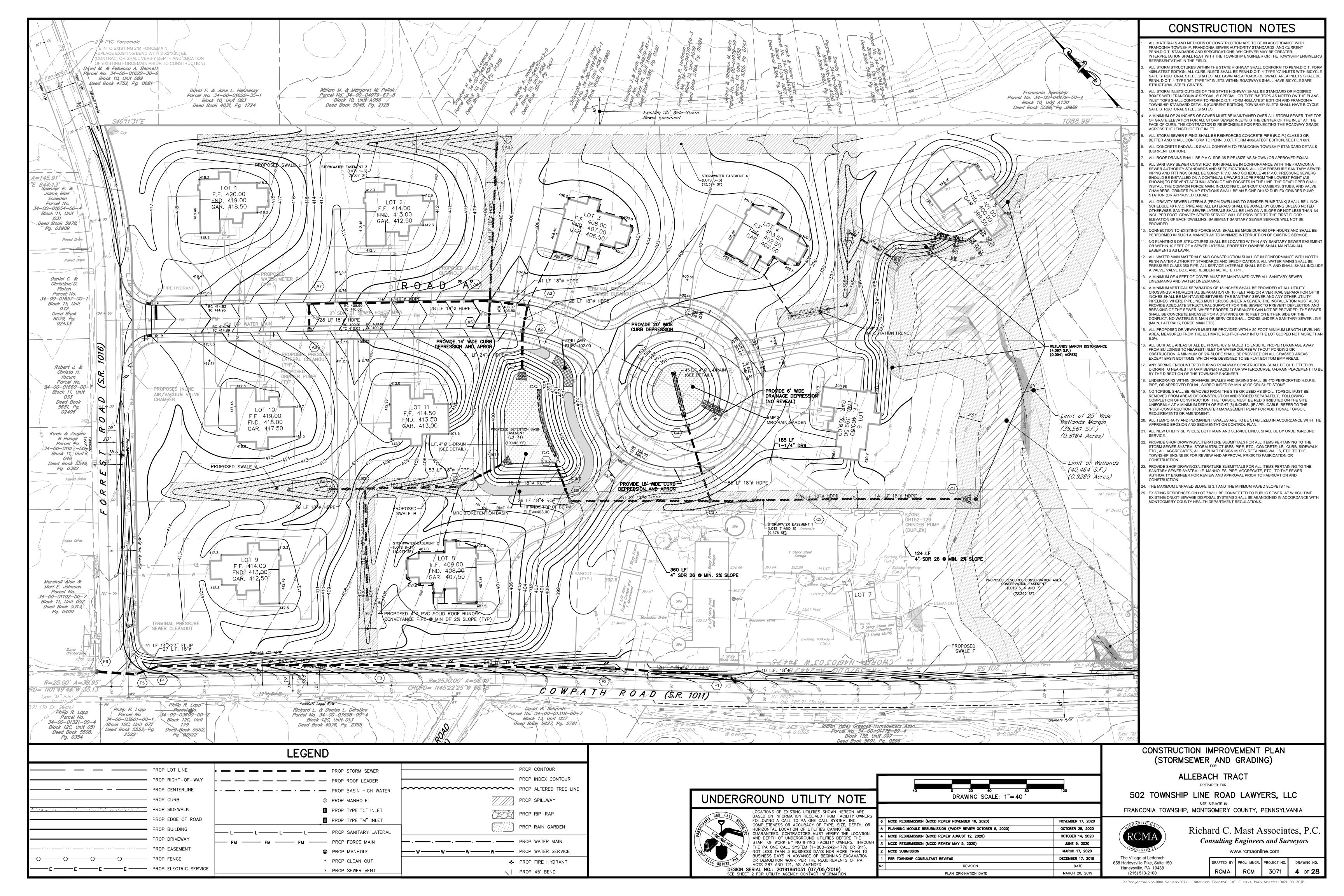
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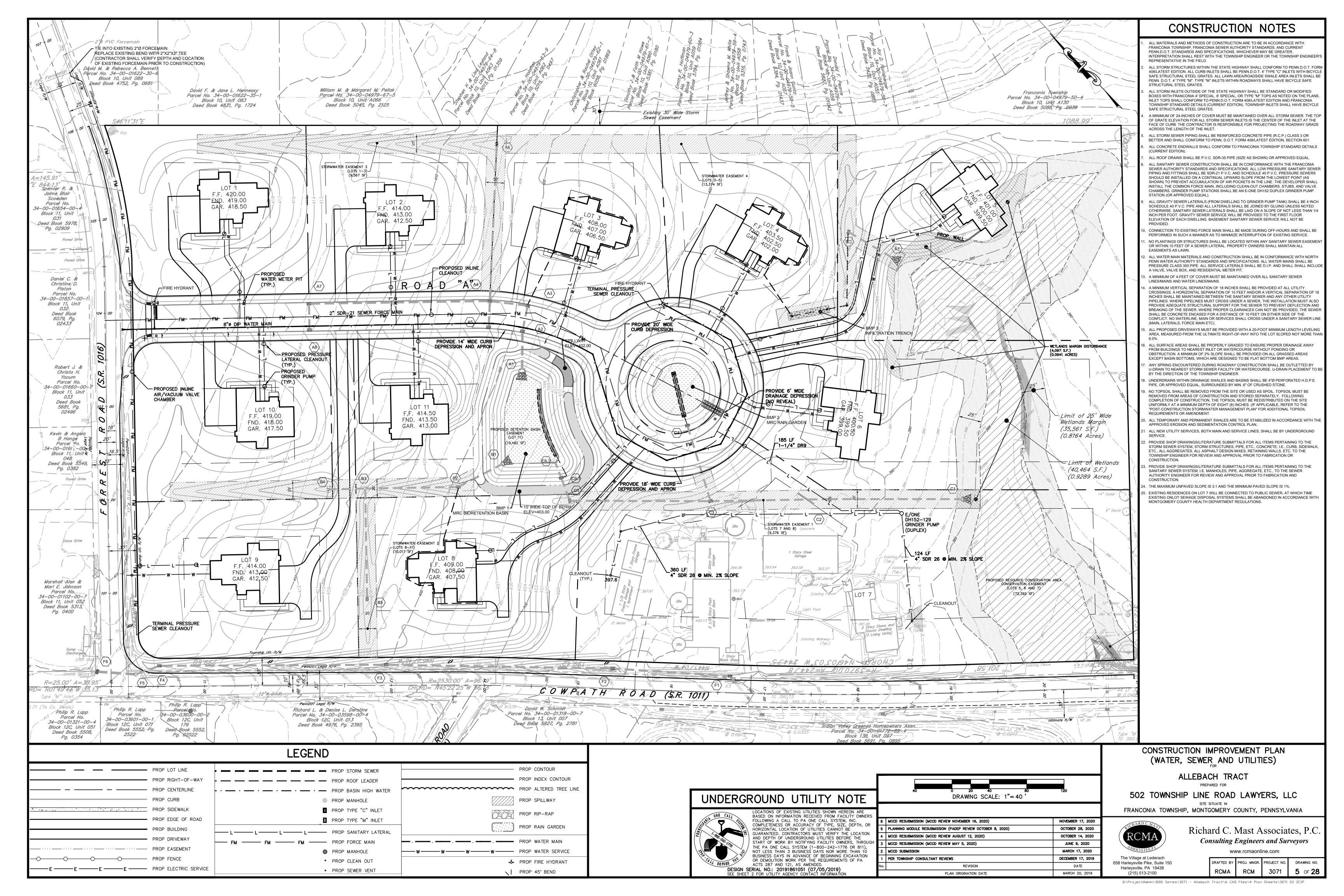
SITE SITUATE IN FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

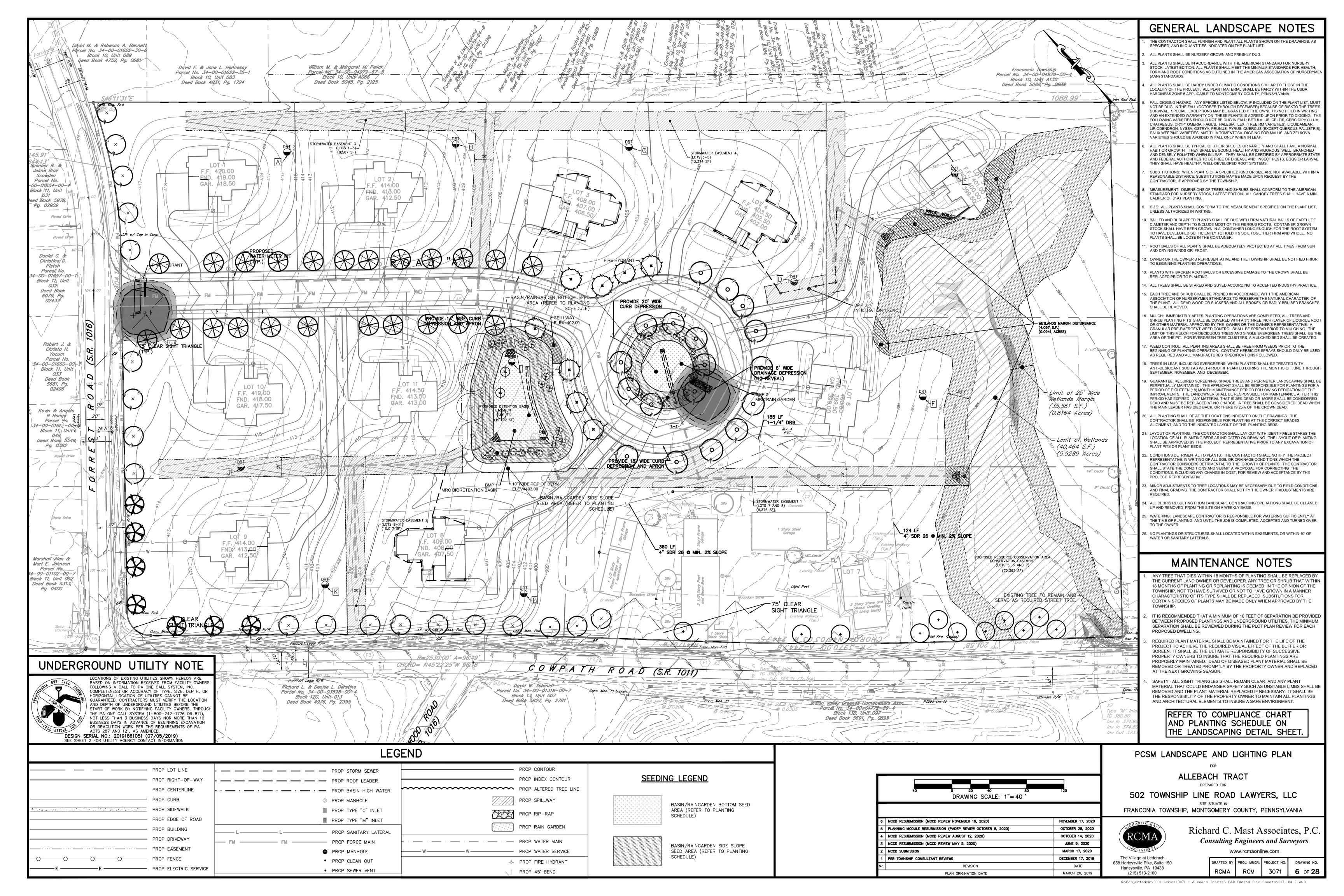


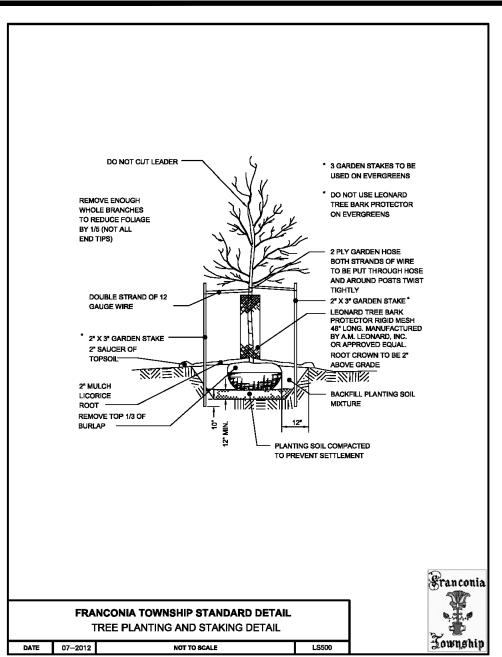
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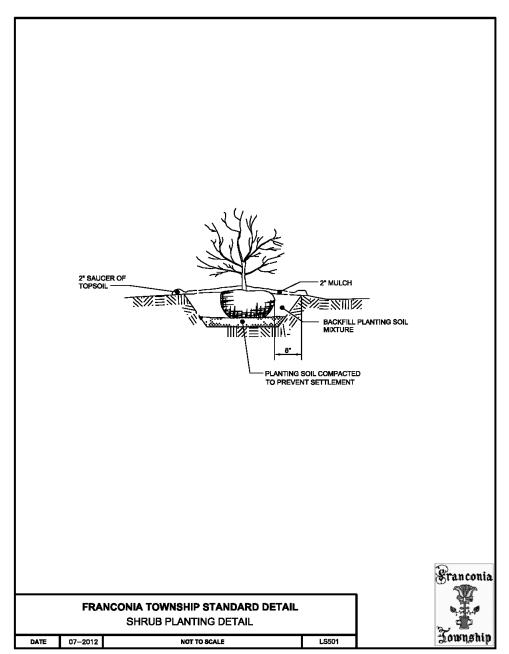
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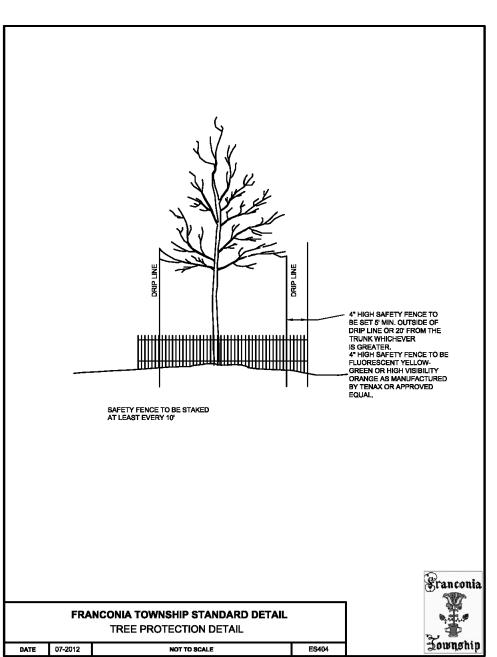












17									
CELTIS	SPECIES	HACKBERRY (NATIVE)	18	13'-15'	6'-8'	2 1/2"	YES	YES	HEAVY, MATCHED SPECIMEN, CLEAR TRUNK TO 7', SINGLE LEADER
DETENTION BASIN	I PLANTINGS (Type 6 Site Eleme	nt Screen)	(Total 45	Ornamenta	l and Shac	de Trees)			
ACER SA	ACCHARUM	SUGAR MAPLE	4	13'-15'	7'-9'	2 1/2"	YES	YES	HEAVY, MATCHED SPECIMEN, CLEAR TRUNK TO 5', SINGLE LEADER
BETULA	NIGRA "CULLY"	HERITAGE RIVER BIRCH	3	6'-7'	4'-5'	-	YES	YES	HEAVY, MATCHED SPECIMENS, MULTI- STEM, BRANCHING AT 3'
MAGNOL	LIA VIRGINIANA	SWEETBAYMAGNOLIA	18	6'-7'	4'-5'	-	YES	YES	HEAVY, MATCHED SPECIMENS, MULTI- STEM, BRANCHING AT 3'
AMELAN	ICHIER CANADENSIS	SHADBLOW SERVICEBERRY	20	6'-7'	4'-5'	-	YES	YES	HEAVY, MATCHED SPECIMENS, MULTI- STEM, BRANCHING AT 3'
BASIN SIDE SLOPE	E AND BOTTOM SEEDING								
NATIVE S	STEEP SLOPE MIX W/ ANNUAL ASS	ERNMX-181 SEED MIXTURE	N/A						
RAIN GA	RDEN SEED MIX	ERNMX-180 SEED MIXTURE	N/A						
RAIN GA	RDEN SEED MIX	TOWNSHIP COMF		CHAR1	<u> </u> 				
RAIN GA	RDEN SEED MIX Township Requirement	TOWNSHIP COMF				oposed Quan	tity and Wai	ver Requests	5
	Township Requirement Street trees are to be placed at ratio of frontage or fraction thereof.	TOWNSHIP COMF of at least one tree per 40 lineal feet	PLIANCE Required Quan	tities eet Trees 13 ft/40 = 26 T 1/40 = 14 Tree 163 ft/40 = 39	Profrees Constraints Formula Professional Professiona Professiona Professional Professiona Professiona Professiona Profess	oposed Quan of New Street Towpath Road = 29 orrest Road = 14 oposed Road = 3 tal proposed Stre	rees: 5 (Plus 1 Existin 39 Trees	g)	5
Item Street Trees SALDO Section 122-	Township Requirement Street trees are to be placed at ratio of frontage or fraction thereof.	TOWNSHIP COMF of at least one tree per 40 lineal feet et frontage is 3,383 LF. res a Type 6 Site Element Screen	Required Quan No. of Required St Cowpath Rd. = 1,0 Forrest Rd. = 565 f Proposed Rd. = 1,5	tities eet Trees 43 ft/40 = 26 T 6/40 = 14 Trees 663 ft/40 = 39 et Trees = 79	rees Co s Fo Trees Pro To 20 or 22 To	o. of New Street Towpath Road = 25 Prest Road = 14 Opposed Road = 3	rees: (Plus 1 Existings) Trees eet Trees = 78 (sin A SES Trees	g) Plus 1 Existing)	
Item Street Trees SALDO Section 122-69.C.(4) Buffers and Site Element Screens	Township Requirement Street trees are to be placed at ratio of frontage or fraction thereof. The total existing and proposed stree The proposed Detention Basin requirement	TOWNSHIP COMF of at least one tree per 40 lineal feet t frontage is 3,383 LF. res a Type 6 Site Element Screen he tree for every 20 feet.	PLIANCE Required Quan No. of Required St Cowpath Rd. = 1,0 Forrest Rd. = 565 f Proposed Rd. = 1,5 Total required Stre A-No. of Trees equ	eet Trees 43 ft/40 = 26 T 5/40 = 14 Trees 663 ft/40 = 39 et Trees = 79 als 436 L.F. / 2	rees Construction From Trees Production From Tourist Production From From From From From From From From	o. of New Street Towpath Road = 25 orrest Road = 14 oposed Road = 3 tal proposed Street tal proposed Basecludes 4 Shade T	rees: 6 (Plus 1 Existing 9 Trees eet Trees = 78 (sin A SES Trees rees)	g) Plus 1 Existing) s = 27	3
Item Street Trees SALDO Section 122-69.C.(4) Buffers and Site Element Screens SALDO Section 122-71.D.(6)(f)	Township Requirement Street trees are to be placed at ratio of frontage or fraction thereof. The total existing and proposed stree The proposed Detention Basin requir with ornamental trees at the rate of or	TOWNSHIP COMF of at least one tree per 40 lineal feet t frontage is 3,383 LF. res a Type 6 Site Element Screen he tree for every 20 feet. 436 L.F. s 314 L.F. more in caliper shall be replaced	Required Quan No. of Required St Cowpath Rd. = 1,0 Forrest Rd. = 565 f Proposed Rd. = 1,1 Total required Stre A-No. of Trees equations B-No. of Trees equations	eet Trees 43 ft/40 = 26 T 5/40 = 14 Trees 663 ft/40 = 39 et Trees = 79 als 436 L.F. / 2	Pr	o. of New Street Towpath Road = 25 orrest Road = 14 oposed Road = 3 tal proposed Street tal proposed Basecludes 4 Shade T	rees: 6 (Plus 1 Existings) 89 Trees eet Trees = 78 (sin A SES Trees rees) ngarden B SES t Trees = 8	g) Plus 1 Existing) s = 27 Trees = 18	

PLANTING SCHEDULE

Height

12'-14'

12'-14'

13'-15'

13'-15'

13'-15'

Spread

6'-8'

6'-8'

7'-9'

7'-9'

7'-9'

Quantity

11

23

19

Common Name

THORNLESS HONEYLOCUST

AMERICAN LINDEN (NATIVE)

SWAMP WHITE OAK (NATIVE

RED MAPLE (NATIVE)

RED OAK (NATVE)

Native or

General Comments

HEAVY, MATCHED SPECIMEN, CLEAR

TRUNK TO 7', SINGLE LEADER

TRUNK TO 5', SINGLE LEADER

B&B

(Total 87 New Street and Shade Trees proposed - 1 existing tree counted toward Street Tree Requirement

YES

YES

Caliper

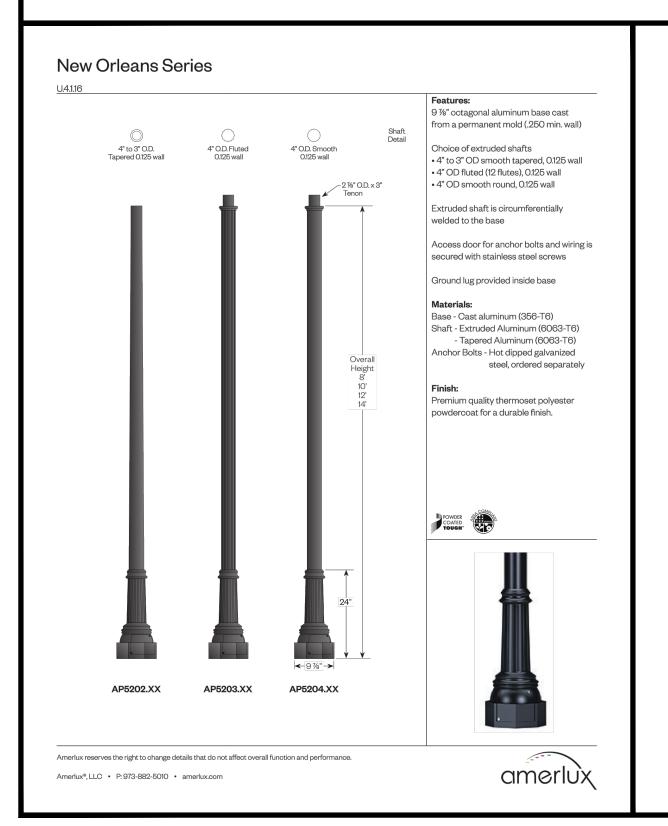
2 1/2"

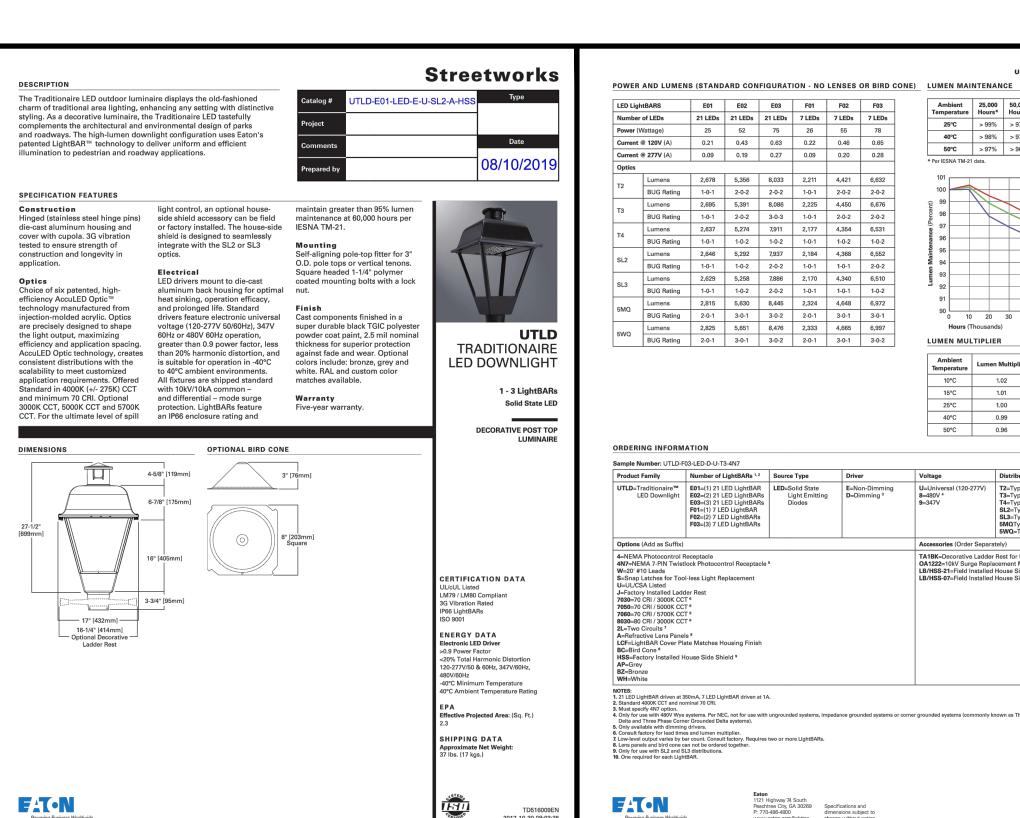
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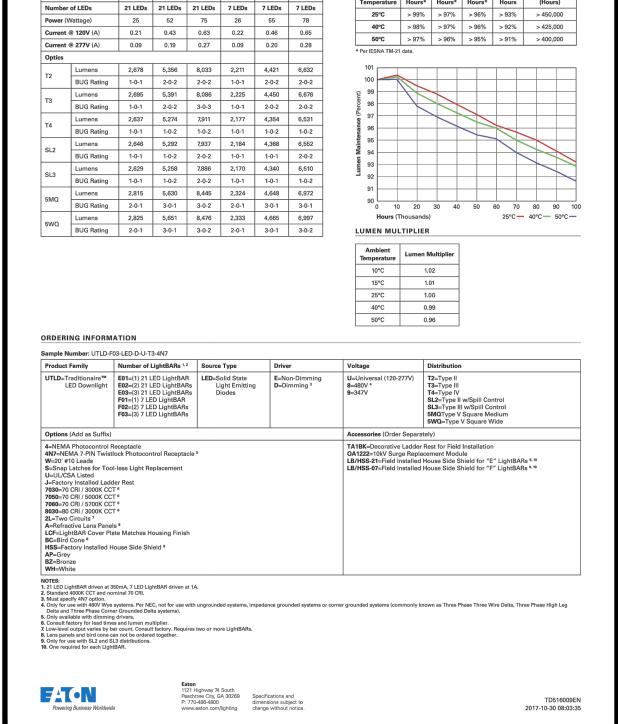
2 1/2"

2 1/2"

2 1/2"







Symbol

Botanical Name

GLEDITSIA TRIACANTHOS INERMIS

TILLIA AMERICANA

QUERCUS BICOLOR

ACER RUBRUM

QUERCUS RUBRA

STREET AND SHADE (REPLACEMENT) TREES (2 1/2" min. caliper)

_					
	100,000 Hours	Theoretical (Hours)		Label	Catalog Nun
	> 93%	> 450,00	0	Label	Catalog Null
	> 92%	> 425,00	0		
	> 91%	> 400,00	0		
				L-1	UTLD-E01-LE
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or	1				
"E	" LightBAF	Rs 9, 10			
1	LightBAH	15 ** "			
_					
W	/ire Delta, Th	ree Phase High L	_eg		

UTLD TRADITIONAIRE LED DOWNLIGHT

		L	JIGHTING SCHEDULE		
Label	Catalog Number	Description	Lamp	File	Lamp Lumens LLF Watts
		TRADITIONAIRE LED DOWNLIGHT LUMINAIRE (1)	(21) 4000K CCT 70 CRI LEDs ABSOLUTE		
		LIGHTBARS WITH AccuLED OPTICS - TYPE 5 SQUARE	PHOTOMETRY IS BASED ON CALIBRATION		
L-1	UTLD-E01-LED-E-U-5MQ	MEDIUM	FACTORS CREATED USING LAB LUMEN	UTLD-E01-LED-E-U-5MQ.ies	134.1322 1 24.7

6 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW NOVEMBER 16, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW AUGUST 12, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW MAY 5, 2020)

PER TOWNSHIP CONSULTANT REVIEWS

MCCD SUBMISSION

PLANNING MODULE RESUBMISSION (PADEP REVIEW OCTOBER 8, 2020)

REVISION

PLAN ORIGINATION DATE

PCSM LANDSCAPE AND LIGHTING DETAIL SHEET ALLEBACH TRACT PREPARED FOR 502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC SITE SITUATE IN FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

NOVEMBER 17, 2020

OCTOBER 28, 2020

OCTOBER 14, 2020

JUNE 9, 2020

MARCH 17, 2020

DECEMBER 17, 2019

DATE



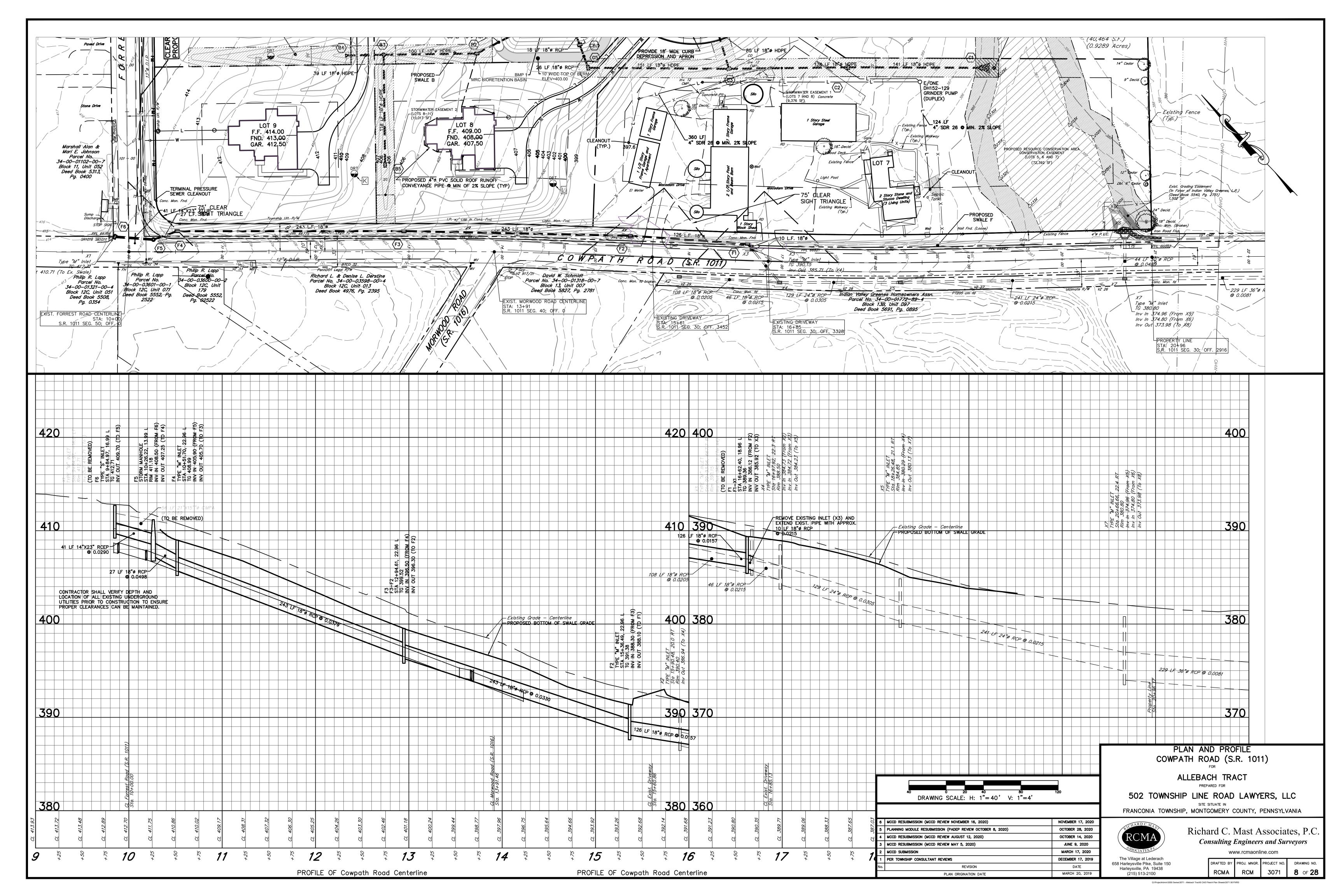
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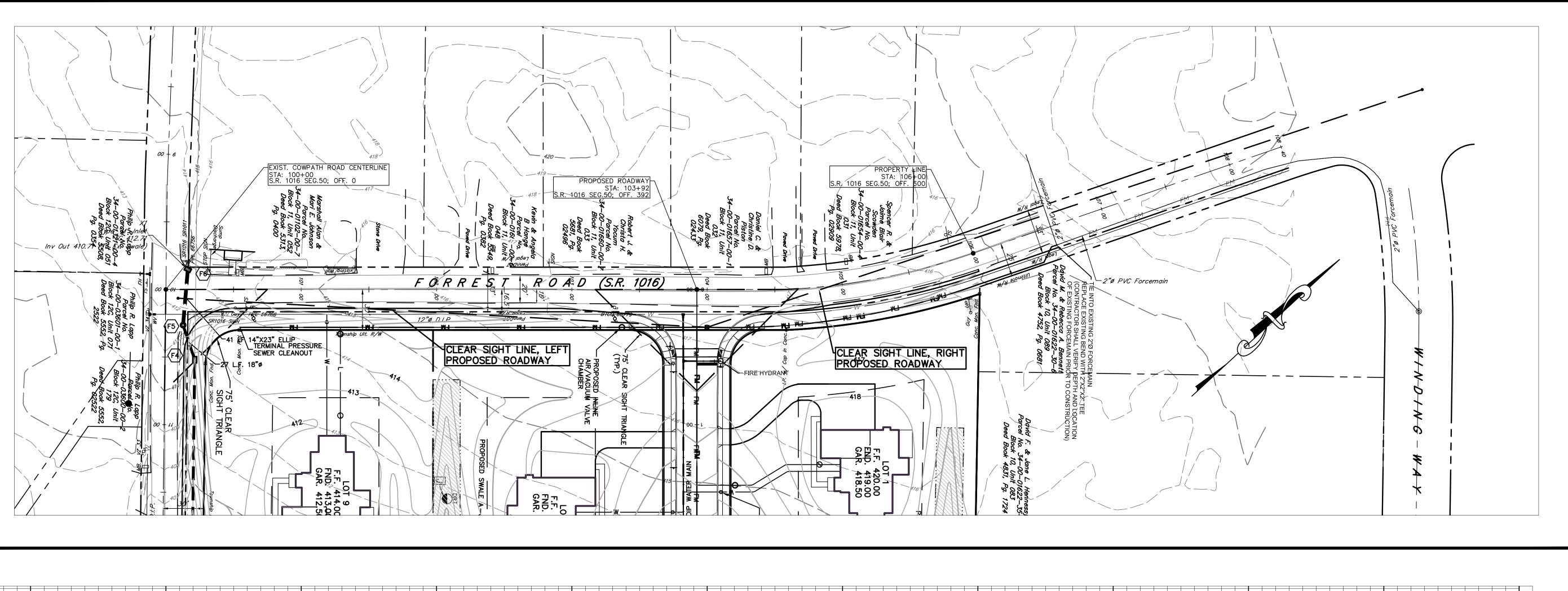
RCM

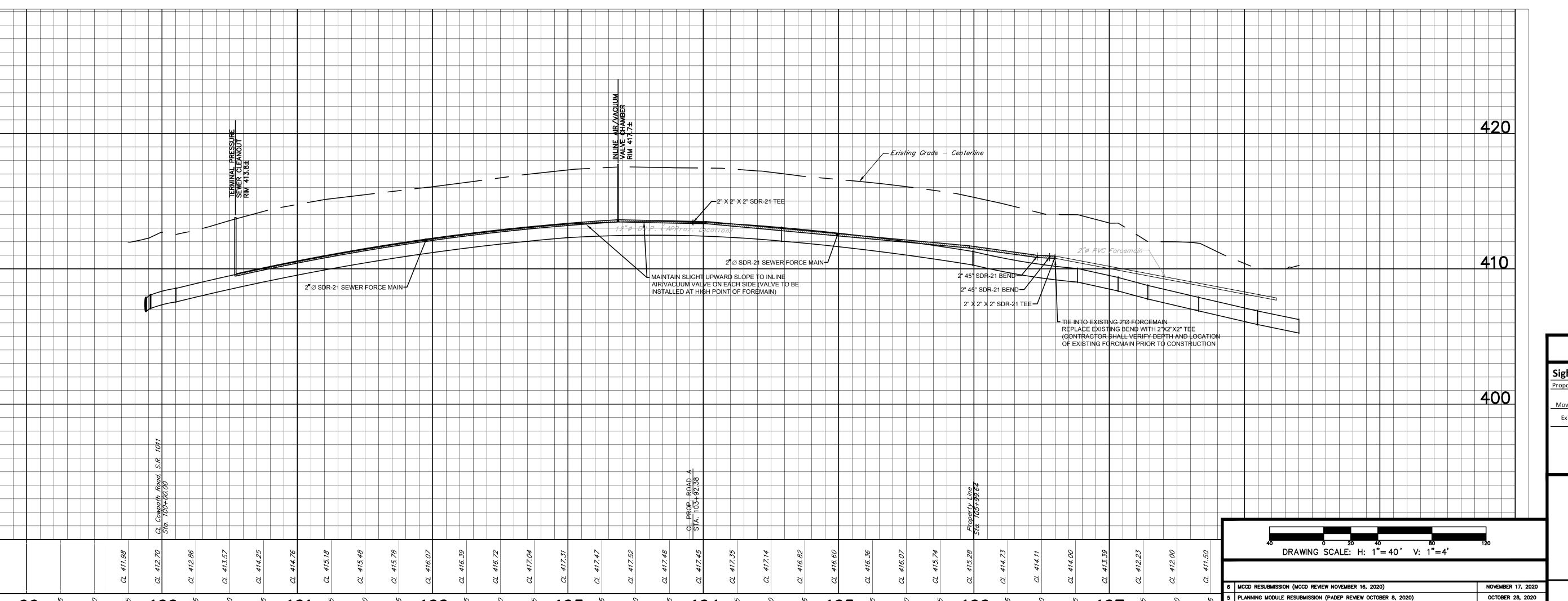
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3071

RCMA







PROFILE OF Forrest Road Centerline

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- ALL MATERIALS AND METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION ARE TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, FRANCONIA SEWER AUTHORITY STANDARDS, AND CURRENT PENN.D.O.T. STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS, WHICHEVER MAY BE GREATER. INTERPRETATION SHALL REST WITH THE TOWNSHIP ENGINEER OR THE TOWNSHIP ENGINEER REPRESENTATIVE IN THE FIELD.
- ALL STORM STRUCTURES WITHIN THE STATE HIGHWAY SHALL CONFORM TO PENN.D.O.T. FORM 408/LATEST EDITION. ALL CURB INLETS SHALL BE PENN.D.O.T. 4' TYPE "C" INLETS WITH BICYCL SAFE STRUCTURAL STEEL GRATES. ALL LAWN AREA/ROADSIDE SWALE AREA INLETS SHALL BE PENN. D.O.T. 4' TYPE "M". TYPE "M" INLETS WITHIN ROADWAYS SHALL HAVE BICYCLE SAFE STRUCTURAL STEEL GRATES.
- ALL STORM INLETS OUTSIDE OF THE STATE HIGHWAY SHALL BE STANDARD OR MODIFIED BOXES WITH FRANCONIA 4' SPECIAL. 6' SPECIAL. OR TYPE "M" TOPS AS NOTED ON THE PLAN: INLET TOPS SHALL CONFORM TO PENN.D.O.T. FORM 408/LATEST EDITION AND FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP STANDARD DETAILS (CURRENT EDITION). TOWNSHIP INLETS SHALL HAVE BICYCLE
- SAFE STRUCTURAL STEEL GRATES. A MINIMUM OF 24-INCHES OF COVER MUST BE MAINTAINED OVER ALL STORM SEWER. THE TOP OF GRATE ELEVATION FOR ALL STORM SEWER INLETS IS THE CENTER OF THE INLET AT THE FACE OF CURB. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROJECTING THE ROADWAY GRADE
- ACROSS THE LENGTH OF THE INLET. ALL STORM SEWER PIPING SHALL BE REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE (R.C.P.) CLASS 3 OR BETTER AND SHALL CONFORM TO PENN. D.O.T. FORM 408/LATEST EDITION, SECTION 601.
- ALL CONCRETE ENDWALLS SHALL CONFORM TO FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP STANDARD DETAILS ALL ROOF DRAINS SHALL BE P.V.C. SDR-35 PIPE (SIZE AS SHOWN) OR APPROVED EQUAL.
- ALL SANITARY SEWER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE FRANCONIA SEWER AUTHORITY STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. ALL LOW PRESSURE SANITARY SEWE PIPING AND FITTINGS SHALL BE SDR-21 P.V.C. AND SCHEDULE 40 P.V.C. PRESSURE SEWERS SHOULD BE INSTALLED ON A CONTINUAL UPWARD SLOPE FROM THE LOWEST POINT (AS SHOWN) TO PREVENT ACCUMULATION OF AIR POCKETS IN THE LINE. THE DEVELOPER SHALL INSTALL THE COMMON FORCE MAIN, INCLUDING CLEAN-OUT CHAMBERS, STUBS, AND VALVE CHAMBERS. GRINDER PUMP STATIONS SHALL BE AN E-ONE DH152 DUPLEX GRINDER PUMP STATION (OR APPROVED EQUAL).
- ALL GRAVITY SEWER LATERALS (FROM DWELLING TO GRINDER PUMP TANK) SHALL BE 4 INCH SCHEDULE 40 P.V.C. PIPE AND ALL LATERALS SHALL BE JOINED BY GLUING UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. SANITARY SEWER LATERALS SHALL BE LAID ON A SLOPE OF NOT LESS THAN 1/4 INCH PER FOOT. GRAVITY SEWER SERVICE WILL BE PROVIDED TO THE FIRST FLOOR ELEVATION OF EACH DWELLING. BASEMENT SANITARY SEWER SERVICE WILL NOT BE
- CONNECTION TO EXISTING FORCE MAIN SHALL BE MADE DURING OFF-HOURS AND SHALL BE PERFORMED IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO MINIMIZE INTERRUPTION OF EXISTING SERVICE.
- NO PLANTINGS OR STRUCTURES SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN ANY SANITARY SEWER EASEMENT OR WITHIN 10 FEET OF A SEWER LATERAL. PROPERTY OWNERS SHALL MAINTAIN ALL EASEMENTS AS LAWN.
- ALL WATER MAIN MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH NORTH PENN WATER AUTHORITY STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. ALL WATER MAINS SHALL BE PRESSURE CLASS 350 PIPE. ALL SERVICE LATERALS SHALL BE D.I.P. AND SHALL SHALL INCLUDE A VALVE, VALVE BOX, AND RESIDENTIAL METER PIT
- . A MINIMUM OF 4-FEET OF COVER MUST BE MAINTAINED OVER ALL SANITARY SEWER LINES/MAINS AND WATER LINES/MAINS.
- . A MINIMUM VERTICAL SEPARATION OF 18 INCHES SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL UTILITY CROSSINGS. A HORIZONTAL SEPARATION OF 10 FEET AND/OR A VERTICAL SEPARATION OF 1 INCHES SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN THE SANITARY SEWER AND ANY OTHER UTILITY PIPELINES. WHERE PIPELINES MUST CROSS UNDER A SEWER, THE INSTALLATION MUST ALSO PROVIDE ADEQUATE STRUCTURAL SUPPORT FOR THE SEWER TO PREVENT DEFLECTION AND BREAKING OF THE SEWER. WHERE PROPER CLEARANCES CAN NOT BE PROVIDED, THE SEWER SHALL BE CONCRETE ENCASED FOR A DISTANCE OF 10 FEET ON EITHER SIDE OF THE CONFLICT. NO WATERLINE, MAIN OR SERVICES SHALL CROSS UNDER A SANITARY SEWER LINE (MAIN, LATERALS, FORCE MAIN ETC).
- ALL PROPOSED DRIVEWAYS MUST BE PROVIDED WITH A 20-FOOT MINIMUM LENGTH LEVELING AREA, MEASURED FROM THE ULTIMATE RIGHT-OF-WAY INTO THE LOT SLOPED NOT MORE THA
- . ALL SURFACE AREAS SHALL BE PROPERLY GRADED TO ENSURE PROPER DRAINAGE AWAY FROM BUILDINGS TO NEAREST INLET OR WATERCOURSE WITHOUT PONDING OR OBSTRUCTION. A MINIMUM OF 2% SLOPE SHALL BE PROVIDED ON ALL GRASSED AREAS
- EXCEPT BASIN BOTTOMS, WHICH ARE DESIGNED TO BE FLAT BOTTOM BMP AREAS. ANY SPRING ENCOUNTERED DURING ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE OUTLETTED BY U-DRAIN TO NEAREST STORM SEWER FACILITY OR WATERCOURSE. U-DRAIN PLACEMENT TO BE
- BY THE DIRECTION OF THE TOWNSHIP ENGINEER. UNDERDRAINS WITHIN DRAINAGE SWALES AND BASINS SHALL BE 4"Ø PERFORATED H.D.P.E.
- PIPE, OR APPROVED EQUAL, SURROUNDED BY MIN. 6" OF CRUSHED STONE. NO TOPSOIL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE OR USED AS SPOIL TOPSOIL MUST BE REMOVED FROM AREAS OF CONSTRUCTION AND STORED SEPARATELY, FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION, THE TOPSOIL MUST BE REDISTRIBUTED ON THE SITE UNIFORMLY AT A MINIMUM DEPTH OF EIGHT (8) INCHES. (IF APPLICABLE, REFER TO THE "POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN" FOR ADDITIONAL TOPSOIL REQUIREMENTS OR AMENDMENT
- ALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SWALES ARE TO BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN..
- ALL NEW UTILITY SERVICES, BOTH MAIN AND SERVICE LINES, SHALL BE BY UNDERGROUND PROVIDE SHOP DRAWINGS/LITERATURE SUBMITTALS FOR ALL ITEMS PERTAINING TO THE
- STORM SEWER SYSTEM, STORM STRUCTURES, PIPE, ETC., CONCRETE; I.E., CURB, SIDEWALK ETC., ALL AGGREGATES, ALL ASPHALT DESIGN MIXES, RETAINING WALLS, ETC. TO THE TOWNSHIP ENGINEER FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL PRIOR TO FABRICATION OR CONSTRUCTION.
- SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM: I.E. MANHOLES, PIPE, AGGREGATE, ETC., TO THE SEWER AUTHORITY ENGINEER FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL PRIOR TO FABRICATION AND CONSTRUCTION.
- THE MAXIMUM UNPAVED SLOPE IS 3:1 AND THE MINIMUM PAVED SLOPE IS 1%. 5. EXISTING RESIDENCES ON LOT 7 WILL BE CONNECTED TO PUBLIC SEWER, AT WHICH TIME EXISTING ONLOT SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS SHALL BE ABANDONED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MONTGOMERY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT REGULATIONS.

UNDERGROUND UTILITY NOTE



LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM FACILITY OWNERS FOLLOWING A CALL TO PA ONE CALL SYSTEM, INC.
COMPLETENESS OR ACCURACY OF TYPE, SIZE, DEPTH, OR HORIZONTAL LOCATION OF UTILITIES CANNOT BE GUARANTEED. CONTRACTORS MUST VERIFY THE LOCATION AND DEPTH OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES BEFORE THE START OF WORK BY NOTIFYING FACILITY OWNERS, THROUG THE PA ONE CALL SYSTEM (1-800-242-1776 OR 811), NOT LESS THAN 3 BUSINESS DAYS NOR MORE THAN 10 BUSINESS DAYS IN ADVANCE OF BEGINNING EXCAVATION OR DEMOLITION WORK PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF PA ACTS 287 AND 121, AS AMENDED. DESIGN SERIAL NO.: 20191861051 (07/05/2019) SEE SHEET 2 FOR UTILITY AGENCY CONTACT INFORMATIO

SIGHT DISTANCE SUMMARY

Sight Distance Summary - FORREST ROAD

Proposed Low Volume Driveway (Local Road)

Grade Min. Allowable² Desirable³ Available⁶
 Exiting
 To the Left
 35 mph
 1.0%
 260
 440
 391

 To the Right
 35 mph
 1.5%
 258
 350
 551+

1. Assumed Speed Limit (There is No Posted Speed Limit).

- 2. PENNDOT Minimum Acceptable Sight Distance (1.47*V*2.5+V²/30(0.3+g/100))
- 3. Based on PENNDOT minimum acceptable sight distance values per PA Code, Title 67, Chapter 441.8.(h)(1), Table 1 Safe Sight Distance 4. Existing (measured) sight distance

PLAN AND PROFILE FORREST ROAD (S.R. 1016)

> ALLEBACH TRACT PREPARED FOR

502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC

SITE SITUATE IN FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA



Harleysville, PA 19438

(215) 513-2100

OCTOBER 14, 2020

JUNE 9, 2020

MARCH 17, 2020

DECEMBER 17, 2019

DATE

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW AUGUST 12, 2020)

PLAN ORIGINATION DATE

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW MAY 5, 2020)

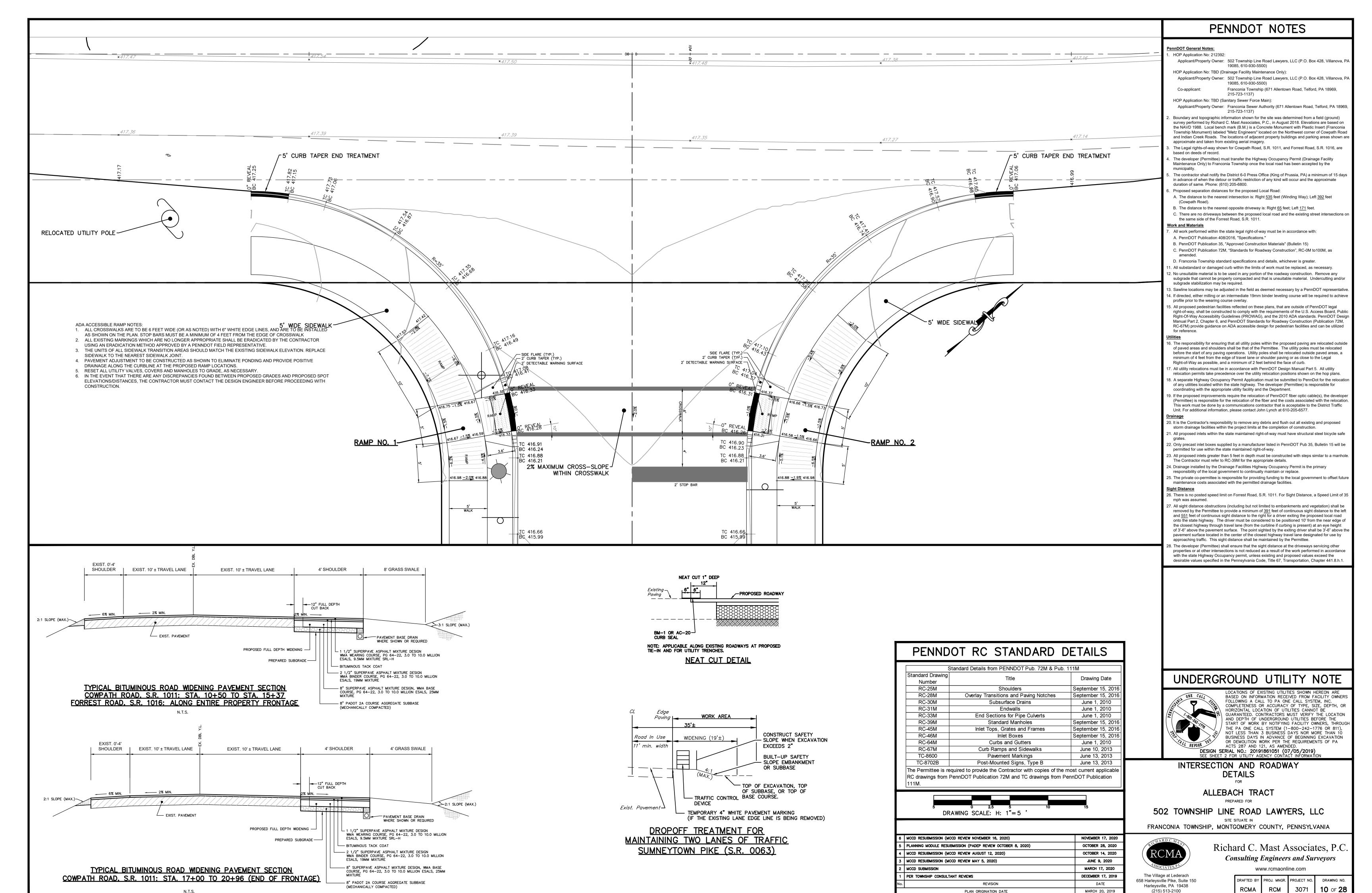
PER TOWNSHIP CONSULTANT REVIEWS

MCCD SUBMISSION

Richard C. Mast Associates, P.C Consulting Engineers and Surveyors

www.rcmaonline.com

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PATA 102 (Old PATA 7) Work Space On Or Beyond The Shoulder (Minor Roadway Encroachment)

PATA 102 (Old PATA 7) - Notes

1. If the work space is completely within a parking lane and parking is present, the taper or shadow vehicle is

2. For operations of 15 minutes or less: a. The Road Work (W20-1) sign is not required.

b. All channelizing devices may be eliminated if a shadow vehicle is present.

3. For divided highways and one-way highways where it is physically possible, advance warning signs should 4. When a shadow vehicle is not used, distance E is measured from end of taper to beginning of work space.



Taper Length Formulas

S L

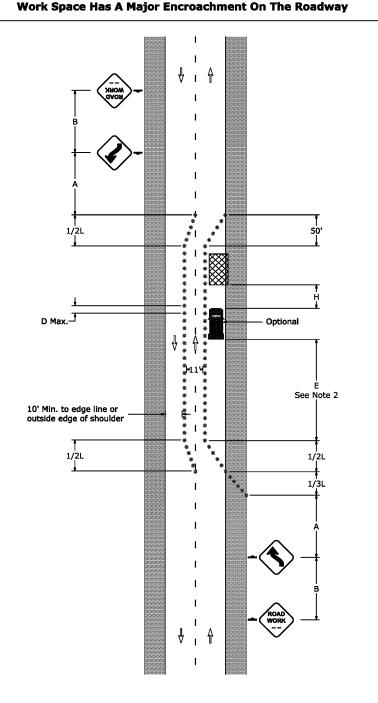
40 MPH or less $L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$

45 MPH or more L = WS S = Regulatory Speed Limit W = Width of Offset

When multiple distance plaques are used on advance warning signs, they shall all be of the same series type. Example: either all "AHEAD" or XXX FEET.

Distance and Spacing Quick Reference Chart

PATA 103 (Old PATA 8)



PATA 103 (Old PATA 08) - Notes

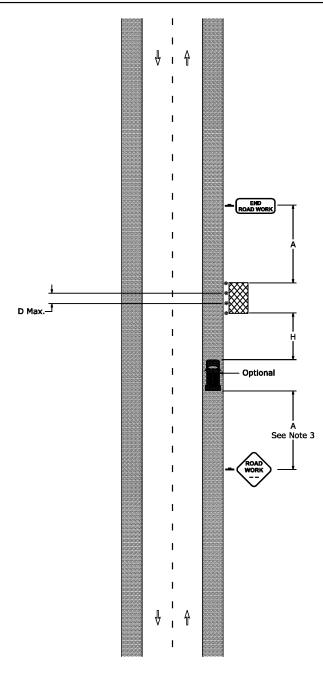
1. Right Reverse Curve (W1-4R) sign shall only be used when lane shifts onto shoulder. 2. When a shadow vehicle is not used, distance E is measured from end of taper to beginning of work space. 3. Refer to PATA 008 for reverse curve/turn signing.



Distance and Spacing Quick Reference Char

		Dist	ance			***		4 (7)		Min. C	hannel	Izing C	evices		-	
Condition	Α	В	С	F	Speed	W	١.	1/2L	1/3L	Per T	aper Ty	/pe (Le	ingth)	D	E	Н
	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet	MPH	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet	L	1/2L	1/3L	50'	Feet	Feet	Feet
Urban						10	105	55	35							
35 MPH or less	100	100	100	100	25	11	115	60	40	6	6	6	6	50	155	150
33 MFH OI IESS						12	125	65	45							
Urban						10	150	75	50	- 6						
Greater than 35 MPH	350	350	350	350	30	11	165	85	55	7	6	6	6	60	200	150
areater than 33 mm						12	180	90	60	7						
						10	205	105	70	7						
Rural	500	500	500	500	35	11	225	115	75	8	6	6	6	70	250	150
						12	245	125	85	8	1					ı
When multiple distance	e plac	ues a	re use	d		10	270	135	90	8						
n advance warning s					40	11	295	150	100	9	6	- 6	6	80	305	150
of the same series type						12	320	160	110	9						
xample: either all "A	HEAD'	" ог Х	XX FEE	т.		10	450	225	150	11	6					
					45	11	495	250	165	12	7	6	6	90	360	150
		_				12	540	270	180	13	7	1				
Taper Length For	muia	5				10	500	250	170	11	- 6					
S	L				50	11	550	275	185	12	7	6	6	100	425	250
3						12	600	300	200	13	7					
40 MPH or less	_ = W					10	550	275	185	11	6					
	6	U			55	11	605	305	205	12	7	6	6	110	495	250
45 MPH or more	L = W	,c				12	660	330	220	13	7	1				
.5	**				Note: 0	Channe	lizina	devices	used	in tape	er shall	be eau	ially sp	aced a	t 1/2 D	Max.
S = Regulatory Speed	Limit										-: =/ !=!!		, -F			
N = Width of Offset																

PATA 201 (Old PATA 24) **Work Space Beyond Shoulder**



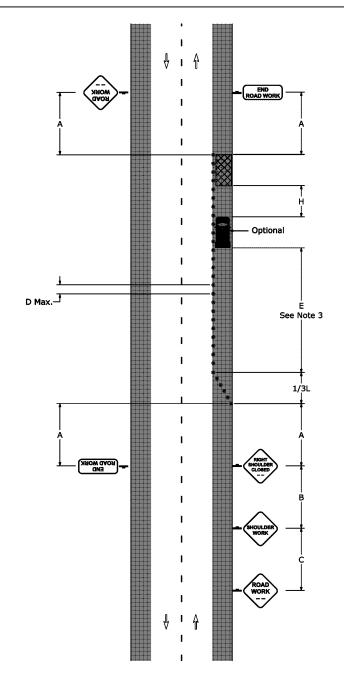
PATA 201 (Old PATA 24) - Notes

1. Traffic control devices are not required if the work space is outside the highway right-of-way, behind barrier, more than 2'-0" behind curb, or 15' or more from the edge of the roadway. 2. For divided highways and one-way highways where it is physically possible, advance warning signs should 3. When a shadow vehicle is not used, distance A is measured from sign to beginning of work space.



Sign Spa	icing (Dist	ance a	nd Sp		Quick				ı	1
Condition	A	B	ance C	F	Speed	W	L	1/2L	1/3L		Channel Caper Th			D	E	Н
	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet	MPH	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet	L	1/2L	1/3L	50'	Feet	Feet	Fee
Jrban						10	105	55	35							
	100	100	100	100	25	11	115	60	40	6	6	6	6	50	155	15
35 MPH or less						12	125	65	45	1						
Urban						10	150	75	50	6						
orban Greater than 35 MPH	350	350	350	350	30	11	165	85	55	7	6	6	6	60	200	15
Greater than 30 MM						12	180	90	60	7	1					
						10	205	105	70	7						
Rural	500	500	500	500	35	11	225	115	75	8	6	6	6	70	250	15
						12	245	125	85	8	1					
Vhen multiple distand	e plac	iues a	re use	<u>.d</u>		10	270	135	90	- 8						
n advance warning s					40	11	295	150	100	9	6	6	6	80	305	15
f the same series typ		•				12	320	160	110	9	7					
xample: either all "A		or X	XX FEE	ΞТ.		10	450	225	150	11	6					
					45	11	495	250	165	12	7	6	6	90	360	15
T		_				12	540	270	180	13	7	1				
Taper Length For	mula	5				10	500	250	170	11	6					
S					50	11	550	275	185	12	7	6	6	100	425	25
-	<u> </u>	-2				12	600	300	200	13	7					
40 MPH or less	$L = \frac{W_3}{6}$	<u>></u>				10	550	275	185	11	6					T
	- 6				55	11	605	305	205	12	7	6	6	110	495	25
45 MPH or more	L = W	.				12	660	330	220	13	7	1				1

PATA 202 (Old PATA 25) **Work Space On Shoulder**



PATA 202 (Old PATA 25) - Notes

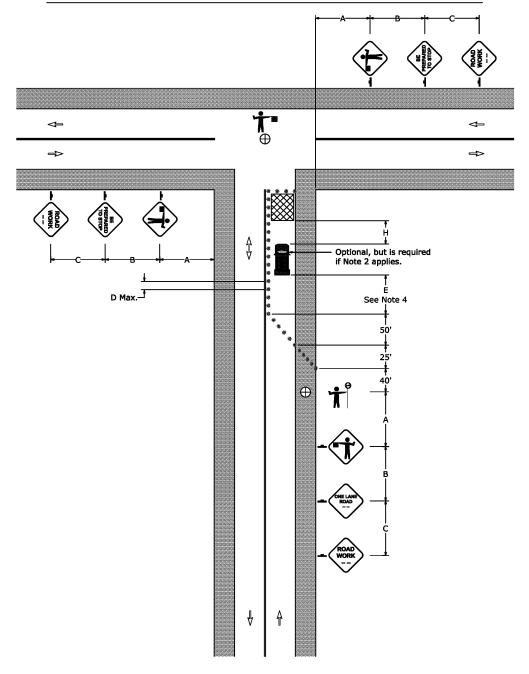
1. Traffic control devices are not required if the work space is outside the highway right-of-way, behind barrier, more than 2'-0" behind curb, or 15' or more from the edge of the roadway. 2. For divided highways and one-way highways where it is physically possible, advance warning signs should also be placed on the left-hand side of the roadway. 3. When a shadow vehicle is not used, distance E is measured from end of taper to beginning of work space.



Condition	1	Dist	ance	l e	Speed	W		1/2L	1/3L		hannel aper Th			D	ΙĒ	I
Condition	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet	МРН	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet		1/2L	1/3L	50'	Feet	Feet	Ħ
rban						10	105	55	35							Т
5 MPH or less	100	100	100	100	25	11	115	60	40	6	6	6	6	50	155	ı
J MFH OF ICSS						12	125	65	45							L
rban		 				10	150	75	50	⊞6						H
reater than 35 MP	, 350	350	350	350	30	11	165	85	55	7	6	16		□60□	200	Ш
1000	*					12	180	90	60	7						
						10	205	105	70	7	_	l				ı
ural	500	500	500	500	35	11	225	115	75	8	6	6	6	70	250	ı
						12	245	125	85	8						L
hen multiple distar	ice plac	ques a	re use	d		10	270	135	90	8						Ш
advance warning	signs, 1	they s	hall al	l be	∷40 ⊥	11	295	150	100	9	116	16	16	80	305	t
the same series ty	rpe.					12	320	160	110	9						I
ample: either all "	AHEAD	" or X	XX FEE	т.		10	450	225	150	11	6	1				ı
					45	11	495	250	165	12	7	6	6	90	360	ı
Taper Length Fo	rmula					12	540	270	180	13	7					T
raper Lengui I	,, ,,,uia	-				10	500	250	170	11	6					
	L				□50 □	111	550	275	185	12	7	6	6	100	425	Ħ
	$L = \frac{W^2}{6}$	c2				112	600	300	200	1113	7					П
40 MPH or less	L = **	~				10	550	275	185	11	6				l	ı
		-			55	11	605	305	205	12	7	6	6	110	495	ı
						12	660	330	220	13	17		l	1	ı	

Three-Leg Intersection Flagging

PATA 109 (New PATA)



PATA 109 (New PATA) - Notes

Each flagger shall be clearly visible to traffic for a minimum distance of E and shall be in constant communication with all other flaggers.

2. For operations of 15 minutes or less: a. The Road Work (W20-1), One Lane Road (W20-4), Be Prepared To Stop (W3-4), and Flagger Symbol (W20-7) signs are not required

b. All channelizing devices may be eliminated if a shadow vehicle is present. 3. The buffer space shall be extended so that the two-way traffic taper is placed before a horizontal (or crest vertical) curve to provide adequate sight distance for the flagger and a queue of stopped vehicles.

4. When a shadow vehicle is not used, distance E is measured from end of taper to beginning of work space.



MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW NOVEMBER 16, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW AUGUST 12, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW MAY 5, 2020)

PER TOWNSHIP CONSULTANT REVIEWS

MCCD SUBMISSION

PLANNING MODULE RESUBMISSION (PADEP REVIEW OCTOBER 8, 2020)

PLAN ORIGINATION DATE

Sign Spa	cing						Dist	ance a	nd Sp				ence C			
Condition	Α	Dist B	ence C	F	Speed	w	L	1/2L	1/3L			lizing C ype (Le	levices ingth)	D	E	н
	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet	мрн	Feet	Feet	Feet	Feet	L	1/2L	1/3L	50'	Feet	Feet	Fee
Jrban						10	105	55	35							
35 MPH or less	100	100	100	100	25	11	115	60	40	6	6	6	6	50	155	150
35 MFH OF IESS						12	125	65	45							
Urban						10	150	75	50	- 6						
Greater than 35 MPH	350	350	350	350	30	11	165	85	55	7	6	- 6	6	60	200	150
Sicotti Gian 33 in ii						12	180	90	60	7						
						10	205	105	70	7	1					1
Rural	500	500	500	500	35	11	225	115	75	8	6	6	6	70	250	150
						12	245	125	85	8	<u> </u>					<u> </u>
When multiple distance	e plac	ques a	re use	d		10	270	135	90	8						
on advance warning si	igns, 1	they s	hall al	l be	40	11	295	150	100	9	6	6	6	80	305	150
f the same series typ						12	320	160	110	9						
xample: either all "A	HEAD	or X	XX FEE	т.		10	450	225	150	11	6]				
					45	11	495	250	165	12	7	6	6	90	360	150
Taper Length For	mula	•				12	540	270	180	13	7					
ruper Length For	,,,,,,,	-				10	500	250	170	11	6					1
S	L.				50	11	550	275	185	12	7	6	6	100	425	250
	w	C 2				12	600	300	200	1.3	7					
40 MPH or less	$=\frac{W}{6}$	~				10	550	275	185	11	6	_				
	<u> </u>	~			55	11	605	305	205	12	7	6	6	110	495	250
45 MPH or more	L = W	s				12	660	330	220	13	7					
S = Regulatory Speed W = Width of Offset L = Length	Limit				Note: (Channe	elizing	aevices	s used	in tape	er shall	be equ	ally sp	aced a	it ½ D	мах.

PennDOT Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Notes:

- 1. This work consists of the maintenance of traffic and the protection of the traveling public approaching the construction area and within the limits of construction.
- drawings and, ----- The special provisions of the contract.

2. Furnish, erect, place and maintain traffic control signs and devices and maintain traffic during

hours of construction and at all other times in accordance with the methods indicated on these

- ----- PennDOT Publication 213, "Work Zone Traffic Control Guidelines."
- ----- PennDOT Publication 35, "Approved Construction Materials" (Bulletin 15).
- Standards" (TC-8600).
- ----- PennDOT Publication 408/2016, "Specifications."
- 3. Immediately upon completion of the work, remove the devices. 4. Notify the District 6-0 Regional Traffic Management Center (RTMC) 610-205-6934 fifteen (15) minutes in advance of any proposed lane or shoulder restrictions. For a road closure or any operation impeding the flow of traffic, notify the RTMC when the road is restored to normal
- 5. The contractor shall notify the District 6-0 Press Office (King of Prussia, PA) a minimum of 15 days in advance of when the detour or traffic restriction of any kind will occur and the approximate duration of same. Phone: (610) 205-6800.
- 6. Upon permitting of the Highway Occupancy Permit (HOP) and prior to construction, the developer (Permittee) must provide a full size set of approved HOP plans with the stamped permit number to the Montgomery County Office of the Permits Unit (ATTN: Koshy (Bobby)
- 7. All workers shall follow regulations set forth in Title 23 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 634 effective November 24, 2008 in regards to the worker's safety apparel.
- 8. The engineer will inspect all traffic control devices prior to the start of work. 9. No traffic restrictions or lane closures are permitted on legal holidays and/or between the hours of 6:00 am to 9:00 am and 3:00 pm to 6:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
- 10. Properly barricade and secure the work area during non-working hours to provide full width use for through traffic lanes under short term operations. 11. This Traffic Control Plan does not relieve the contractor of his responsibility as specified in
- 12. All signs to be reflectorized or illuminated during hours of darkness.

Section 901.3(a) of Publication 408.

13. Modify existing traffic control devices as required for the duration of the work. 14. Maintain access to all adjacent properties and exisitng driveways at all times.

16. During hours of darkness all channelizing devices must have either 350 in. of reflectorized

material or Type C light. Type C light shall be placed on each device in transition areas.

15. Notify all governmental, police, fire and emergency services within the immediate area. Notice must be given at least 48 hours prior to start of work.

- ----- Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), 2009 edition. ----- PA Code, Title 67, Chapter 212, "Official Traffic Control Devices."
- discretion of a PennDOT field representative. See detail. 20. Do not stop traffic flow within the work area for more than a 5-minute period at any one time. ----- PennDOT Publication 111M, "Traffic Control Pavement Marking and Signing
- Roadway Sequence of Construction Notes: 1. Coordinate all roadway improvement work with the implementation of E&S BMP's per the approved E&S plan. The Contractor must notify the District 6-0 Press Office about the proposed project 2 weeks

17. Drop-offs immediately adjacent to the through traffic lanes are not permitted. Pave or place

18. Maintenance and protection of traffic during construction shall be in accordance with

"Official Traffic Control Devices" dated February 4, 2006 or most current.

applicable Figures PATA 102, 103, 107, 201, and 202 in PennDOT Publication 213

19. MPT Figures PATA 102, 103, and 104 may only be utilized if there is adequate pavement

temporary backfill (4:1 max slope) at the completion of each work day to eliminate drop-offs.

"Temporary Traffic Control Guidelines", June 6, 2014 and Title 67 PA Code, Chapter 212

width and/or site frontage available to maintain the minimum travel widths (11') and at the

L = Length

3. Install work zone traffic control signs and devices according to Pub 213 Figure PATA 201 and/or PATA 202, as appropriate for work to be performed, prior to performing any roadway 4. Install work zone traffic control signs and devices according to Pub 213 Figures PATA 102,

prior to the start of work. The Press Office phone number is (610-205-6800).

- PATA 103, PATA 107, or PATA 109, as appropriate for work to be performed, prior to beginning any roadway work that will occupy a location for up to 24 hours. 5. FOR WORK ALONG FORREST ROAD, S.R. 1016:
- local roadway (using Figures PATA 102, PATA 103, PATA 107, and/or PATA 202, as appropriate). Install Drop-off Treatment according to detail. Work performed in and around the Forrest Road (S.R. 1016) intersection with Cowpath Road (S.R. 1011) to be performed using Figure PATA 109.
- 5.2. Relocate existing underground utilities as required to avoid conflicts with proposed storm 6.2. sewers and other utilties, relocate permanent traffic signs, and relocate utility poles. Install sanitary force main.
- 5.3. Finish grade along curblines, install and construct proposed roadway entrance curbing. Place temporarily blockade devices at proposed road extension to prevent access/use of new driveway entrance prior to completion of all proposed intersection improvements and NOTE: Contractor is responsible to construct curblines and curb ramps in compliance
- with PennDOT/ADA accessibility regulations. Refer to curb ramp design details, forms 5.6 CS-4401, and other applicable guidance, as necessary. 5.4. Excavate and remove existing storm piping and structures labeled to be removed. Backfill 5.7. Final grade and stabilize all remaining right-of-way areas. and properly compact trenches. Maintain drop off protection (refer to detail) and restore
- 5.5. Once all excavation and utility work within areas of widening are completed (to the

- greatest extent possible), finish grade and install stone base course in areas of widening. 5.6. Install paving base course and paving binder course in all areas of widening, including
- proposed roadway entrances to ends of internal curb radii. Complete all proposed Forrest Road intersection improvements and installation of traffic control devices. Remove proposed road extension barricades.
- 5.7. Final grade and stabilize all remaining right-of-way areas. 5.8. After all roadway work within Work Area is complete, remove all work zone traffic control signs and devices and restore permanent traffic patterns. 6. FOR WORK ALONG COWPATH ROAD, S.R. 1011:
- 5.1. Rough grade to subgrade elevations, areas of proposed roadway widening and proposed 6.1. Rough grade to subgrade elevations, areas of proposed roadway widening and proposed local roadway (using Figures PATA 102, PATA 103, PATA 107, and/or PATA 202, as appropriate). Install Drop-off Treatment according to detail. Work performed in and around the Forrest Road (S.R. 1016) intersection with Cowpath Road (S.R. 1011) to be performed using Figure PATA 109.
 - Relocate existing underground utilities as required to avoid conflicts with proposed storm sewers and other utilties, relocate permanent traffic signs, and relocate utility poles. Excavate and remove existing storm piping and structures labeled to be removed. Backfill and properly compact trenches. Maintain drop off protection (refer to detail) and restore
 - as necessary. 6.4. Install new storm sewer piping and structures.
 - 5.5. Once all excavation and utility work within areas of widening are completed (to the greatest extent possible), finish grade and install stone base course in areas of widening. Install paving base course and paving binder course in all areas of widening, including driveway entrances to ends of internal curb radii.
 - Complete all proposed road improvements and installation of traffic control devices. After all roadway work within Work Area is complete, remove all work zone traffic control signs and devices and restore permanent traffic patterns.

UNDERGROUND UTILITY NOTE



BASED ON INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM FACILITY OWNER FOLLOWING A CALL TO PA ONE CALL SYSTEM, INC. COMPLETENESS OR ACCURACY OF TYPE, SIZE, DEPTH, OR HORIZONTAL LOCATION OF UTILITIES CANNOT BE GUARANTEED. CONTRACTORS MUST VERIFY THE LOCATION ND DEPTH OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES BEFORE THE START OF WORK BY NOTIFYING FACILITY OWNERS, THROUG THE PA ONE CALL SYSTEM (1-800-242-1776 OR 811), LESS THAN 3 BUSINESS DAYS NOR MORE THAN 10 BUSINESS DAYS IN ADVANCE OF BEGINNING EXCAVATION OR DEMOLITION WORK PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF PA ACTS 287 AND 121. AS AMENDED

DESIGN SERIAL NO.: 20191861051 (07/05/2019)

MAINTENANCE AND PROTECTION OF TRAFFIC PLAN

ALLEBACH TRACT

PREPARED FOR

502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC





(215) 513-2100

NOVEMBER 17, 202

OCTOBER 28, 2020

OCTOBER 14, 2020

JUNE 9, 2020

MARCH 17, 2020

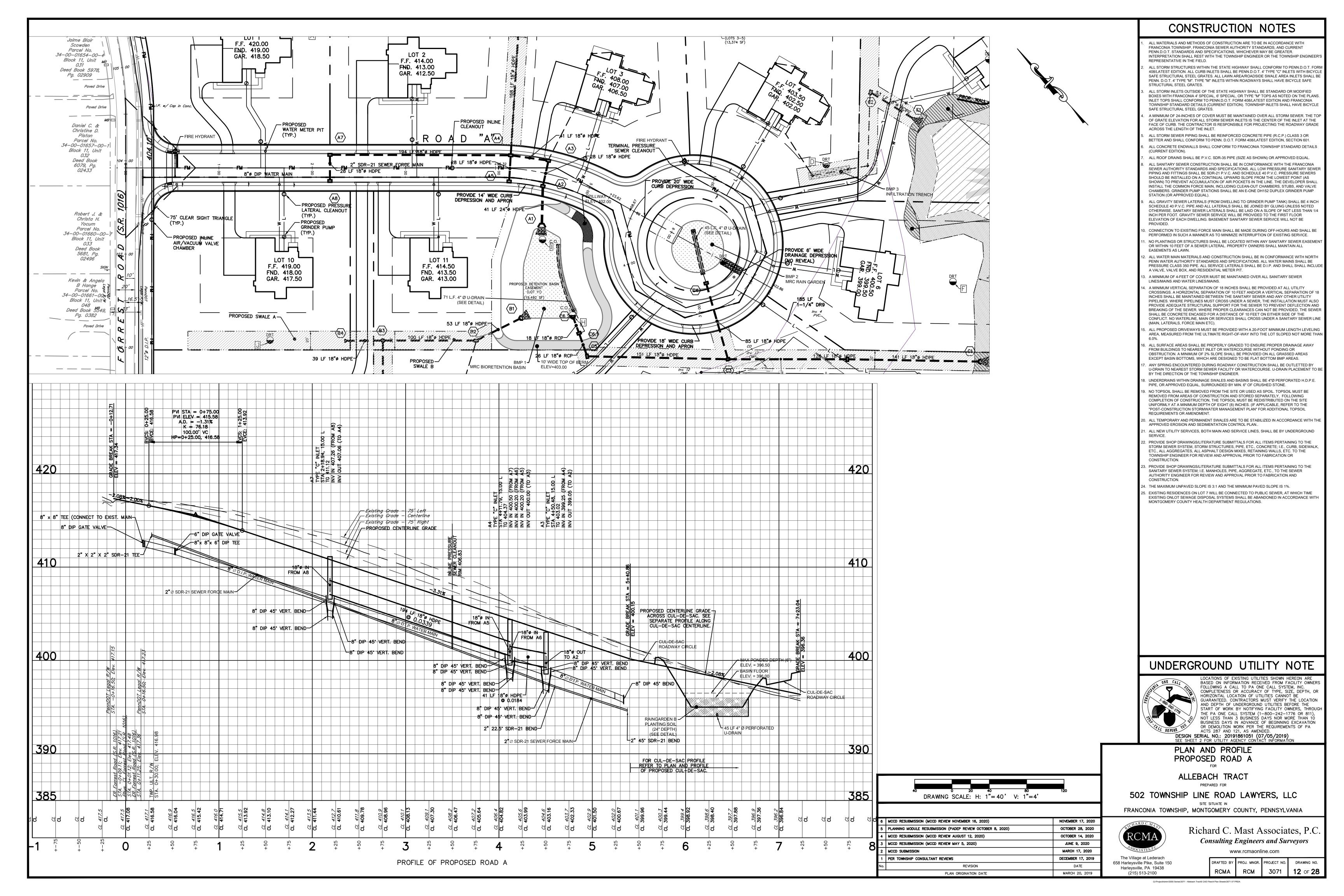
DECEMBER 17, 2019

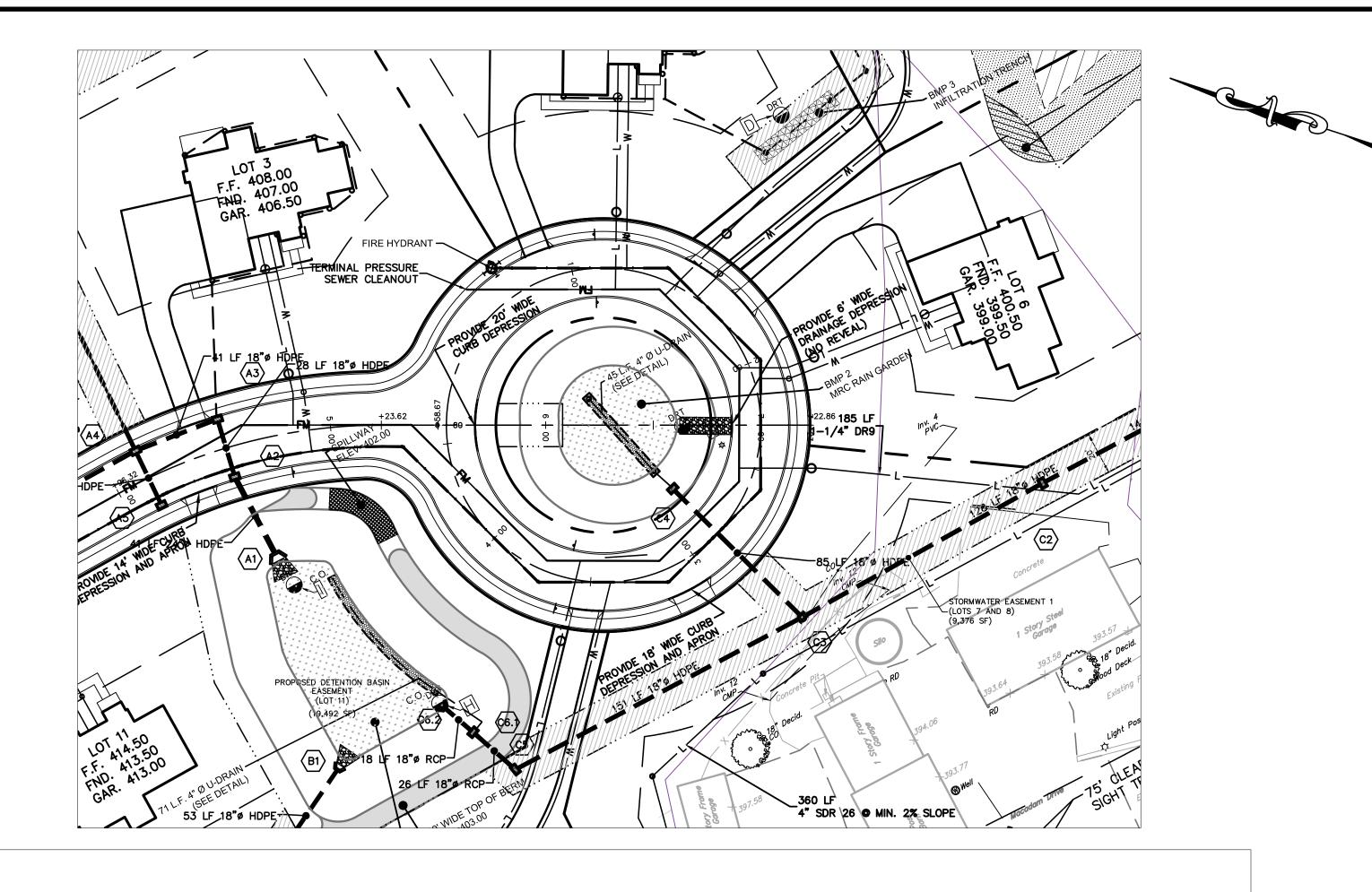
MARCH 20, 2019

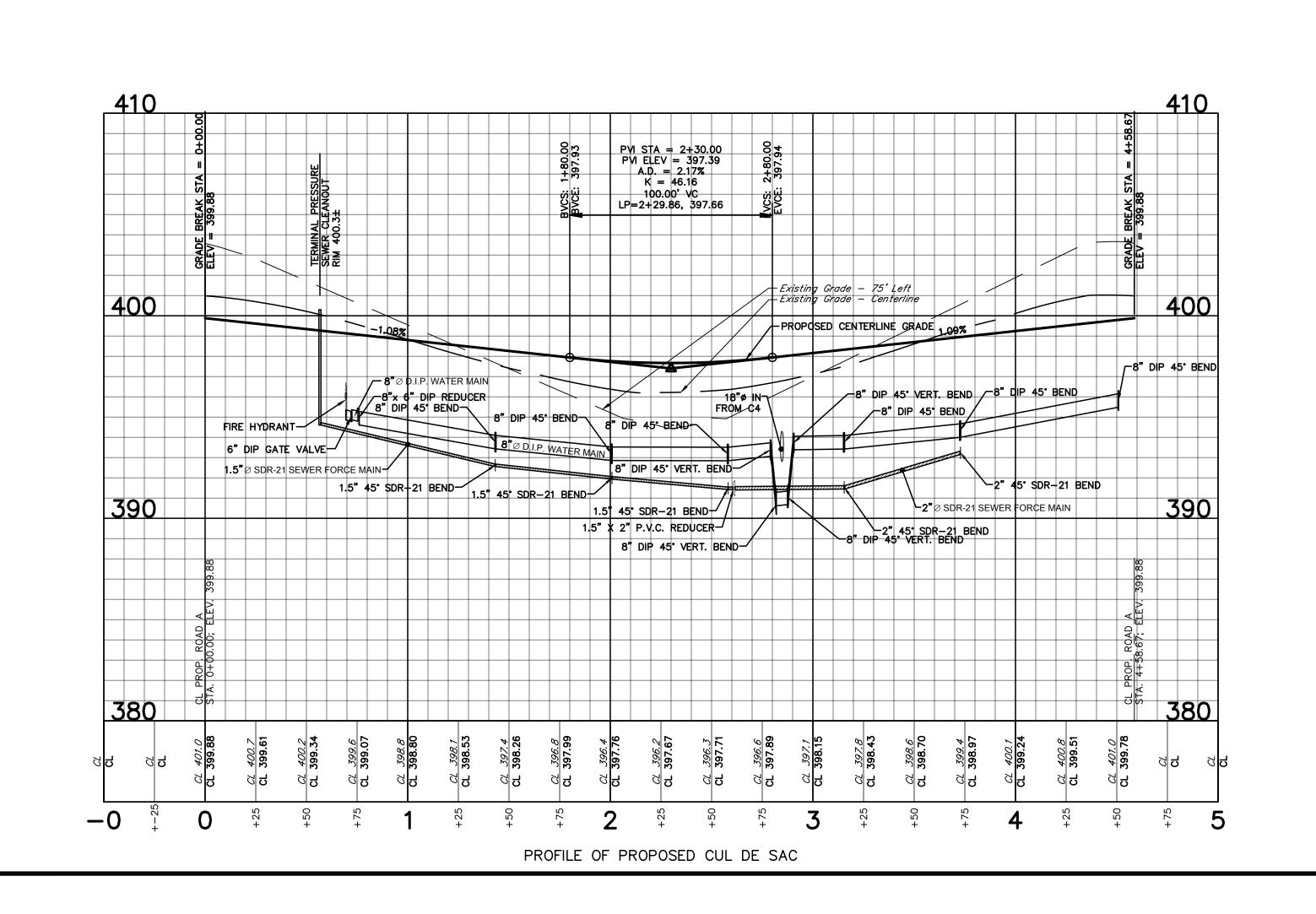
Richard C. Mast Associates, P.C. Consulting Engineers and Surveyors

www.rcmaonline.com Harleysville, PA 19438

RCM **RCMA**







CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- ALL MATERIALS AND METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION ARE TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, FRANCONIA SEWER AUTHORITY STANDARDS, AND CURRENT PENN.D.O.T. STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS, WHICHEVER MAY BE GREATER. INTERPRETATION SHALL REST WITH THE TOWNSHIP ENGINEER OR THE TOWNSHIP ENGINEER REPRESENTATIVE IN THE FIELD.
- ALL STORM STRUCTURES WITHIN THE STATE HIGHWAY SHALL CONFORM TO PENN.D.O.T. FORM 408/LATEST EDITION. ALL CURB INLETS SHALL BE PENN.D.O.T. 4' TYPE "C" INLETS WITH BICYCL SAFE STRUCTURAL STEEL GRATES. ALL LAWN AREA/ROADSIDE SWALE AREA INLETS SHALL BE PENN. D.O.T. 4' TYPE "M". TYPE "M" INLETS WITHIN ROADWAYS SHALL HAVE BICYCLE SAFE
- STRUCTURAL STEEL GRATES. ALL STORM INLETS OUTSIDE OF THE STATE HIGHWAY SHALL BE STANDARD OR MODIFIED BOXES WITH FRANCONIA 4' SPECIAL. 6' SPECIAL. OR TYPE "M" TOPS AS NOTED ON THE PLANS INLET TOPS SHALL CONFORM TO PENN.D.O.T. FORM 408/LATEST EDITION AND FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP STANDARD DETAILS (CURRENT EDITION). TOWNSHIP INLETS SHALL HAVE BICYCLE
- SAFE STRUCTURAL STEEL GRATES. A MINIMUM OF 24-INCHES OF COVER MUST BE MAINTAINED OVER ALL STORM SEWER. THE TOP OF GRATE ELEVATION FOR ALL STORM SEWER INLETS IS THE CENTER OF THE INLET AT THE

FACE OF CURB. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROJECTING THE ROADWAY GRADE

- ACROSS THE LENGTH OF THE INLET. ALL STORM SEWER PIPING SHALL BE REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE (R.C.P.) CLASS 3 OR BETTER AND SHALL CONFORM TO PENN. D.O.T. FORM 408/LATEST EDITION, SECTION 601.
- ALL CONCRETE ENDWALLS SHALL CONFORM TO FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP STANDARD DETAILS ALL ROOF DRAINS SHALL BE P.V.C. SDR-35 PIPE (SIZE AS SHOWN) OR APPROVED EQUAL.
- ALL SANITARY SEWER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE FRANCONIA SEWER AUTHORITY STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. ALL LOW PRESSURE SANITARY SEWER PIPING AND FITTINGS SHALL BE SDR-21 P.V.C. AND SCHEDULE 40 P.V.C. PRESSURE SEWERS SHOULD BE INSTALLED ON A CONTINUAL UPWARD SLOPE FROM THE LOWEST POINT (AS SHOWN) TO PREVENT ACCUMULATION OF AIR POCKETS IN THE LINE. THE DEVELOPER SHALL INSTALL THE COMMON FORCE MAIN, INCLUDING CLEAN-OUT CHAMBERS, STUBS, AND VALVE CHAMBERS. GRINDER PUMP STATIONS SHALL BE AN E-ONE DH152 DUPLEX GRINDER PUMP STATION (OR APPROVED EQUAL).
- ALL GRAVITY SEWER LATERALS (FROM DWELLING TO GRINDER PUMP TANK) SHALL BE 4 INCH SCHEDULE 40 P.V.C. PIPE AND ALL LATERALS SHALL BE JOINED BY GLUING UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, SANITARY SEWER LATERALS SHALL BE LAID ON A SLOPE OF NOT LESS THAN 1/4 INCH PER FOOT. GRAVITY SEWER SERVICE WILL BE PROVIDED TO THE FIRST FLOOR ELEVATION OF EACH DWELLING. BASEMENT SANITARY SEWER SERVICE WILL NOT BE
- CONNECTION TO EXISTING FORCE MAIN SHALL BE MADE DURING OFF-HOURS AND SHALL BE PERFORMED IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO MINIMIZE INTERRUPTION OF EXISTING SERVICE.
- NO PLANTINGS OR STRUCTURES SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN ANY SANITARY SEWER EASEMENT OR WITHIN 10 FEET OF A SEWER LATERAL. PROPERTY OWNERS SHALL MAINTAIN ALL EASEMENTS AS LAWN.
- . ALL WATER MAIN MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH NORTH PENN WATER AUTHORITY STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. ALL WATER MAINS SHALL BE PRESSURE CLASS 350 PIPE. ALL SERVICE LATERALS SHALL BE D.I.P. AND SHALL SHALL INCLUDE A VALVE, VALVE BOX, AND RESIDENTIAL METER PIT.
- 3. A MINIMUM OF 4-FEET OF COVER MUST BE MAINTAINED OVER ALL SANITARY SEWER LINES/MAINS AND WATER LINES/MAINS.
- . A MINIMUM VERTICAL SEPARATION OF 18 INCHES SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL UTILITY CROSSINGS. A HORIZONTAL SEPARATION OF 10 FEET AND/OR A VERTICAL SEPARATION OF 18 INCHES SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN THE SANITARY SEWER AND ANY OTHER UTILITY PIPELINES, WHERE PIPELINES MUST CROSS UNDER A SEWER, THE INSTALLATION MUST ALSO PROVIDE ADEQUATE STRUCTURAL SUPPORT FOR THE SEWER TO PREVENT DEFLECTION AND BREAKING OF THE SEWER. WHERE PROPER CLEARANCES CAN NOT BE PROVIDED, THE SEWER SHALL BE CONCRETE ENCASED FOR A DISTANCE OF 10 FEET ON EITHER SIDE OF THE CONFLICT. NO WATERLINE, MAIN OR SERVICES SHALL CROSS UNDER A SANITARY SEWER LINE

. ALL PROPOSED DRIVEWAYS MUST BE PROVIDED WITH A 20-FOOT MINIMUM LENGTH LEVELING

AREA, MEASURED FROM THE ULTIMATE RIGHT-OF-WAY INTO THE LOT SLOPED NOT MORE THAN . ALL SURFACE AREAS SHALL BE PROPERLY GRADED TO ENSURE PROPER DRAINAGE AWAY

(MAIN, LATERALS, FORCE MAIN ETC).

- FROM BUILDINGS TO NEAREST INLET OR WATERCOURSE WITHOUT PONDING OR OBSTRUCTION. A MINIMUM OF 2% SLOPE SHALL BE PROVIDED ON ALL GRASSED AREAS
- EXCEPT BASIN BOTTOMS, WHICH ARE DESIGNED TO BE FLAT BOTTOM BMP AREAS. ANY SPRING ENCOUNTERED DURING ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE OUTLETTED BY
- U-DRAIN TO NEAREST STORM SEWER FACILITY OR WATERCOURSE. U-DRAIN PLACEMENT TO BE BY THE DIRECTION OF THE TOWNSHIP ENGINEER.
- UNDERDRAINS WITHIN DRAINAGE SWALES AND BASINS SHALL BE 4"Ø PERFORATED H.D.P.E. PIPE, OR APPROVED EQUAL, SURROUNDED BY MIN, 6" OF CRUSHED STONE.
- NO TOPSOIL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE OR USED AS SPOIL. TOPSOIL MUST BE REMOVED FROM AREAS OF CONSTRUCTION AND STORED SEPARATELY. FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION, THE TOPSOIL MUST BE REDISTRIBUTED ON THE SITE UNIFORMLY AT A MINIMUM DEPTH OF EIGHT (8) INCHES. (IF APPLICABLE, REFER TO THE "POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN" FOR ADDITIONAL TOPSOIL REQUIREMENTS OR AMENDMENT.
- . ALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SWALES ARE TO BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN.. . ALL NEW UTILITY SERVICES, BOTH MAIN AND SERVICE LINES, SHALL BE BY UNDERGROUND
- PROVIDE SHOP DRAWINGS/LITERATURE SUBMITTALS FOR ALL ITEMS PERTAINING TO THE
- STORM SEWER SYSTEM, STORM STRUCTURES, PIPE, ETC., CONCRETE; I.E., CURB, SIDEWALK, ETC., ALL AGGREGATES, ALL ASPHALT DESIGN MIXES, RETAINING WALLS, ETC. TO THE TOWNSHIP ENGINEER FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL PRIOR TO FABRICATION OR CONSTRUCTION.
- SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM: I.E. MANHOLES, PIPE, AGGREGATE, ETC., TO THE SEWER AUTHORITY ENGINEER FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL PRIOR TO FABRICATION AND CONSTRUCTION.
- THE MAXIMUM UNPAVED SLOPE IS 3:1 AND THE MINIMUM PAVED SLOPE IS 1%. 5. EXISTING RESIDENCES ON LOT 7 WILL BE CONNECTED TO PUBLIC SEWER, AT WHICH TIME EXISTING ONLOT SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS SHALL BE ABANDONED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MONTGOMERY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT REGULATIONS.

UNDERGROUND UTILITY NOTE



BASED ON INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM FACILITY OWNERS FOLLOWING A CALL TO PA ONE CALL SYSTEM, INC. COMPLETENESS OR ACCURACY OF TYPE, SIZE, DEPTH, OR HORIZONTAL LOCATION OF UTILITIES CANNOT BE GUARANTEED. CONTRACTORS MUST VERIFY THE LOCATION AND DEPTH OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES BEFORE THE START OF WORK BY NOTIFYING FACILITY OWNERS, THROUGH THE PA ONE CALL SYSTEM (1-800-242-1776 OR 811), NOT LESS THAN 3 BUSINESS DAYS NOR MORE THAN 10 BUSINESS DAYS IN ADVANCE OF BEGINNING EXCAVATION OR DEMOLITION WORK PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF PA

ACTS 287 AND 121, AS AMENDED. DESIGN SERIAL NO.: 20191861051 (07/05/2019) SEE SHEET 2 FOR UTILITY AGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

PLAN AND PROFILE PROPOSED CUL-DE-SAC

ALLEBACH TRACT

PREPARED FOR

502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC SITE SITUATE IN

FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA





NOVEMBER 17, 2020

OCTOBER 28, 2020

OCTOBER 14, 2020

JUNE 9, 2020 MARCH 17, 2020

DECEMBER 17, 2019

DATE

MARCH 20, 2019

DRAWING SCALE: H: 1"= 40' V: 1"=2'

REVISION

PLAN ORIGINATION DATE

6 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW NOVEMBER 16, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW AUGUST 12, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW MAY 5, 2020)

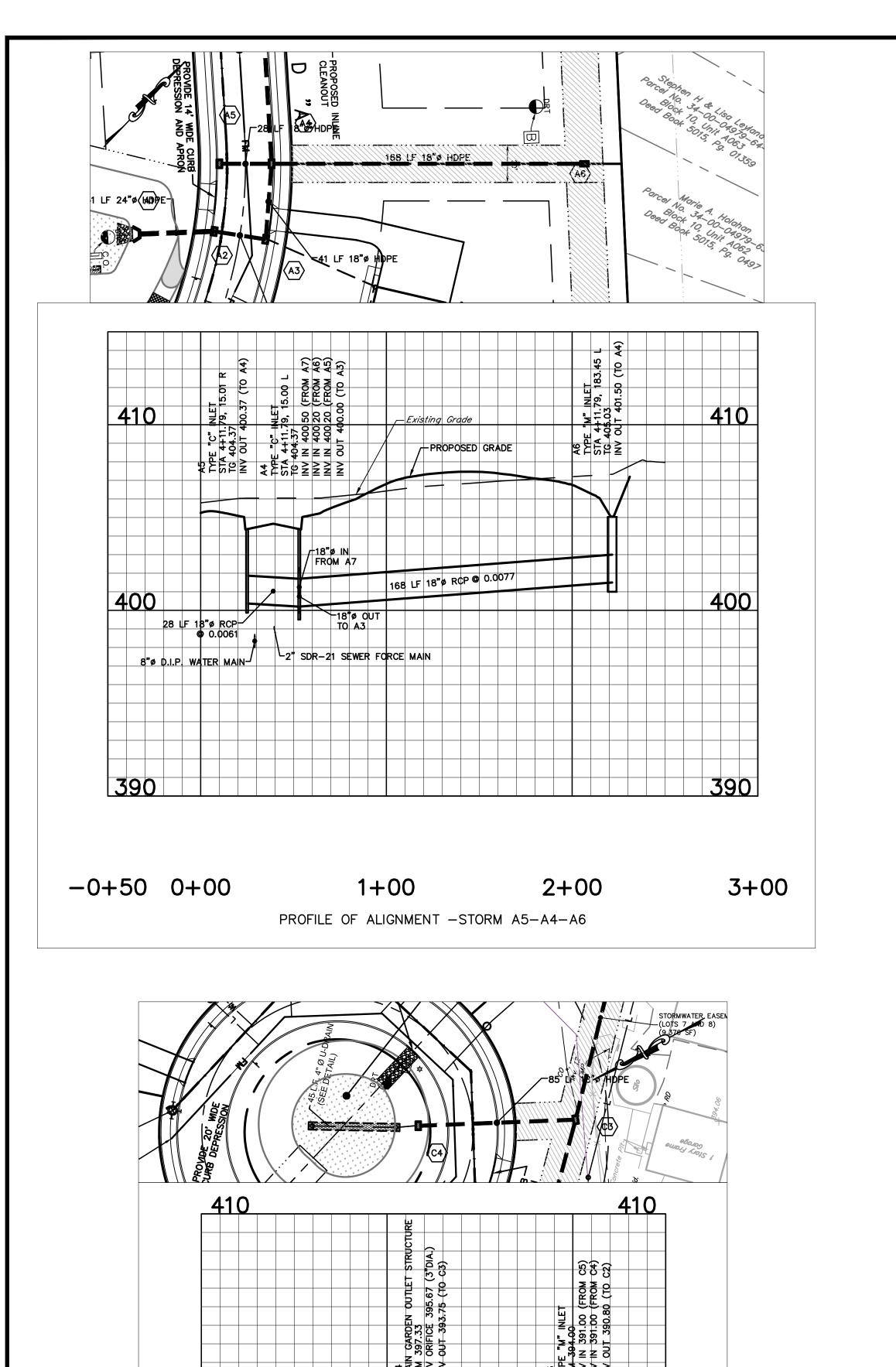
PER TOWNSHIP CONSULTANT REVIEWS

PLANNING MODULE RESUBMISSION (PADEP REVIEW OCTOBER 8, 2020)

Richard C. Mast Associates, P.C. Consulting Engineers and Surveyors

www.rcmaonline.com

DRAFTED BY PROJ. MNGR. PROJECT NO. DRAWING NO. 658 Harleysville Pike, Suite 150 Harleysville, PA 19438 3071 RCMA RCM (215) 513-2100



ELEV. = 395.67 BASIN FLOOR -ELEV. = 395.00

U-DRAIN 4" Ø NON-PERFORATED PIPE

2" SDR-21 SEWER FORCE MAIN-

WITH CAP 0.7187" Ø ORIFICE @

0+00

PROFILE OF ALIGNMENT -STORM C4-C3

4" Ø P.V.C. CLEANOUT TO GRADE WITH REMOVABLE THREADED CAP (TYP)

> RAIN GARDEN B PLANTING SOIL

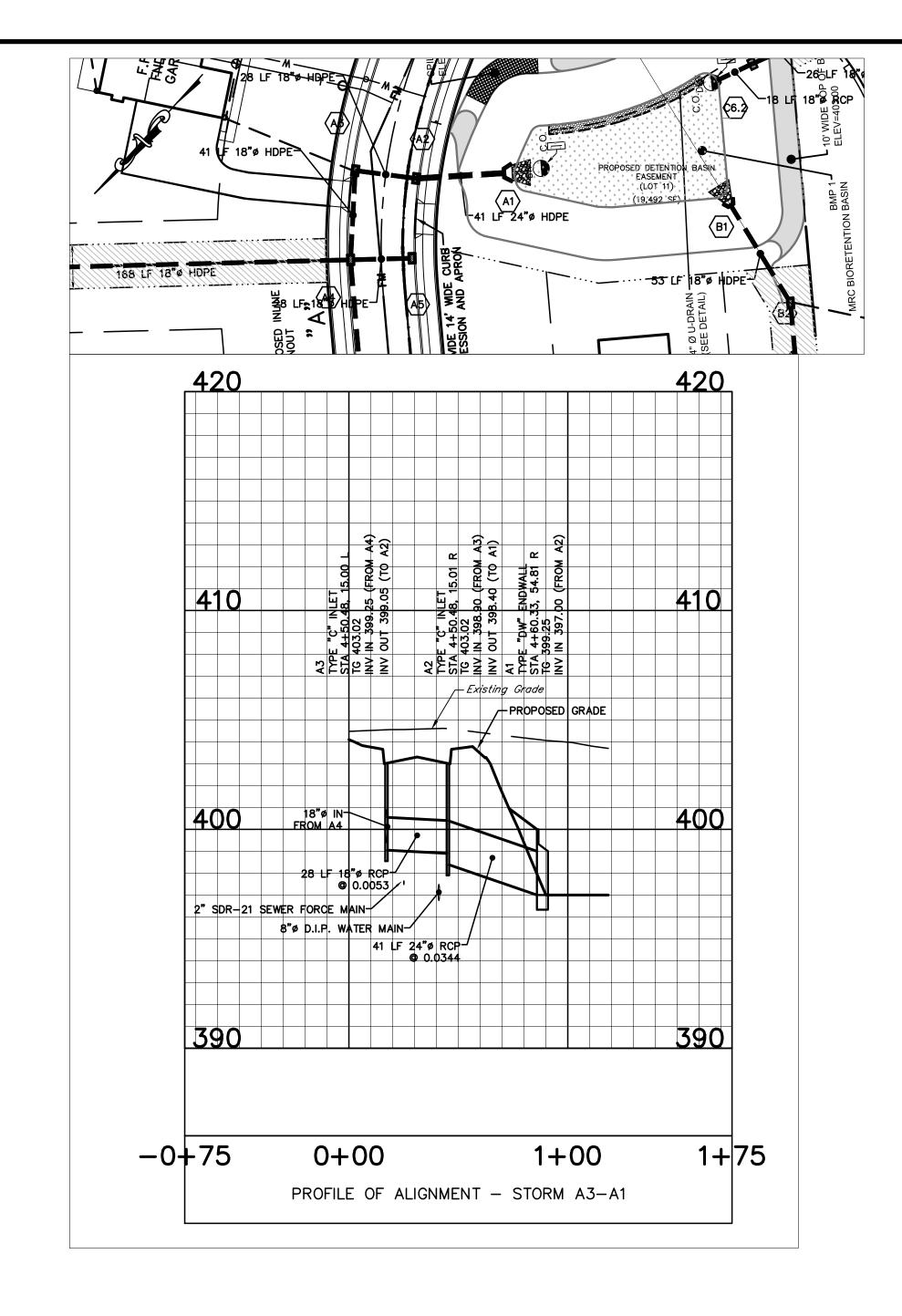
> > (24" DEPTH) (SEE DETAIL)

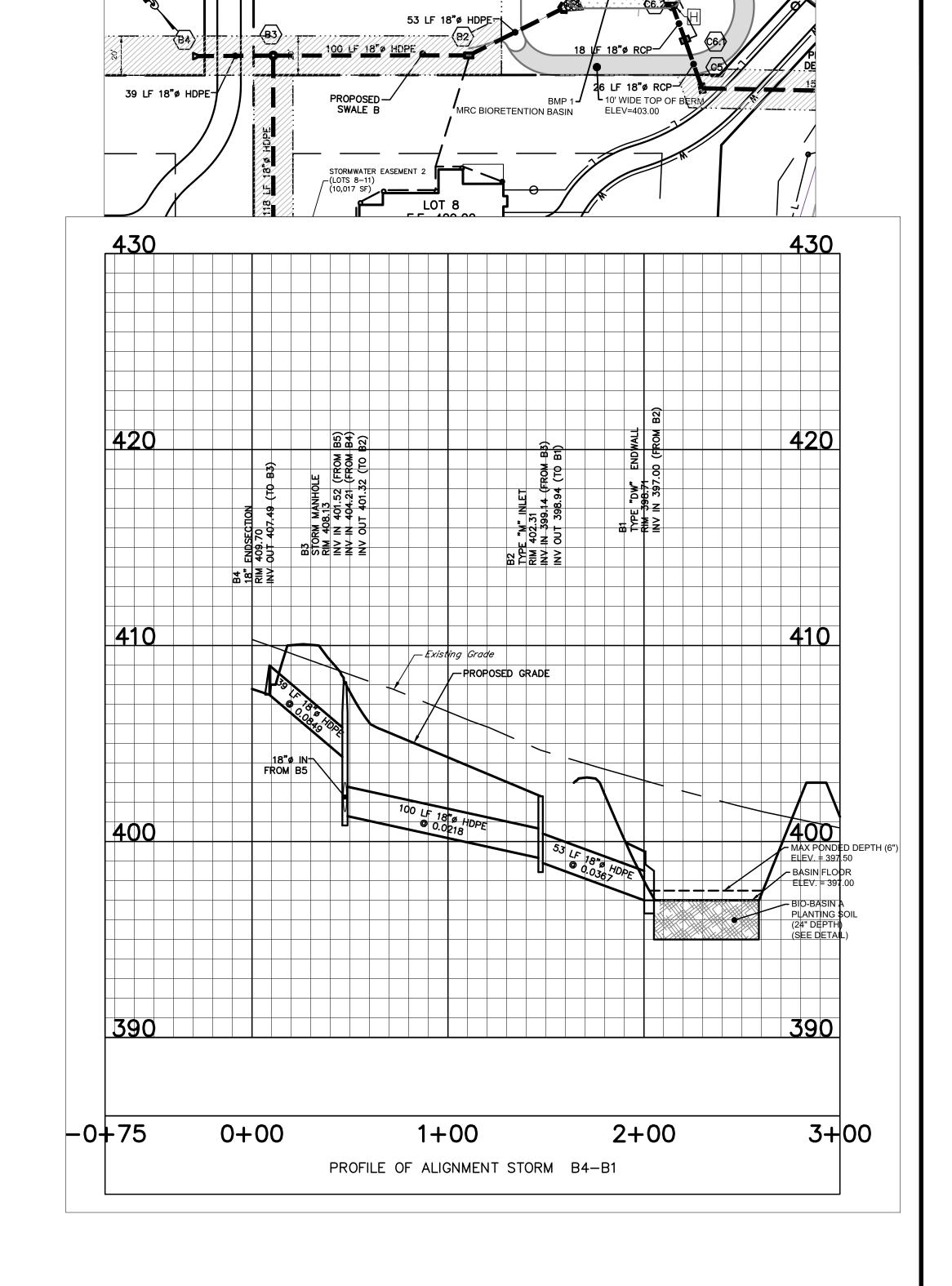
-1+00

45 LF 4" Ø PERFORATED

INV 393 00

390 INV. 394.00





71 L.F. 4" Ø U-DRAIN — (SEE DETAIL)

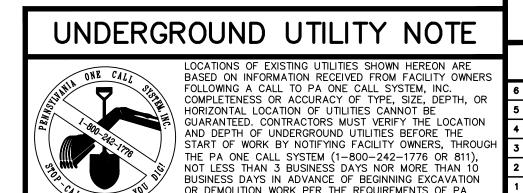


FROM C5

1+50

►8"ø D.I.P. WATER MAIN

1+00



ACTS 287 AND 121, AS AMENDED.

DESIGN SERIAL NO.: 20191861051 (07/05/2019)
SEE SHEET 2 FOR UTILITY AGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

OR DEMOLITION WORK PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF PA

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW NOVEMBER 16, 2020) NOVEMBER 17, 2020 PLANNING MODULE RESUBMISSION (PADEP REVIEW OCTOBER 8, 2020) OCTOBER 28, 2020 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW AUGUST 12, 2020) OCTOBER 14, 2020 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW MAY 5, 2020) JUNE 9, 2020 MCCD SUBMISSION MARCH 17, 2020 DECEMBER 17, 2019 DATE PLAN ORIGINATION DATE MARCH 20, 2019

DRAWING SCALE: H: 1"= 40' V: 1"=2'

PLAN AND PROFILE MISCELLANEOUS PROFILES ALLEBACH TRACT

PREPARED FOR

502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC SITE SITUATE IN FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

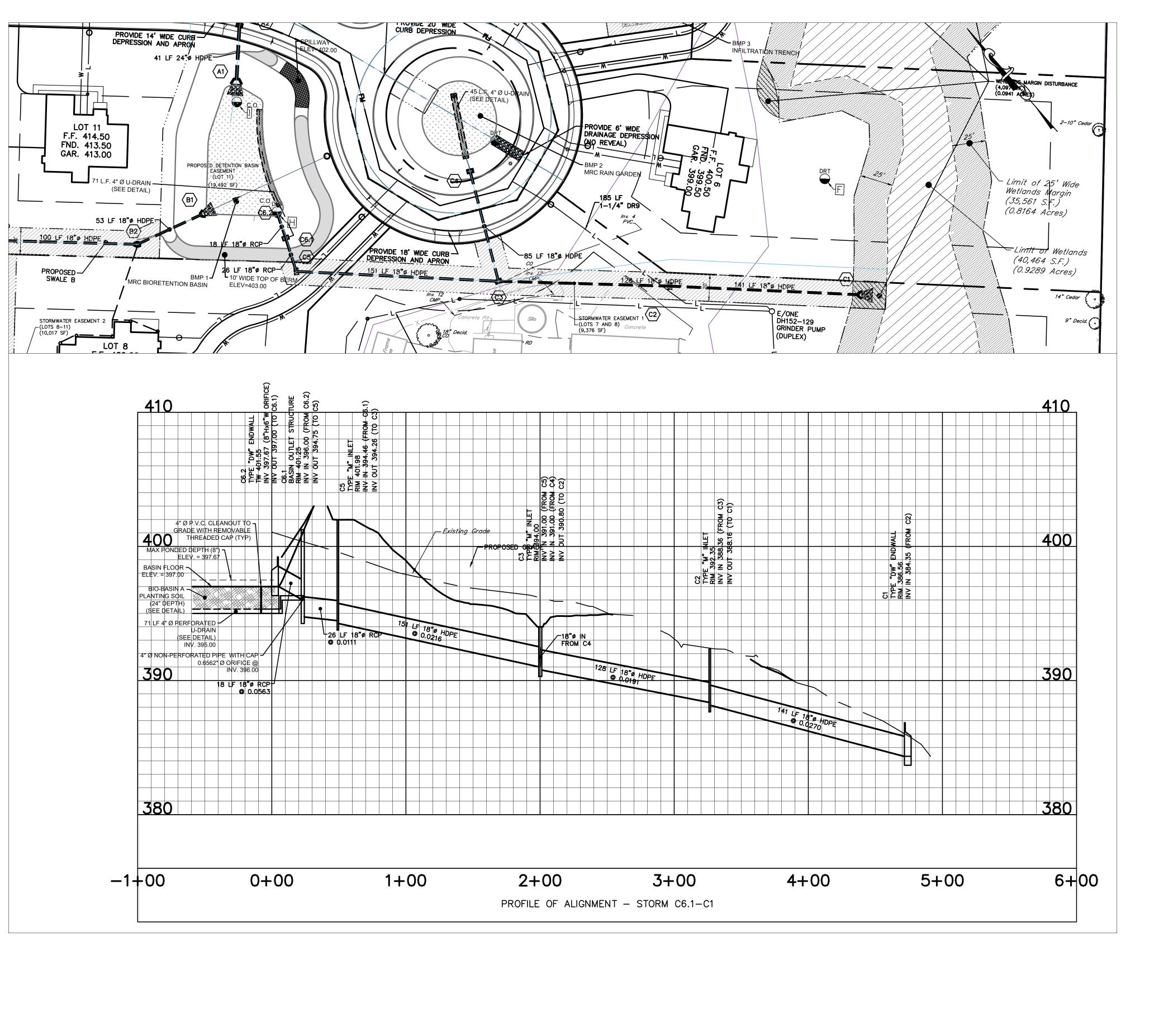


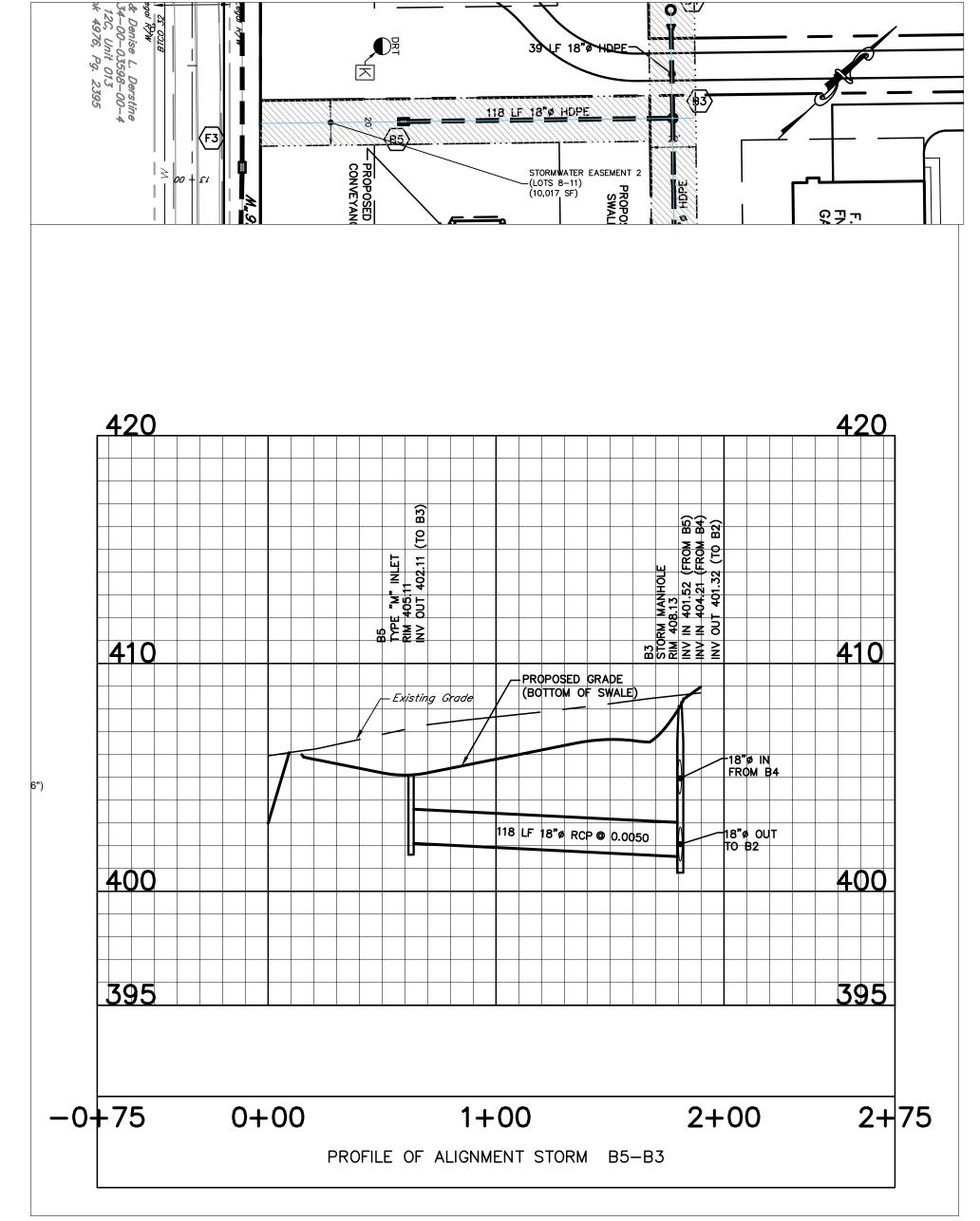
Harleysville, PA 19438

Richard C. Mast Associates, P.C Consulting Engineers and Surveyors www.rcmaonline.com

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(215) 513-2100







ALLEBACH TRACT PREPARED FOR

502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC

SITE SITUATE IN FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA



NOVEMBER 17, 2020

OCTOBER 28, 2020

OCTOBER 14, 2020

JUNE 9, 2020

MARCH 17, 2020

DECEMBER 17, 2019

DATE

MARCH 20, 2019

DRAWING SCALE: H: 1"= 40' V: 1"=2'

REVISION

PLAN ORIGINATION DATE

6 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW NOVEMBER 16, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW AUGUST 12, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW MAY 5, 2020)

PER TOWNSHIP CONSULTANT REVIEWS

PLANNING MODULE RESUBMISSION (PADEP REVIEW OCTOBER 8, 2020)

UNDERGROUND UTILITY NOTE

LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN HEREON ARE
BASED ON INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM FACILITY OWNERS
FOLLOWING A CALL TO PA ONE CALL SYSTEM, INC.
COMPLETENESS OR ACCURACY OF TYPE, SIZE, DEPTH, OR
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NOT LESS THAN 3 BUSINESS DAYS NOR MORE THAN 10

BUSINESS DAYS IN ADVANCE OF BEGINNING EXCAVATION OR DEMOLITION WORK PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF PA ACTS 287 AND 121, AS AMENDED.

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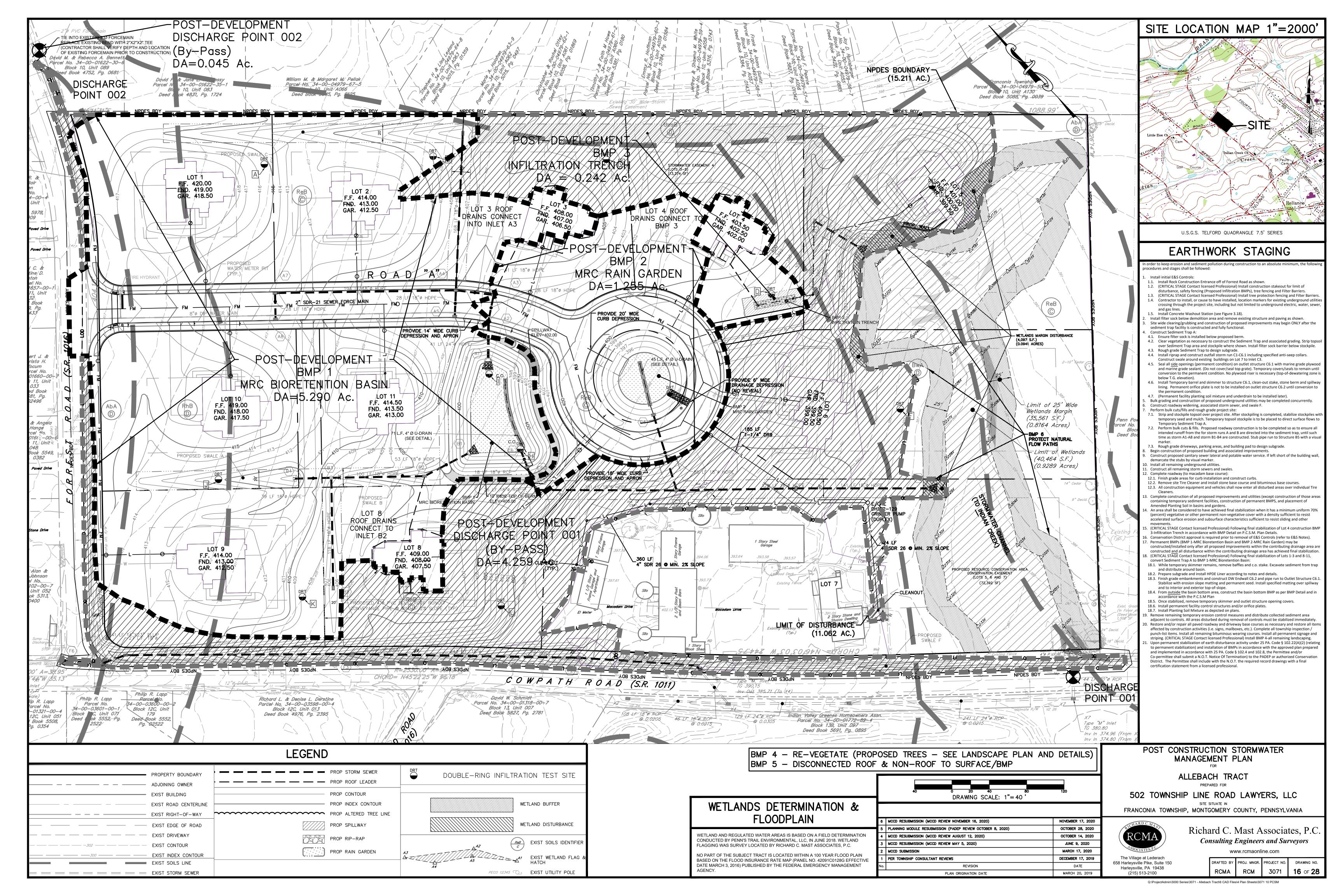
SEE SHEET 2 FOR UTILITY AGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

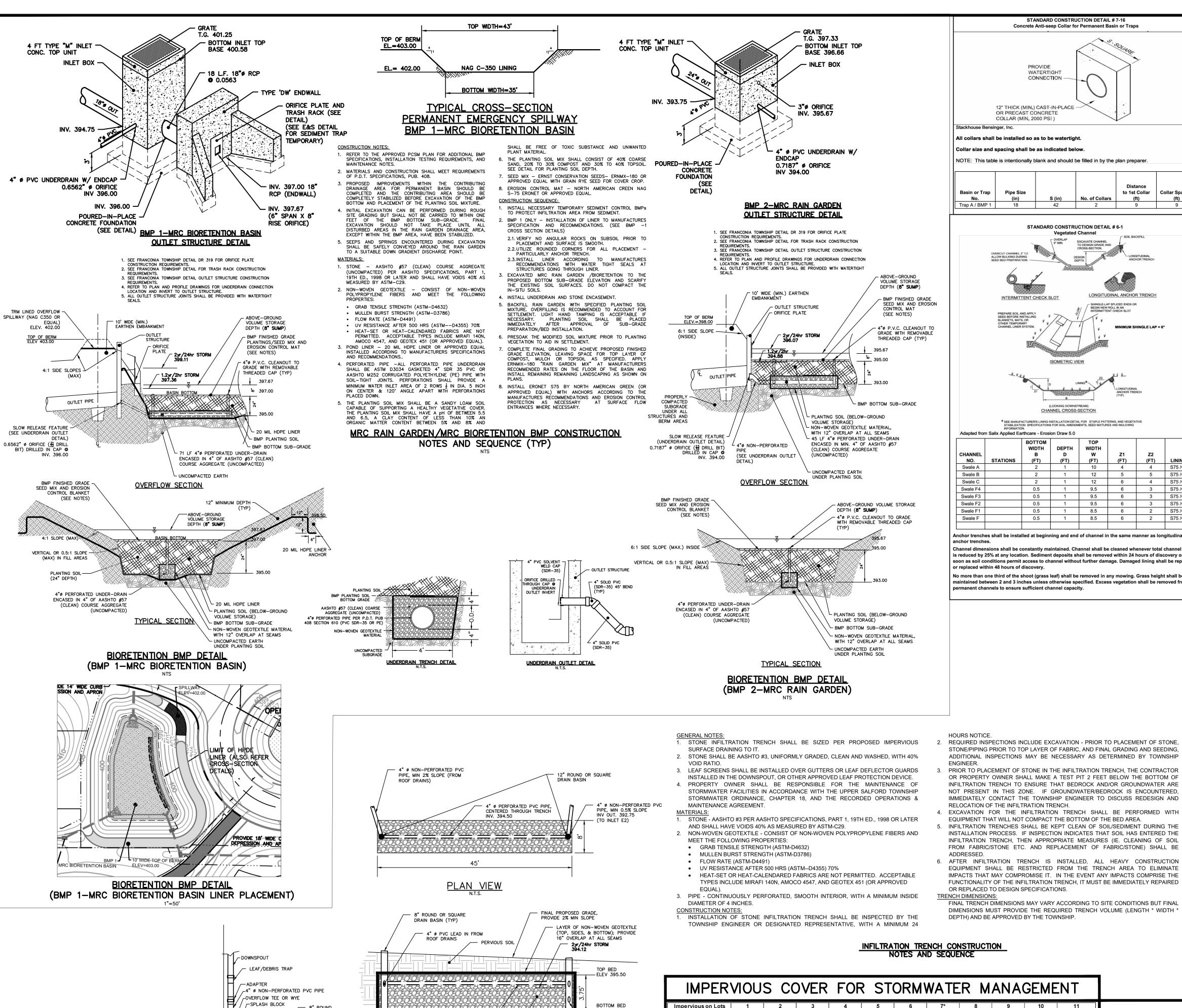
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The Village at Lederach 658 Harleysville Pike, Suite 150 Harleysville, PA 19438

(215) 513-2100





4" ø PERFORATED PVC PIPE

SUBGRADE TO BE SCARIFIED AND REMAIN UNCOMPACTED DURING CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF STONE. SEE

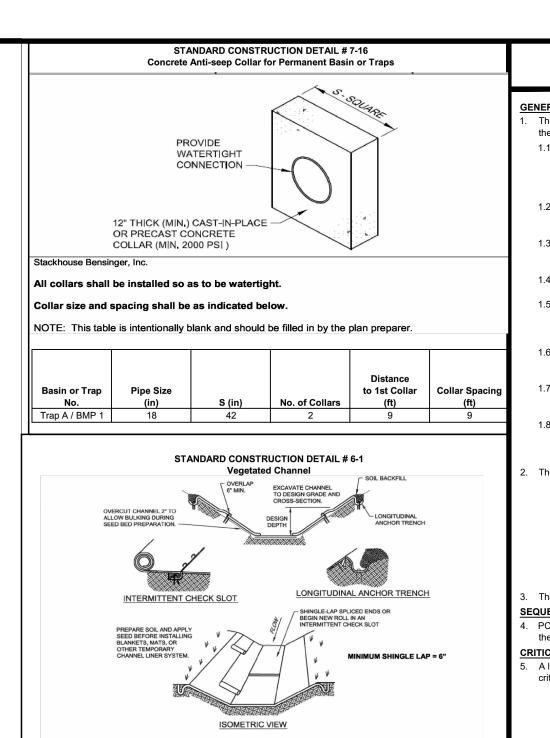
∠90° ELBOW//

FOUNDATION WAL

4" Ø NON-PERFORATED-

0% SLOPE (LEVEL) INV. 394.50

BMP 3-INFILTRATION TRENCH DETAIL



Adapted from Salix Applied Earthcare - Erosion Draw 5.0

NNEL	STATIONS	BOTTOM WIDTH B (FT)	DEPTH D (FT)	TOP WIDTH W (FT)	Z1 (FT)	Z2 (FT)	LINING*
ale A		2	1	10	4	4	S75 /veg
ale B		2	1	12	5	5	S75 /veg
ale C		2	1	12	6	4	S75 /veg
ale F4		0.5	1	9.5	6	3	S75 /veg
ale F3		0.5	1	9.5	6	3	S75 /veg
ale F2		0.5	1	9.5	6	3	S75 /veg
ale F1		0.5	1	8.5	6	2	S75 /veg
ale F		0.5	1	8.5	6	2	S75 /veg

Anchor trenches shall be installed at beginning and end of channel in the same manner as longitudinal Channel dimensions shall be constantly maintained. Channel shall be cleaned whenever total channel dept is reduced by 25% at any location. Sediment deposits shall be removed within 24 hours of discovery or as soon as soil conditions permit access to channel without further damage. Damaged lining shall be repaired

No more than one third of the shoot (grass leaf) shall be removed in any mowing. Grass height shall be maintained between 2 and 3 inches unless otherwise specified. Excess vegetation shall be removed from permanent channels to ensure sufficient channel capacity.

12,536 SF

510 SF | 18,022 SF | 510 SF

0 SF

500 SF

Less Lot 7 Existing to Remain inside LOD (not in ROW)

Total Proposed New Impervious within LOD (not in ROW) 104,623 SF

Plus NEW roadway widening on Forrest Road and Cowpath Road 6,570 S

510 SF

Total Overall Impervious from Lots 99,813 S

Total Impervious

Total Impervious within LOD 111,193 S

Less Lot 7 (outside LOD) 29,802 SF

Proposed NEW Impervious Within ROW 35,368 SF

0 SF | 3.693 SF | 4.704 SF | 1.993 SF

510 SF

510 S

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW NOVEMBER 16, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW AUGUST 12, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW MAY 5, 2020)

5 PLANNING MODULE RESUBMISSION (PADEP REVIEW OCTOBER 8, 2020)

REVISION

PLAN ORIGINATION DATE

510 SF 510 SF

500 SF 500 SF

Lot 7 Impervious is existing and outside the LOD (Not included in Stormwater Mangement except for small protion that is included within LOD

Driveway 2,326 SF 1,993 SF 2,050 SF 2,193 SF 4,814 SF 2,246 SF

510 SF

Total Lot Impervious 6,451 SF 6,118 SF 6,175 SF 6,318 SF 8,939 SF 6,371 SF 30,558 SF 7,818 SF 8,829 SF 6,118 SF 6,118 SF

500 SF 500 SF

510 SF

Non-Roof for Lot 7 is listed under Walk/Patio for simplicity - it is all existing.

Future Impervious 500 SF

510 SF

500 SF

4" Ø NON-PERFORATED PVO

PIPE, MIN 0.5% SLOPE INV OUT. 392.75

(TO INLET E2)

- AASHTO #3 STONE UNIFORMLY GRADED, CLAN & WASHED

P.C.S.M. NOTES

The management of post construction stormwater for the project site has been planned and designed, t the extent practicable, in order to accomplish the following

1.1. The PCSM Plan will, to the extent practicable, preserve the integrity of stream channels and maintain and protect the physical, biological and chemical qualities of the receiving stream by th implementation of the preventive and mitigative BMP's, as described in the PCSM Plan, to minimize potential impacts caused by the planned development of the site to the flow rate, volun

1.2. The PCSM Plan will, to the extent practicable, prevent an increase in the rate of stormwater runo by the implementation of proposed rate reduction BMP's, as described in the PCSM Plan, to offset

the increase in runoff rate caused by the planned development of the site. 1.3. The PCSM Plan will, to the extent practicable, minimize any increase in stormwater runoff volum

by the implementation of proposed volume reduction BMP's, as described in the PCSM Plan, to

offset the increase in runoff volume caused by the planned development of the site. 1.4. The PCSM Plan will, to the extent practicable, minimize impervious area by minimizing the proposed impervious areas to only those areas required for the planned development of the site 1.5. The PCSM Plan will, to the extent practicable, maximize the protection of existing drainage

for the planned development of the site and by minimizing disturbance of areas that may advers affect existing site drainage features. 1.6. The PCSM Plan will, to the extent practicable, minimize land clearing and grading by minimizing

features and existing vegetation by minimizing the limit of disturbance to only those areas require

the limit of disturbance and proposed impervious areas to only those areas required for the plan development of the site.

The PCSM Plan will, to the extent practicable, minimize soil compaction by minimizing the limit o disturbance, and restricting construction activities and vehicles to within the limit of disturbance, to only those areas required for the planned development of the site.

The PCSM Plan will, to the extent practicable, utilize structural and nonstructural BMPs that prevent or minimize changes in stormwater runoff by applying the guidelines presented in the Pennsylvania Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual for the design of the proposed BMP's described in the PCSM Plan.

The following Non-Structural BMPs and Structural BMPs are shown on the PCSM plan:

- 5.4.3 Protect/Utilize Natural Flow Pathways
- 5.6.1 Minimize Total Disturbed Area Grading
- 5.6.3 Re-Vegetate and Re-Forest Disturbed Areas. Part 2 Re-vegetate(BMP 4) Disconnect Roof Leaders to Vegetated Areas (BMP 5) 5.8.1
- 5.8.2 Disconnect Non-Roof Impervious to Vegetated Areas (BMP 5)
- 6.4.4 Infiltration Trench (BMP 3) 6.4.5 MRC Rain Garden/Bioretention (BMP 1 & BMP 2)
- Refer to the PCSM Module 2 for "Allebach Tract" prepared by RCMA that is part of the PSCM Plan The Permittee/owner shall record (or cause the recording of) the PCSM Plan with the recorder of deeds.

SEQUENCE OF PCSM BMP INSTALLATION:

PCSM BMP shall be installed in conjunction with earthmoving activities as described in the "Earthmoving/BMP Construction Sequence" notes, also shown on this plan. CRITICAL STAGES OF IMPLEMENTATION:

A licensed professional or their designee shall be present onsite and be responsible during the following

critical stages of implementation of the approved PCSM Plan:

- a. Prior to commencement of construction activities: Verify tree protection fence is installed to preve undesired and/or accidental tree removal and or disturbance of tree protection areas. Verify infiltration BMPs and protection areas have been staked and surrounded with safety fence to prev accidental/undesirable disturbance:
- b. During construction of BMP 1-MRC Bioretentin Basin and BMP 2-MRC Rain Garden: Verify depth sub-grade and sub-grade is scarified. Verify planting soil mixture is correct and installed at specified depth within bioretention areas.:
- c. During construction of the BMP 3-Infiltration Trench: Verify depth to sub-grade and sub-grade is
- d. Following construction activities and installation of PCSM BMPs: confirm roof drains discharge to
- intended contributing watershed and/or rain gardens/infiltration trench, verify proposed plantings are installed in Rain Gardens, confirm specified quantity and species of proposed landscaping is installed and in the locations shown, confirm detention basins orifice plates are installed at specified elevation
- The licensed professional will be responsible to provide a final certification, pursuant to 25 Pa. Code § 102.8(1) along with the required NOT and record drawings, indicating that the project site was construct in accordance with the approved or modified PCSM Plan.
- 8. All PCSM BMPs shall be installed by the developer or his designee (contractor) in accordance with the approved land development plans and PCSM plan.
- CONSTRUCTION: 9. In addition to the information below, refer to the "Construction Notes" shown on the Construction

above finish basin bottom to provide intended volume storage depth.

5.4.2 Minimize Total Disturbed Area - Grading, Protect/Utilize Natural Flow Pathways (BMP 6): 10. Install tree protection fencing (as shown) immediately upon completion of Temporary Construction

Entrance to ensure tree protection areas remain undisturbed (protected) during construction. 11. Stake locations of and install orange safety fencing around of infiltration BMPs and grading protection areas immediately upon completion of Temporary Construction Entrance to ensure areas remain undisturbed (protected) during construction.

5.6.3 Part 2 Re-vegetate (proposed landscaping) (BMP 4):

- Refer to complete "General Landscaping Notes" provided on the Landscaping Plan for installation specifications
- Plant operations shall be performed during periods within the planting season when weather and soil conditions are suitable. Seasons for planting are: Spring: Deciduous Material- March 25 to May 15. Evergreen Material- April 1 to June 1, Fall: Deciduous Material- Oct. 1 to December 1, Evergreen Mate August 15 to November 15.
- Set all plants plumb and straight. Set at such level that, after settlement, a normal or natural relationship the crown of the plant with the ground surface will be established. Locate plants in the center of the planting pit. Do not cut the leader of deciduous trees.
- Trees shall be supported immediately after planting in accordance with the planting details.
- 6. Disconnect rooftop areas are designated on the PCSM Plan.
- . Disconnect rooftop leaders shall be installed to discharge runoff overland toward downslope vegetated areas. Disconnect rooftop leaders shall not be directed toward or connected to underground storm sewe .4.4 Subsurface Infiltration Trench (BMP 3):
- 8. Refer to the "BMP 3-Infiltration Trench Detail" for additional construction and material specifications
- Installation Sequence:
- Refer to the "Infiltration Trench Detail" for additional installation notes). The area for subsurface infiltration must be physically marked as heavy equipment exclusion zones to
- avoid soil disturbance and compaction during construction. Erosion and sediment control BMP's should be installed to direct construction runoff away from the
- subsurface infiltration areas. All stone that makes up the infiltration BMP must remain free of sediment. sediment enters the stone, remove the sediment and replace with clean stone.
- The bottom of the infiltration bed is to be excavated to grade and scarified prior to placement of the geotextile and stone bed. The existing subgrade must not be compacted and construction equipment traffic must be minimized prior to placement of the geotextile and stone bed
- .4.5 (Modified) MRC Rain Garden/Bioretention (BMP 1 & BMP 2): 3. This BMP applies to BMP1-MRC Bioretention Basin and BMP 2-MRC Rain Garden.
- Refer to the "MRC Rain Garden/Bioretention BMP" Details
- Refer to the "MRC Rain Garden/Bioretention BMP" Details
- Where erosion of sub-grade has caused accumulation of fine materials and/or surface ponding in the graded bottom, remove with light equipment and scarify underlying soils to a minimum depth of 6 inches with a York rake or equivalent light tractor
- Protect Rain Garden from sediment at all times during construction. Appropriate measures shall be used at the toe of the slopes that are adjacent to the Rain Garden to prevent sediment from washing into thes
- Planting soil shall be placed immediately after approval of sub-grade preparation/bed installation. After completion, gardens are to be planted with the specified type and quantity of trees, shrubs, and plugs/grasses (or equal approved by local Conservation District).

Before topsoil is replaced over swale areas, the subsoil shall be in a loose, friable condition to a depth of

NOVEMBER 17, 202

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to 8 inches below final subgrade and there shall be no erosion rills or washouts in the subsoil surface exceeding 3 inches in depth

4. To achieve this condition, sub-soiling, ripping, or scarification of the subsoil will be required as directed

become dried out and crusted, and where necessary to obliterate erosion rills.

. Sub-soiled areas in swales shall be loosened to less than 1400 kPa (200 psi) to a depth of 6 to 8 inches

the owners representative, wherever the subsoil has been compacted by equipment operation or has

After completion, swales are to be seeded with ERNMX-J-012 Swale seed mixture (or approved equal)

and stabilized with temporary erosion control blankets specified for the swales (refer to E&S plan). After

site construction is complete and stabilized, swales containing excess sediment from disturbed areas and

swales damaged during construction activities shall be regarded, reseeded, and stabilized immediately.

6. Rake soil surface smooth prior to seeding, sprigging, sodding, or hydroseeding. The soil surface shall be reasonably free of large clods, roots, stones greater than 2 inches, and other material which will interfere with planting and subsequent site maintenance. Water thoroughly after seeding, sprigging, or sodding.

PERATION AND MAINTENANCE

The Permittee, 502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC, or a successor Homeowners and/or Condominimum Association, is responsible for the long-term operation and maintenance of the PCSM BMPs and shall provide for the necessary access related to long-term operation and maintenance of the PCSM BMPs. Operation and Maintenance shall be performed per the requirements of the Pennsylvania Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual. Inspections should occur to ensure that the facilities a operating as designed and to schedule maintenance that may be required.

i.4.2, 5.4.3, & 5.6.3 Minimize Total Disturbed Area - Grading / Minimum Compaction Area - Protect/Utilize Natural Flow Pathways - Part 1 Protect Existing Trees / Part 2 Proposed Landscaping (BMP 6):

- uring construction, inspect tree protection fence and orange safety fence after major storm events.
- Repair/replace as necessary 9. Trees and shrubs should be inspected semiannually to evaluate for health. Remove and replace dead
- and/or diseased plants. Inspect for and remove any invasive species.
- 5.6.3 Landscaped/Vegetated Areas (BMP 4):
- 2. Test soil in vegetated areas biennially and adjust to sustain vigorous plant growth. Maintain with a minimum uniform 70% vegetative cover with a density capable of resisting erosion and remove invasive weeds. Bare spots should be immediately stabilized and re-vegetated
- 74. Mulch should be inspected annually and should be re-spread/replenished when erosion is evident. Replace mulch every 2 to 3 years 5.8.1 & 5.8.2 Rooftop and Non-Roof Impervious Disconnection (BMP 5):

74. Maintain health vegetation downstream from discharge location.

6.4.4 Infiltration Trench (BMP 3):

5. Protect the infiltration facility from sediment accumulation at all times. Inspect piping, inlets, outlet structures and storage areas for debris and sediment accumulation two time

73. Trees and shrubs should be inspected semiannually to evaluate for health.

- a year and after large storms. Remove sediment and debris to ensure that the system functions as
- 7. If the retained volume of water fails to completely infiltrate within 72 hours after a storm event, and/or odo or mosquito problems arise
- 8. Access to the PCSM BMP shall be provided from access inlets.
- i.4.5 (Modified) MRC Rain Garden/Bioretention (BMP 1 & BMP 2):
- 9. Inspect MRC Rain Garden/Bioretention Basin annually, and after major storm events, for damage to embankment, berms, spillway and outlet structures. Repair undercut or eroded areas. 60. Annually inspect inlet and outlet structures to ensure they are operational and free of debris
- . Maintenance of the Rain Garden shall include watering of seeded areas, mowing, cultivation, weed conti disease and pest control, replacement of dead or unacceptable materials, filling under settlement areas, reseeding washouts, and any other procedure consistent with good horticultural practice necessary to insure normal, vigorous and healthy growth.
- 2. Mow rain garden areas to 6" height in early June, mid-July, and mid-August during the first growing season, to discourage growth of aggressive weed species and bring sunlight to low-growing natives.
- Review progress of rain garden growth prior to mowing to confirm appropriateness of mowing. 3. After the first growing season, mow the rain garden floor areas twice a year. Once a year is sufficient to discourage woody seedlings, brambles, invasive vines and Multiflora rose. Mowing more than twice a year will only encourage cool season grass species and create additional turf areas. Recommended da
- for mowing are early July for the first cutting and a second cutting in March up to April 15th. This will maximize bird and animal habitat and promote desirable and attractive vegetation. Mow when the ground is dry and cut at height of 6" to 8" during the dormant season. Monitor areas for intrusion by invasive plants such as thistle. Eliminate invasives by spot mowing, spot spraying or wick application of an appropriate herbicide (approved for application in water resource areas), or manual or mechanical pullir
- A combination of strategies may be the best approach. 4. Pull weeds of the following invasive species deemed detrimental to rain garden/wetland plantings. Purple Loosestrife (Lythrum salicaria); Common Reed (Phragmites australis); Cattails (Typha spp).
- Vegetated Swales: 5. Inspect swales after major storm events for undercut or eroded areas and repair as necessary .
- 86. Keep swales free of structures, sticks, excess leaves, and debris to maintain proper stormwater
- 7. Maintenance of the swales shall include watering of seeded areas, mowing, disease and pest control replacement of dead or unacceptable grass, reseeding washouts, and any other procedure consistent with good horticultural practice necessary to insure normal, vigorous and healthy growth.
- 8. Structures shall be inspected annually and after heavy rains for signs of erosion and dislodging of the roc Repairs should be performed immediately to prevent further damage. Replace washed out or scoured
- areas with additional, appropriately size rock.

9. All PCSM BMP waste material shall be reused or composted at the site or removed from the site and recycled, composted or disposed of in accordance with the Department's Solid Waste Management

- Regulations at 25 Pa. Code 260.1 et. seq., 271.1 et. seq. and 287.1 et. seq. . Anticipated PCSM BMP waste materials from the project site include the following: accumulated sediments, accumulated debris and trash, leaves, grass clippings, garden residue, tree trimmings, chippings, garden residue, garden resid
- shrubbery and other vegetative material. SOIL INFORMATION: oil information for the site was obtained from the US Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources
- onservation Service Web Soil Survey website
- A Abbottstown silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, soil group d restrictions: 18 to 22 inches to fragipan; 46 to 50 inches to lithic bedrock, depth to water table about 6 to
- A Buckingham silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, , soil group b/d
- restrictions: 20 to 40 inches to fragipan; 80 to 99 inches to lithic bedrock, depth to water table about 6 to
- Readington silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, soil group c restrictions: 20 to 36 inches to fragipan; 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock, depth to water table about 18 to
- nB Reaville silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, soil group d
- restrictions: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock, depth to water table about 6 to 36 inches.
- usB Urban Land-Udorthents shale and sandstone complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes
- restrictions: 10 to 99 inches to lithic bedrock
- . Refer to the NOI for information on the type, depth, slope, physical characteristics, use limitations and resolutions for use limitations of the delineated soils.

UNDERGROUND UTILITY NOTE



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POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS

ALLEBACH TRACT

PREPARED FOR

502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC SITE SITUATE IN FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA



358 Harleysville Pike, Suite 150

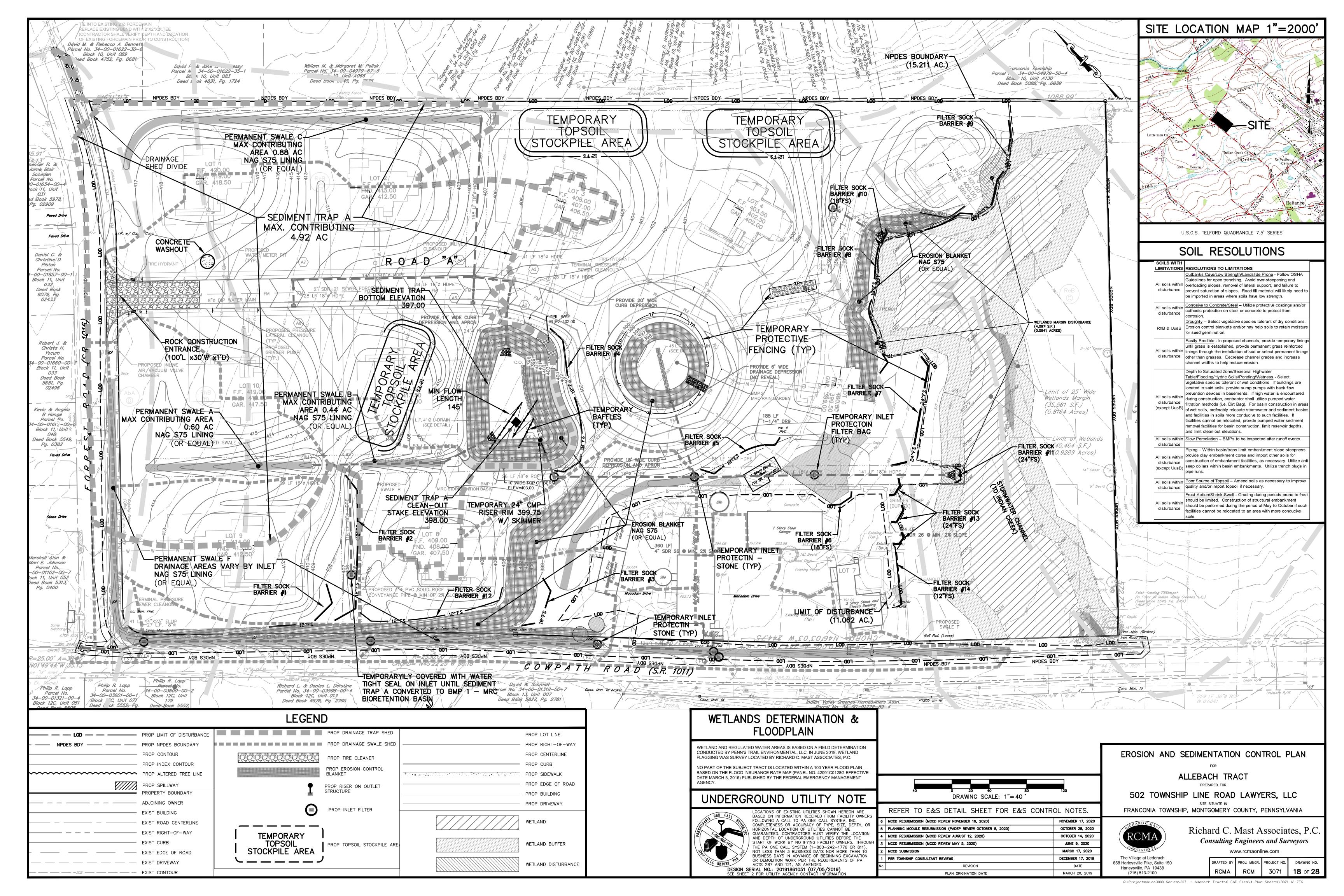
Richard C. Mast Associates, P.O. Consulting Engineers and Surveyors www.rcmaonline.com

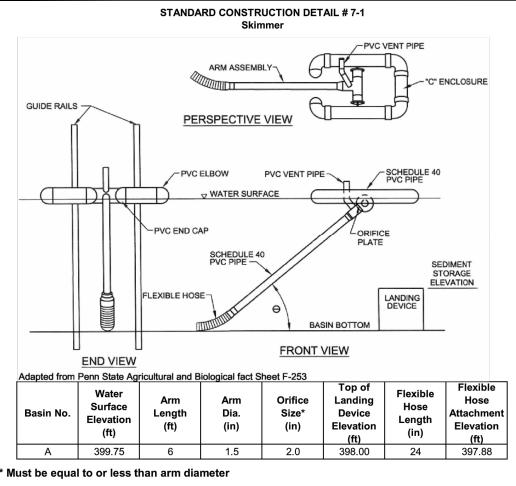
PROJ. MNGR. PROJECT NO. DRAWING NO.

3071 **RCMA RCM**

Harleysville, PA 19438 (215) 513-2100

DRAFTED BY





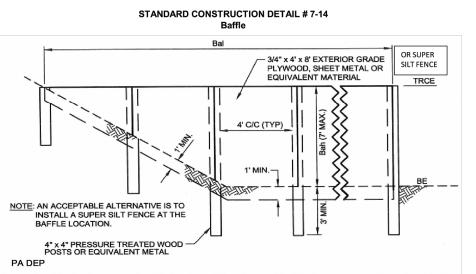
A rope shall be attached to the skimmer arm to facilitate access to the skimmer once installed Skimmer shall be inspected weekly and after each runoff event.

Any malfunctioning skimmer shall be repaired or replaced within 24 hours of inspection. Ice or sediment buildup around the principal spillway shall be removed so as to allow the skimmer to respond to fluctuating water elevations.

Sediment shall be removed from the basin when it reaches the level marked on the sediment clean out stake or the top of the landing device

A semi-circular landing zone may be substituted for the guide rails (Standard Construction Detail # 7

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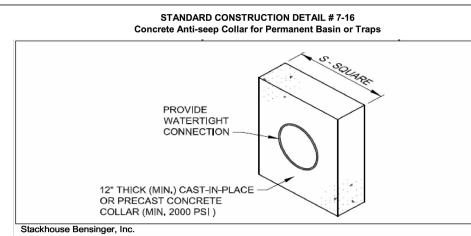
In pools with depths exceeding 7', the top of the plywood baffle does not need to extend to the emporary riser crest. Super Silt Fence baffles need not extend to TRCE elevation.

		LENGTH	HEIGHT	CREST ELEV	BOTTOM EL
	BASIN OR	Bal	Bah	TRCE	BE
	TRAP NO.	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)
	Α	61	2.75	399.75	397.00
	Α	49	2.75	399.75	397.00
	Α	35	2.75	399.75	397.00

See appropriate basin detail for proper location and orientation Baffles shall be tied into one side of the basin unless otherwise shown on the plan drawings

Substitution of materials not specified in this detail shall be approved by the Department or the local conservation district before installatio Damaged or warped baffles shall be replaced within 7 days of inspection.

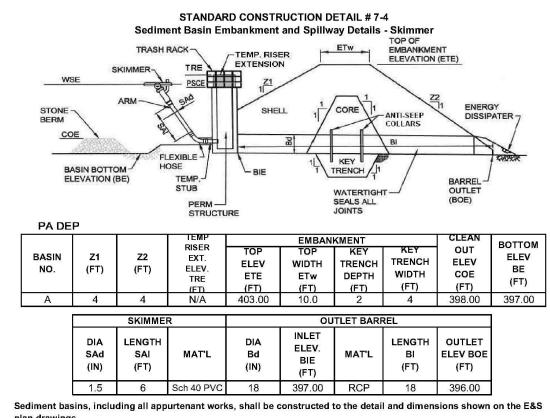
Baffles requiring support posts shall not be installed in basins requiring impervious liners.



All collars shall be installed so as to be watertight Collar size and spacing shall be as indicated below.

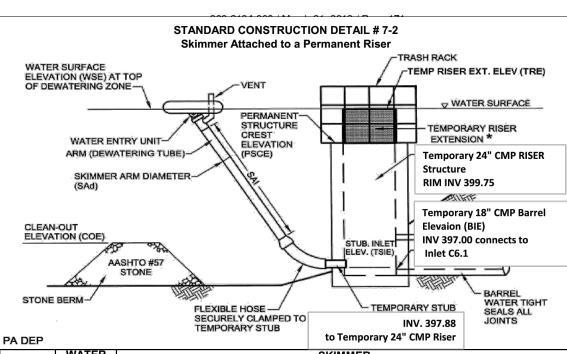
NOTE: This table is intentionally blank and should be filled in by the plan preparer

				Distance	
Basin or Trap	Pipe Size			to 1st Collar	Collar Spa
No.	(in)	S (in)	No. of Collars	(ft)	(ft)
Trap A / BMP 1	18	42	2	9	9



plan drawings. Area under embankment shall be cleared, grubbed, and stripped of topsoil to a depth of two feet prior to any placemen and compaction of earthen fill. In order to facilitate maintenance and restoration, the pool area shall be cleared of all brush, trees, and objectionable material. Fill material for the embankments shall be free of roots, or other woody vegetation, organic material, large stones, and other objectionable materials. The embankment shall be compacted in layered lifts of not more than 6" to 9". The maximum rock size shall be no greater than 2/3 the lift thickness. Jpon completion, the embankment shall be seeded, mulched, blanketed or otherwise stabilized according to the

specifications of the E&S plan drawings. Trees shall not be planted on the embankment. Inspect all sediment basins on at least a weekly basis and after each runoff event. Provide access for sediment removal and other required maintenance activities. A clean out stake shall be placed near the center of each basin. Accumulated sediment shall be removed when it has reached the clean out elevation on the stake and the basin restored to its original dimensions. Dispose of materials removed from the basin in the manner described in the E&S plan. Basin embankments, spillways, and outlets shall be inspected for erosion, piping and settlement. Necessary repairs shall be immediately. Displaced riprap within the outlet energy dissipater shall be replaced immediately. Accumulated sediment shall be removed and disturbed areas shall be stabilized inside the basin before conversion to a stormwater management facility. The device shown in Standard Construction Detail #7-16 may be used to dewater saturated sediment prior to its removal. Rock filters shall be added as necessary.



	WAIER				SKIMI	MER			
BASIN	SURFACE	ORIF	ICE		ARM	·	FL	EXIBLE HO	DSE
	ELEV.			DIA	LENGTH				
NO.	WSE	DIA	HEAD	SAd	SAI	MAT'L	DIA	LENGTH	MAT'L
	(FT)	(IN)	(FT)	(IN)	(FT)		(IN)	(FT)	
Α	399.75	2.0	2.0	1.5	6	Sch 40 PVC	1.5	24	HDPE
TEN	IPORARY S	TUB	TE	MPORARY RI	SER	RISE	R EXTENS	ION	BARREL
TEN	IPORARY S	TUB	TE CREST		SER PENING	RISE CREST		ION PENING	BARREL INLET
TEN INSIDE									
	INVERT	TUB MAT'L	CREST	HORIZ C	PENING	CREST			INLET
INSIDE	INVERT ELEV.		CREST ELEV.	HORIZ C	PENING WIDTH	CREST ELEV.	HORIZ C	PENING	INLET ELEV.

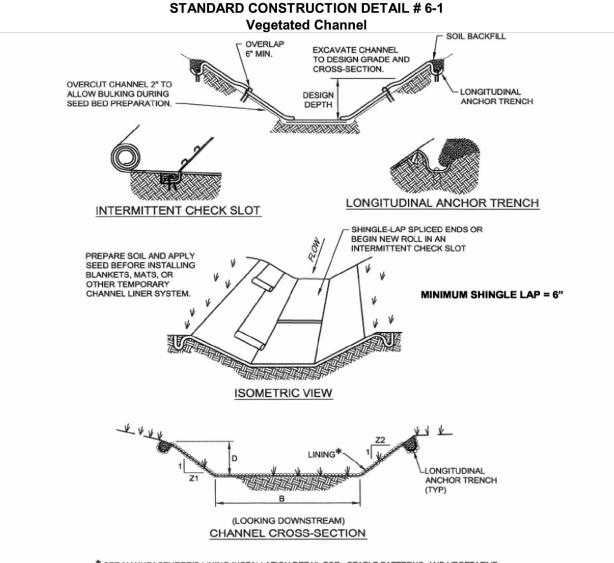
provided. Temporary stub invert elevation shall be set at or below sediment clean-out elevation. A rope shall be attached to the skimmer arm to facilitate access to the skimmer once installed. Skimmer shall be inspected weekly and after each runoff event.

All orifices on permanent riser below temporary riser extension shall have water-tight temporary seals

Any malfunctioning skimmer shall be repaired or replaced within 24 hours of inspection.

Ice or sediment buildup around the principal spillway shall be removed so as to allow the skimmer to respond to fluctuating water elevations.

Sediment shall be removed from the basin when it reaches the level marked on the sediment clean-out stake or the top of the stone berm. See Standard Construction Detail # 7-3 for configuration of stone berm.



* SEE MANUFACTURER'S LINING INSTALLATION DETAIL FOR STAPLE PATTERNS, AND VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL AMENDMENTS, SEED MIXTURES AND MULCHING

Adapted from Salix Applied Earthcare - Erosion Draw 5.0

ROTTOM

		WIDTH	DEPTH	WIDTH			
CHANNEL		В	D	w	Z 1	Z2	
NO.	STATIONS	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	(FT)	LINING*
Swale A		2	1	10	4	4	S75 /veg
Swale B		2	1	12	5	5	S75 /veg
Swale C		2	1	12	6	4	S75 /veg
Swale F4		0.5	1	9.5	6	3	S75 /veg
Swale F3		0.5	1	9.5	6	3	S75 /veg
Swale F2		0.5	1	9.5	6	3	S75 /veg
Swale F1		0.5	1	8.5	6	2	S75 /veg
Swale F		0.5	1	8.5	6	2	S75 /veg

TOP

Anchor trenches shall be installed at beginning and end of channel in the same manner as longitudinal

Channel dimensions shall be constantly maintained. Channel shall be cleaned whenever total channel dept is reduced by 25% at any location. Sediment deposits shall be removed within 24 hours of discovery or as soon as soil conditions permit access to channel without further damage. Damaged lining shall be repaired or replaced within 48 hours of discovery.

No more than one third of the shoot (grass leaf) shall be removed in any mowing. Grass height shall be maintained between 2 and 3 inches unless otherwise specified. Excess vegetation shall be removed from permanent channels to ensure sufficient channel capacity.

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #9-1 Riprap Apron at Pipe Outlet with Flared End Section or Endwall **PLAN VIEW ▼**< 0% SLOPE > **SECTION Y-Y GEOTEXTILE ELEVATION VIEW** PA DEP

		RIPRAP		APRON		
OUTLET NO.	PIPE DIA Pd (IN)	SIZE (R)	THICK. Rt (IN)	LENGTH AI (FT)	INITIAL WIDTH Aiw (FT)	TERMINAL WIDTH Atw (FT)
A1	24	R-4	18	9	6	12
B1	18	R-4	18	9	5	11
C1	18	R-4	18	9	5	11
E1	18	R-4	18	9	5	11

All aprons shall be constructed to the dimensions shown. Terminal widths shall be adjusted as necessary to match receiving channels.

All aprons shall be inspected at least weekly and after each runoff event. Displaced riprap within the apron shall be replaced immediately.

EROSION CONTROL NOTES

Earth disturbance activities for the project site has been planned and designed, to the extent practicable, in order to accomplish the following:

described in the E&S Plan

1.1. The E&S Plan will, to the extent practicable, minimize the extent and duration of the earth disturbance by minimizing the limit of disturbance to only those areas required for the planned development of the site and by sequencing construction activities, as specified in the E&S Plan, to minimize the duration of construction activities

1.2. The E&S Plan will, to the extent practicable, maximize protection of existing drainage features and vegetation by minimizing the limit of disturbance to only those areas required for the planned development of the site and by minimizing disturbance of areas that may adversely affect existing site drainage features.

1.3. The E&S Plan will, to the extent practicable, minimize soil compaction by minimizing the limit o disturbance, and restricting construction activities and vehicles to within the limit of disturbance to only those areas required for the planned development of the site.

Erosion and Sediment pollution Control Program Manual for the design of the proposed BMP's

1.4. The E&S Plan will, to the extent practicable, utilize measures or controls that prevent or mining the generation of increased stormwater runoff by applying the guidelines presented in the PADEP

All earth disturbances, including clearing and grubbing as well as cuts and fills shall be done in accordance with the approved E&S plan. A copy of the approved drawings (stamped, signed and dated by the reviewing agency) must be available at the project site at all times. The reviewing agency shall be notified of any changes to the approved plan prior to implementation of those changes. The reviewing

agency may require a written submittal of those changes for review and approval at its discretion. At least 7 days prior to starting any earthmoving activities, including clearing and grubbing, the owner and/or operator shall invite all contractors, the landowner, appropriate municipal officials, the E&S plan preparer, the PCSM plan preparer, the licensed professional responsible for oversight of critical stages of implementation of the PCSM plan, and a representative from the local conversation district to an on-site preconstruction meeting

Upon installation or stabilization of all perimeter sediment control BMPs and at least three (3) days prior to proceeding with the bulk earth disturbance activities, the Permittee or Co-permittee shall provide notification to Township

At least 3 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities, or expanding into an area previously unmarked, the Pennsylvania One Call System, Inc. shall be notified at 1-800-242-1776 for the location of existing underground utilities.

All earth disturbance activities shall proceed in accordance with the sequence provided on the plan drawings. Deviation from the sequence must be approved by the Township Engineer prior to implementation. Each step of the sequence shall be completed before proceeding to the next step except where noted.

construction sequence. General site clearing, grubbing and topsoil stripping may not commence in any stage or phase of the project until E&S BMPs specified by the BMP sequence for that stage or phase have been installed and are functioning as described in this E&S plan. These areas must be clearly marked and fenced off before clearing and grubbing operation begin.

Clearing, grubbing, and topsoil stripping shall be limited to those areas described in each stage of the

Topsoil required for the establishment of vegetation shall be stockpiled at the location(s) shown on the plan map(s) in the amount necessary to complete the finish grading of all exposed areas that are to be stabilized by vegetation. Each stockpile shall be protected in the manner shown on the plan drawings. Stockpile height shall not exceed 35 feet. Stockpile slopes shall be 2H:1V or flatter.

Immediately upon discovering unforeseen circumstances posing the potential for accelerated erosion and/or sediment pollution, the operator shall implement appropriate best management practices to minimize the potential for erosion and sediment pollution. 10. All off-site waste and borrow areas must have an E&S plan approved by the local conservation district

.. All pumping of water from any work area shall be done according to the procedure described in this plan, over undisturbed vegetated areas. All water pumped from a disturbed area must be treated for sediment removal prior to discharging to a surface water. Pumped water may be discharged through a properly functioning sediment trap or sediment basin or through a sediment control BMP such as a

or the PADEP fully implemented prior to being activated

pumped water filter bag. L2. A Rock Construction Entrance shall be installed wherever it is known that construction vehicles will be

exiting onto a roadway (public or private). 3. Sediment tracked onto any public roadway or sidewalk shall be returned to the construction site immediately and disposed of in the manner described in this plan. In no case shall the sediment be washed, shoveled, or swept into any roadside ditch, storm sewer, or surface wate

4. Areas which are to be topsoiled shall be scarified to a minimum depth of 3 to 5 inches, 6 to 12 inches on compacted soils, prior to placement of topsoil. Areas to be vegetated shall have a minimum 6 inches of topsoil in place prior to seeding and mulching. Fill outslopes shall have a minimum of 2 inche Seeps or springs encountered during construction shall be handled in accordance with the standard ar specification for subsurface drain of other approved method.

L6. E&S BMPs shall remain functional as such until all areas tributary to them are permanently stabilize until they are replaced by another BMP approved by the local conservation district or the PADEP. 7. Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all disturbed areas. the owner and/or operator shall contact the local conservation district for an inspection prior to

removal/conversion of primary E&S BMPs. 8. After final site stabilization has been achieved, temporary E&S BMPs must be removed or converted to PCSM BMPs. Areas disturbed during removal or conversion of the BMPs shall be stabilized

immediately. In order to ensure rapid revegetation of disturbed areas, such removal/conversions are to be done only during the germinating season.). Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all disturbed areas, the owner and/or operator shall contact the local conservation district to schedule a final inspection 20. Failure to correctly install E&S BMPs, failure to prevent sediment-laden runoff from leaving the construction site, or failure to take immediate corrective action to resolve failure of E&S BMPs may result in administrative, civil and/or criminal penalties being instituted by the PADEP as defined in

Section 602 of the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law. The Clean Streams Law provides for up to \$10,000 per civil penalties, up to \$10,000 in summary criminal penalties, and up to \$25,000 in misdemeanor criminal penalties for each violation. BMP Maintenance and Monitoring:

 Until the site is stabilized, all E&S BMPs shall be maintained properly. Maintenance shall include inspections of all E&S BMPs after each runoff event and on a weekly basis. All preventative and remedial maintenance work, including clean out, repair, replacement, regrading, reseeding, remulching and renetting must be performed immediately. If E&S BMPs fail to perform as expected, replacement BMPs, or modifications of those installed will be required. 22. A log showing dates that E&S BMPs were inspected as well as any deficiencies found and the date they

were corrected shall be maintained on the site and be made available to regulatory agency officials at the time of inspection. Maintain all erosion control facilities through the working period of each area. Contractor shall remov accumulated sediment to maintain effectiveness of erosion control facilities when capacity is reduced

by a maximum of 25 %. 4. All sediment removed from BMPs shall be disposed of in the manner described on the plan drawings. Sediment removed from BMPs shall be disposed of in landscape areas outside of steep slopes, wetlands, floodplains or drainage swales and immediately stabilized, or placed in topsoil stockpiles

5. Stormwater inlets must be protected until the tributary areas are stabilized. Sediment must be removed from stormwater inlet protection after each runoff event. The use of mastic or equivalent is recomended in all inlets located within grassed areas and PCSM BMP areas to prevent soil from migrating into the storm sewer or infiltration area through unsealed joints in the box and top. 5. Sediment must be removed from silt fence/silt sock whenever accumulated sediment reaches ½ above ground height of silt fencing/silt sock. Any silt fencing/silt sock, which has been undermined or topped,

Receiving Surface Waters . The project site drains to an unnamed tributary of the Indian Creek, which is in the East Branch of the Perkiomen Creek Watershed and an unnamed tributary of East Branch Perkiomen Creek. The classification pursuant to Chapter 93 and the Statewide Existing Use Listing is TSF, MF for both

shall be replaced with rock filter outlets immediately.

Construction Vehicles: 28. At no time shall construction vehicles be allowed to enter the areas outside the limit of disturbance boundaries shown on the plan maps. These areas must be clearly marked and fenced off before clearing and grubbing operations begin

29. Construction vehicles must exit the site through an installed Rock Construction Entrance. Constructio vehicles are prohibited from exiting the site through any other access way. Recycling and Disposal of Waste Materials:

30. All building materials and wastes must be removed from the site and recycled or disposed of in

accordance with the Department's Solid Waste Management Regulations at 25 Pa. Code Ch. 260a (relating to hazardous waste management system: general), Ch. 271 (relating to municipal waste management system - general provisions), and Ch. 287 (relating to residual waste management system - general provisions). No building materials or wastes or unused building materials shall be burned, buried, dumped, or discharged at the site.

L. Anticipated construction/demolition waste materials from the project include the following: E&S BMP materials, wood, plaster, metals, asphaltic substances, bricks, block and unsegregated concrete. 32. Under no circumstances may E&S BMPs be used for temporary storage of demolition materials or construction wastes.

33. All sediment removed from BMPs shall be disposed of in the manner described on the plan drawings. 4. Trash is to be disposed of properly and recycled when possible.

35. Concrete Washout: A suitable washout facility must be provided for the cleaning of chutes, mixers, and hoppers of the concrete delivery vehicles. Under no circumstances may wash water from these vehicle be allowed to enter any surface waters.

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW NOVEMBER 16, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW AUGUST 12, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW MAY 5, 2020)

PER TOWNSHIP CONSULTANT REVIEWS

MCCD SUBMISSION

PLANNING MODULE RESUBMISSION (PADEP REVIEW OCTOBER 8, 2020)

REVISION

PLAN ORIGINATION DATE

6. The contractor is responsible for ensuring that any material brought on the site is clean fill. Form FP-001 must be retained by the property owner for any fill material affected by a spill or release of a regulated substance but qualifying as clean fill due to analytical testing.

Clean Fill is defined as: Uncontaminated, non-water soluble, non-decomposable, inert, solid material to include soil, rock, stone, dredged material, used asphalt, and brick, block or concrete from construction and demolition activities that is separate from other waste and is recognizable as such. he term does not include materials placed in or on the waters of the Commonwealth unless otherw authorized. The term "used asphalt" does not include milled asphalt or asphalt that has been

Environmental due diligence: The applicant must perform environmental due diligence to determine the fill materials associated with the project qualify as clean fill. Environmental due diligence is define as: Investigative techniques, including, but not limited to, visual property inspections, electronic data base searches, review of property ownership, review of property use history. Sanborn maps. environmental questionnaires, transaction screens, analytical testing, environmental assessments or audits. Analytical testing is not a required part of due diligence unless visual inspection and/or review of the past land use of the property indicates that the fill may have been subjected to a spill or release of regulated substance. If the fill may have been affected by a spill or release of a regulated substance, it must be tested to determine if it qualifies as clean fill. Testing should be performed in accordance with Appendix A of the Department's policy "Management of Fill."

). Fill material that does not qualify as clean fill is regulated fill. Regulated fill is waste and must be managed in accordance with the Department's municipal or residual waste regulations based on 25 P Code Chapters 287 Residual Waste Management or 271 Municipal Waste Management, whichever is applicable. These regulations are available on-line at www.pacode.com.

10. Areas to be filled are to be cleared, grubbed, and stripped of topsoil to remove trees, vegetation, rooi and other objectionable materia

related problems. Fill intended to support buildings, structures and conduits, etc. shall be compacted i accordance with local requirements and codes 2. All earthen fills shall be placed in compacted lavers not to exceed 9 inches in thickness unless otherwi

. All fills shall be compacted as required to reduce erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence or other

3. Fill materials shall be free of frozen particles, brush, roots, sod, or foreign or objectionable materials that would interfere with or prevent construction of satisfactory fills

Frozen materials of soft, mucky, or highly compressible materials shall not be incorporated into fills. Fill shall not be placed on saturated or frozen surfaces. nporary Stabilization and Permanent Stabilizatior . Immediately after earth disturbance activities cease in any area or subarea of the project, the operato

shall stabilize all disturbed areas. During non-germinating months, mulch or protective blanketing shal be applied as described in the plan. Areas not at finished grade, which will be reactivated within 1 year nay be stabilized in accordance with the temporary stabilization specifications. Those areas which will not be reactivated within one 1 year shall be stabilized in accordance with the permanent stabilization

Upon completion or temporary cessation of the earth disturbance activity in a special protection watershed, that portion of the project site tributary to the special protection waters must be immediately stabilized. In all other watersheds, cessation of activity for at least 4 days requires temporary stabilization.

All graded areas shall be permanently stabilized immediately upon reaching finished grade. In no case should an area exceeding 15,000 square feet, which is to be stabilized by vegetation, reach final grade without being seeded and mulched. Cut slopes in competent bedrock and rock fills need not be vegetated. Seeded areas within 50 feet of a surface water, or as otherwise shown on the plan drawir shall be blanked according to the standards of this plan.

Permanent stabilization is defined as a minimum uniform, perennial 70% vegetative cover or other permanent non-vegetative cover with a density sufficient to resist accelerated erosion. Cut and fill slopes shall be capable of resisting failure due to slumping, sliding, or other movements.

Temporary seed mix: 100% Annual ryegrass (98% purity, 90% germination). Apply at a rate of 50 Permanent seeding mix (minimum requirement - refer to the Landscape Plan for additional seeding

a) Lawn and swale areas: 20% Perennial Ryegrass mixture, a combination of improved certified variet with no one variety exceeding 50% of the total (98% purity, 90% germination, applied at 20 lbs/acre) 30% Pennlawn Red Fescue (98% purity, 85% germination, applied at 30 lbs/acre), 50% Kentucky Bluegrass mixture, a mixture of improved certified varieties with no one variety exceeding 25% of the

total (98% purity, 80% germination, applied at 55 lbs/acre). b) Non-mowed areas: 70% Tall Fescue (98% purity, 85% germination applied at 73 lbs/acre), 30% Creeping Red Fescue or Chewings Fescue (98% purity, 85% germination applied at 30 lbs/acre). In the absence of a soil test, apply agricultural limestone at a rate of 240 lbs/1000 sf and fertilizer (10-20-20) at a rate of 25 lbs/1000 sf per acre for permanent stabilization and apply agricultural limestone at a rate of 40 lbs/1000 sf and fertilizer (10-20-20) at a rate of 12.5 lbs/1000 sf per acre for temporary stabilization. Fertilizer and limestone shall be worked into the soil to a depth of approximately one inch and the surface rolled. Permanent vegetation should be established at the earliest possible date. Watering, mowing and fertilizing programs shall be continued until vegetative

cover is well established. Straw or hay mulch, at the rate of 3.0 tons/acres, must be applied in conjunction with all temporary and permanent seeding activities. Straw mulch should be applied in long strands, not chopped or fine broken. Mulch shall be applied immediately after seeding and shall be anchored, crimped or tackified

. Mulch held in place with netting shall be installed on slopes of 8% or steeper. Erosion Control Blanket shall be used on slopes that are 3H:1V or steeper and where potential exists for sediment pollution to receiving waters.

mmediately after application to prevent being windblow

Diversions, channels, sediment basins, sediment traps and stockpiles must be stabilized immediately. ity Line Trench Excavation 54. Limit advance clearing and grubbing operations to a distance equal to two times the length of pipe installation that can be completed in one day.

55. Work crews and equipment for trenching, placement of pipe, plug construction and backfilling will be operations. . All soil excavated from the trench will be placed on the uphill side of the trencl

7. Limit daily trench excavation to the length of pipe placement, plug installation and backfilling that cal be completed the same day. Daily backfilling of the trench may be delayed for a maximum of six days for certain cases requiring testing of the installed pipe.

3. Water that accumulates in the open trench will be completely removed by pumping before pipe placement and/or backfilling begins. Water removed from the trench shall be pumped through a

9. On the day following pipe placement and trench backfilling, the disturbed area will be graded to final D. Soils excavated from existing surface layer should be stockpiled separately and returned as final surfa layer following trench backfilling.

. Sod shall be the same as the seed mix, and shall be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of 3/4", pli or minus 1/4", at the time of cutting. Measurement for thickness shall exclude top growth and thatch Sod shall be harvested, delivered and installed within a period of 36 hours.

During periods of excessively high temperature or in areas having dry subsoil, the subsoil shall be light irrigated immediately prior to laying the sod. The first row of sod shall be laid in a straight line with

subsequent rows placed parallel to and tightly wedged against each other. Lateral joints shall be staggered to promote more uniform growth and strength. Ensure that sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent voids that would cause air-drying of the roots. Wherever possible, sod shall be laid with the long edges parallel to the contours. Sod shall be rolled and tamped, pegged or otherwise secured to prevent slippage on slopes and to ensure solic contact between sod roots and the underlying soil surface. Sod shall be watered immediately followi rolling or tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and soil surface below the sod is thoroughly wet. The operations of laying, tamping and irrigating for any piece of sod shall be completed within

In the absence of adequate rainfall, watering shall be performed daily or as often as necessary during the first week and in sufficient quantities to maintain moist soil to a depth of 4". After the first week sod watering is required as necessary to maintain adequate moisture content.

4. Soil information for the site was obtained from the US Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey website.

AbA Abbottstown silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes BwA Buckingham silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes,

ReB Readington silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes. RhB Reaville silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes.

UusB Urban land - Udorthents, shale and sandstone complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes. Refer to the E&S Modlule 1 for information on the type, depth, slope, physical characteristics, use limitations, and resolutions for use limitations of the delineated soils.

During earthmoving activities disturbed areas will be temporarily seeded and mulched to minimize t rate of runoff from the project site. Impacts are minimized by filtering the surface water through the filter socks. Existing areas adjacent to the natural flow path through the site will be preserved with wi serve to reduce thermal impacts.

NOVEMBER 17, 2020

OCTOBER 28, 2020

OCTOBER 14, 2020

JUNE 9, 2020 MARCH 17, 2020

DECEMBER 17, 2019

DATE

MARCH 20, 2019

EARTHWORK STAGING

n order to keep erosion and sediment pollution during construction to an absolute minimum, the follo

rocedures and stages shall be followed: Install initial E&S Controls:

1.1. Install Rock Construction Entrance off of Forrest Road as shown. 1.2. (CRITICAL STAGE Contact licensed Professional) Install construction stakeout for limit of disturbance, safety fencing (Proposed Infiltration BMPs), tree fencing and Filter Barriers.

(CRITICAL STAGE Contact licensed Professional) Install tree protection fencing and Filter Barriers 1.4. Contractor to install, or cause to have installed, location markers for existing underground utilitie crossing through the project site, including but not limited to underground electric, water, sewer

and gas lines. 1.5. Install Concrete Washout Station (see Figure 3.18). Install filter sock below demolition area and remove existing structure and paving as shown.

Site wide clearing/grubbing and construction of proposed improvements may begin ONLY after the sediment trap facility is constructed and fully functional. Construct Sediment Trap A 1.1. Ensure filter sock is installed below proposed berm.

4.2. Clear vegetation as necessary to construct the Sediment Trap and associated grading. Strip topsoi over Sediment Trap area and stockpile where shown. Install filter sock barrier below stockpile. 4.3. Rough grade Sediment Trap to design subgrade. 4.4. Install riprap and construct outfall storm run C1-C6.1 including specified anti-seep collars.

Construct swale around existing buildings on Lot 7 to Inlet C3. 4.5. Seal all side openings (permanent condition) on outlet structure C6.1 with marine grade plywoo and marine grade sealant. (Do not cover/seal top grate). Temporary covers/seals to remain unti conversion to the permanent condition. No plywood riser is necessary (top-of-dewatering zone is

4.6. Install Temporary barrel and skimmer to structure C6.1, clean-out stake, stone berm and spillwa lining. Permanent orifice plate is not to be installed on outlet structure C6.2 until conversion to the permanent condition 4.7. (Permanent facility planting soil mixture and underdrain to be installed later). Bulk grading and construction of proposed underground utilities may be completed concurrently.

Construct roadway widening, associated storm sewer, and swale F. Perform bulk cuts/fills and rough grade project site: 7.1. Strip and stockpile topsoil over project site. After stockpiling is completed, stabilize stockpiles with

temporary seed and mulch. Temporary topsoil stockpile is to be placed to direct surface flows to Temporary Sediment Trap A. 7.2 Perform bulk cuts & fills. Proposed roadway construction is to be completed so as to ensure all intended runoff from the for storm runs A and B are directed into the sediment trap, until such time as storm A1-A8 and storm B1-B4 are constructed. Stub pipe run to Structure B5 with a visual

7.3. Rough grade driveways, parking areas, and building pad to design subgrade. Begin construction of proposed building and associated improvements. Construct proposed sanitary sewer lateral and potable water service. If left short of the building wall, demarcate the stubs by visual marker

Install all remaining underground utilities. . Construct all remaining storm sewers and swales.

below T.G. elevation).

Complete roadway (to macadam base course): 12.1. Finish grade areas for curb installation and construct curbs.

12.2. Remove site Tire Cleaner and install stone base course and bituminous base courses. 12.3. All construction equipment and vehicles shall now enter all disturbed areas over individual Tire Complete construction of all proposed improvements and utilities (except construction of those area

containing temporary sediment facilities, construction of permanent BMPS, and placement of Amended Planting Soil in basins and gardens. . An area shall be considered to have achieved final stabilization when it has a minimum uniform 70% (percent) vegetative or other permanent non-vegetative cover with a density sufficient to resist

accelerated surface erosion and subsurface characteristics sufficient to resist sliding and other

5. (CRITICAL STAGE Contact licensed Professional) Following final stabilization of Lot 4 construction BMF

3-Infiltration Trench in accordance with BMP Detail on P.C.S.M. Plan Details. Conservation District approval is required prior to removal of E&S Controls (refer to E&S Notes). Permanent BMPs (BMP 1-MRC Bioretention Basin and BMP 2-MRC Rain Garden) may be constructed/installed only after all proposed improvements within the contributing drainage area are

constructed and all disturbance within the contributing drainage area has achieved final stabilization . (CRITICAL STAGE Contact licensed Professional) Following final stabilization of Lots 1-3 and 8-11, convert Sediment Trap A to BMP 1-MRC Bioretention Basin: 18.1. While temporary skimmer remains, remove baffles and c.o. stake. Excavate sediment from trap

and distribute around basin. 18.2. Prepare subgrade and install HPDE Liner according to notes and details. 18.3. Finish grade embankments and construct DW Endwall C6.2 and pipe run to Outlet Structure C6.1 Stabilize with erosion slope matting and permanent seed. Install specified matting over spillway

and to interior and exterior top-of-slope. 18.4. From outside the basin bottom area, construct the basin bottom BMP as per BMP Detail and in accordance with the P.C.S.M Plan

18.5. Once stabilized, remove temporary skimmer and outlet structure opening covers. 18.6. Install permanent facility control structures and/or orifice plates. 18.7. Install Planting Soil Mixture as depicted on plans. Remove remaining temporary erosion control measures and distribute collected sediment area

adjacent to controls. All areas disturbed during removal of controls must be stabilized immediately.

Restore and/or repair all paved roadway and driveway base courses as necessary and restore all iten affected by construction activities (i.e. signs, mailboxes, etc.). Complete all township inspection / punch-list items. Install all remaining bituminous wearing courses. Install all permanent signage and striping. (CRITICAL STAGE Contact licensed Professional) Install BMP 4-all remaining landscaping. Upon permanent stabilization of earth disturbance activity under 25 PA. Code § 102.22(A)(2) (relati to permanent stabilization) and installation of BMPs in accordance with the approved plan prepared

and implemented in accordance with 25 PA. Code § 102.4 and 102.8, the Permittee and/or Co-permittee shall submit a N.O.T. Notice Of Termination) to the PADEP or authorized Conservation District. The Permittee shall include with the N.O.T. the required record drawings with a final certification statement from a licensed professional.

MONITORING, INSPECTION, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

receipt and acknowledgement of the NOT by the department or authorized conservation district. The visu site inspections and reports shall be completed in a format provided by the department, and conducted by gualified personnel, trained and experienced in erosion and sediment control, to ascertain that E&S BMF and PCSM BMPs are properly constructed and maintained to effectively minimize pollution to the waters this commonwealth. A written report of each inspection shall be kept and include at a minimum: . A summary of site conditions, E&S BMP and PCSM BMP, implementation and maintenance and

Where E&S, PCSM or PPC BMPs are found to be inoperative or ineffective during an inspection, or ar

The permittee and co permittee(s) must ensure that visual site inspections are conducted weekly, a

within 24 hours after each measurable rainfall event throughout the duration of construction and until the

compliance actions; and 2. The date, time, name and signature of the person conducting the inspection.

ONCOMPLIANCE REPORTING

other time, the permittee and co permittee(s) shall, within 24 hours, contact the department or authorize conservation district, by phone or personal contact, followed by the submission of a written report with 5 days of the initial contact. Noncompliance reports shall include the following information Any condition on the project site which may endanger public health, safety, or the environment, or involve incidents which cause or threaten pollution;

The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times and/or anticipated time when the activit will return to compliance Steps being taken to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance; and

2.4. The date or schedule of dates, and identifying remedies for correcting noncompliance conditions. EDUCTION, LOSS, OR FAILURE OF THE BMPS

Upon reduction, loss, or failure of the BMPs, the permittee and co_permittee shall take immediate action to restore the BMPs or provide an alternative method of treatment. Such restored BMPs or alternative treatment shall be at least as effective as the original BMPs.

NOT: Upon permanent stabilization of earth disturbance activities associated with construction activity that are authorized by this permit and when BMPs identified in the PCSM Plan have been properly installed, t permittee and/or co permittee of the facility must submit a NOT form that is signed in accordance wi Part B, Section 1.c, Signatory Requirements, of this permit. All letters certifying discharge termination as to be sent to the department or authorized conservation district. The NOT must contain the following information: facility name, address, and location, operator name and address, permit number, identificat and proof of acknowledgment from the person(s) who will be responsible for operation and maintenance of the PCSM BMPs in accordance with the approved PCSM Plan, and the reason for permit termination. U

violations occurring on the project site. DMPLETION CERTIFICATE AND FINAL PLANS

Within 30 days after the completion of earth disturbance activities authorized by this permit, including the permanent stabilization of the site and proper installation of PCSM BMPs in accordance with the approv PCSM Plan, or upon submission of the NOT if sooner, the permittee shall file with the department authorized conservation district a statement signed by a licensed professional and by the permi certifying that work has been performed in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit and the approved E&S and PCSM Plans.

the permittee has received written acknowledgement of the NOT, the permittee will remain responsible for

operating and maintaining all E&S BMPs and PCSM BMPs on the project site and will be responsible for

EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DETAILS ALLEBACH TRACT

502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC

SITE SITUATE IN FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

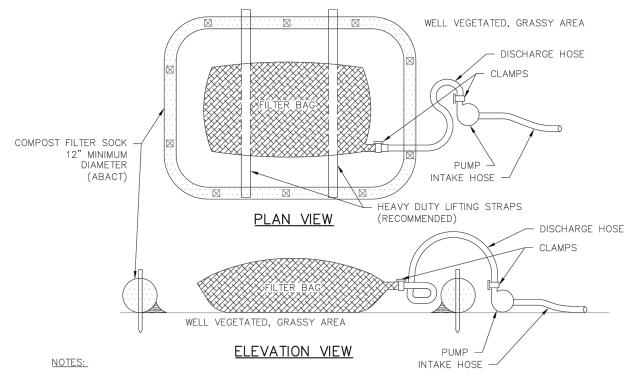


Richard C. Mast Associates, P.C. Consulting Engineers and Surveyors www.rcmaonline.com

> **RCMA** 3071 RCM

PROJ. MNGR. PROJECT NO. DRAWING NO.

DRAFTED BY



LOW VOLUME FILTER BAGS SHALL BE MADE FROM NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE MATERIAL SEWN WITH HIGH STRENGTH, DOUBLE STITCHED "J" TYPE SEAMS. THEY SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPING PARTICLES LARGER THAN 150 MICRONS. HIGH VOLUME FILTER BAGS SHALL BE MADE FROM WOVEN GEOTEXTILES THAT MEET THE

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	MINIMUM STANDARD
AVG. WIDE WIDTH STRENGTH	ASTM D-4884	60 LB/IN
GRAB TENSILE	ASTM D-4632	205 LB
PUNCTURE	ASTM D-4833	110 LB
MULLEN BURST	ASTM D-3786	350 PSI
UV RESISTANCE	ASTM D-4355	70%
AOS % RETAINED	ASTM D-4751	80 SIEVE

A SUITABLE MEANS OF ACCESSING THE BAG WITH MACHINERY REQUIRED FOR DISPOSAL PURPOSES SHALL BE PROVIDED. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED WHEN THEY BECOME 1/2 FULL OF SEDIMENT. SPARE BAGS SHALL BE KEPT AVAILABLE FOR REPLACEMENT OF THOSE THAT HAVE FAILED OR ARE FILLED. BAGS SHALL BE PLACED ON STRAPS TO FACILITATE REMOVAL UNLESS BAGS COME WITH LIFTING STRAPS ALREADY ATTACHED.

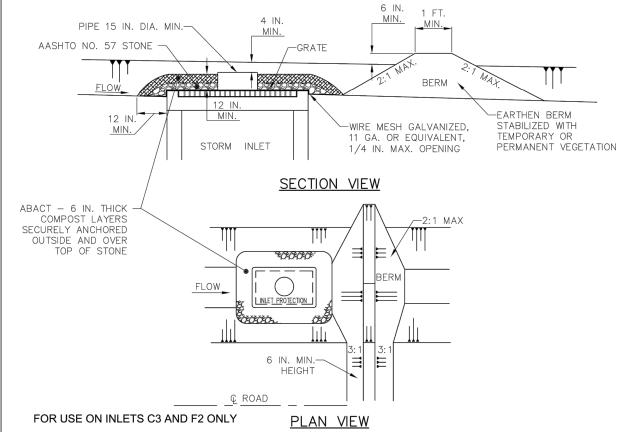
BAGS SHALL BE LOCATED IN WELL-VEGETATED (GRASSY) AREA, AND DISCHARGE ONTO STABLE, EROSION

RESISTANT AREAS. WHERE THIS IS NOT POSSIBLE, A GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT AND FLOW PATH SHALL BE PROVIDED. BAGS MAY BE PLACED ON FILTER STONE TO INCREASE DISCHARGE CAPACITY. BAGS SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 5%. FOR SLOPES EXCEEDING 5%, CLEAN ROCK OR OTHER NON-ERODIBLE AND NON-POLLUTING MATERIAL MAY BE PLACED UNDER THE BAG TO REDUCE SLOPE STEEPNESS. NO DOWNSLOPE SEDIMENT BARRIER IS REQUIRED FOR MOST INSTALLATIONS. COMPOST BERM OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHALL BE INSTALLED BELOW BAGS LOCATED IN HQ OR EV WATERSHEDS, WITHIN 50 FEET OF ANY RECEIVING SURFACE WATER OR WHERE GRASSY AREA IS NOT AVAILABLE.

THE PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE SHALL BE INSERTED INTO THE BAGS IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER AND SECURELY CLAMPED. A PIECE OF PVC PIPE IS RECOMMENDED FOR THIS PURPOSE. THE PUMPING RATE SHALL BE NO GREATER THAN 750 GPM OR 1/2 THE MAXIMUM SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER, WHICHEVER IS LESS. PUMP INTAKES SHALL BE FLOATING AND SCREENED.

FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED DAILY. IF ANY PROBLEM IS DETECTED, PUMPING SHALL CEASE IMMEDIATELY AND NOT RESUME UNTIL THE PROBLEM IS CORRECTED. STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #3-16

> PUMPED WATER FILTER BAG (ABACT) NOT TO SCALE



(INLET PROTECTION BEFORE ROADWAY STONED)

INLET PROTECTION SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED FOR INLET TRIBUTARY TO SEDIMENT BASIN OR TRAP. BERMS SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR ALL INSTALLATIONS NOT LOCATED AT A LOW POINT. ROLLED EARTHEN BERM IN ROADWAY SHALL BE PROVIDED AND MAINTAINED IMMEDIATELY DOWN GRADIENT OF THE PROTECTED INLET UNTIL ROADWAY IS STONED. ROAD SUBBASE BERM ON ROADWAY SHALL BE MAINTAINED <u>UNTIL</u>

ROADWAY IS PAVED. EARTHEN BERM IN CHANNEL SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT STABILIZATION IS COMPLETED
OR TO REMAIN PERMANENTLY.

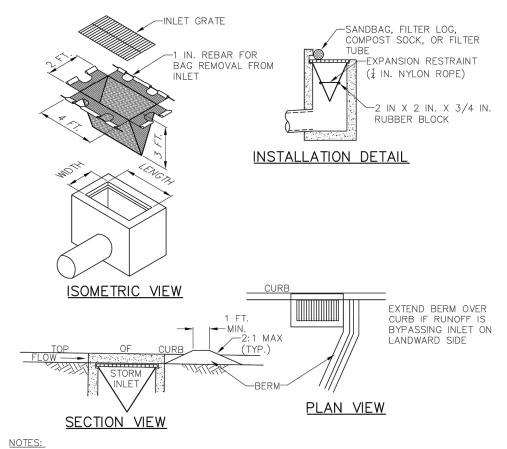
STONE INLET PROTECTION AND BERM FOR A TYPE M INLET CAN BE USED IN ONE ACRE MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA WITH 15 IN. OVERFLOW PIPE AND 4 IN. HEAD. A PERFORATED PLATE WELDED TO A METAL RISER MAY NOT BE SUBSTITUTED FOR THE WIRE MESH. A SLOTTED PLATE WELDED TO THE RISER MAY BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE WIRE MESH IF CALCULATIONS ARE PROVIDED TO SHOW SUFFICIENT CAPACITY OF THE INLET TO ACCEPT THE PEAK RUNOFF FOR A 2—YEAR STORM EVENT FROM THE TRIBUTARY DRAINAGE AREA. TOP OF PIPE SHALL BE AT LEAST 6 INCHES BELOW ADJACENT ROADWAY IF PONDED WATER WOULD POSE A SAFETY HAZARD TO TRAFFIC. EARTHEN BERM SHALL BE ROLLED.

ABACT: FOR SYSTEMS DISCHARGING TO HQ OR EV SURFACE WATER, A 6 IN. THICK COMPOST LAYER SHALL BE SECURELY ANCHORED ON OUTSIDE AND OVER TOP OF STONE. COMPOST SHALL MEET THE STANDARDS IN TABLE 4.2 OF THE PA DEP EROSION CONTROL MANUAL.

DO NOT USE ON MAJOR PAVED ROADWAYS WHERE PONDING MAY CAUSE TRAFFIC HAZARDS.

MAINTENANCE: SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE STONE. DAMAGED OR CLOGGED INSTALLATIONS SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED IMMEDIATELY.

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #4-20 STONE INLET PROTECTION AND BERM - TYPE M INLET (ABACT)



MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 1/2 ACRE.

INLET PROTECTION SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED FOR INLET TRIBUTARY TO SEDIMENT BASIN OR TRAP. BERMS SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR ALL INSTALLATIONS.

ROLLED EARTHEN BERM SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY IS STONED. ROAD SUBBASE BERM SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY IS PAVED. SIX INCH MINIMUM HEIGHT ASPHALT BERM SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY SURFACE RECEIVES FINAL COAT. AT A MINIMUM, THE FABRIC SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH OF 120 LBS, A MINIMUM BURST STRENGTH OF 200 PSI, AND A MINIMUM TRAPEZOIDAL TEAR STRENGTH OF 50 LBS. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPING ALL PARTICLES NOT PASSING A NO. 40 SIEVE.

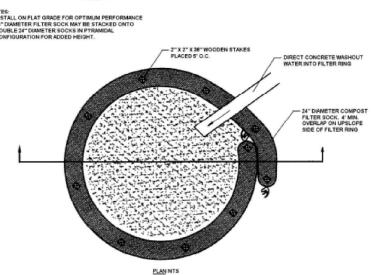
DO NOT USE ON MAJOR PAVED ROADWAYS WHERE PONDING MAY CAUSE TRAFFIC HAZARDS.

NULET FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED ON A WEEKLY BASIS AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. BAGS SHALL BE EMPTIED AND RINSED OR REPLACED WHEN HALF FULL OR WHEN FLOW CAPACITY HAS BEEN REDUCED SO AS TO CAUSE FLOODING OR BYPASSING OF THE INLET. DAMAGED OR CLOGGED BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED. A SUPPLY SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE FOR REPLACEMENT OF BAGS. ALL NEEDED REPAIRS SHALL BE INITIATED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE INSPECTION. DISPOSE OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AS WELL AS ALL USED BAGS ACCORDING TO THE PLAN NOTES.

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #4-15 FILTER BAG INLET PROTECTION - TYPE C INLET (ABACT)

NOT TO SCALE

FIGURE 3.18 Typical Compost Sock Washout Installation



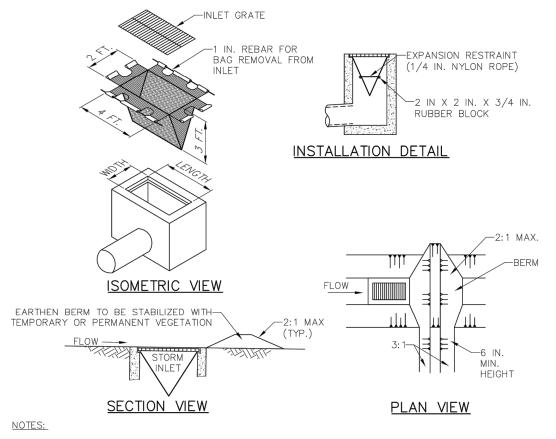
A suitable impervious geomembrane shall be placed at the location of the washout prior to installing the socks. Adapted from Filtrexx

Washwater Recycling Systems

Washwater recycling systems have also been developed with separate the solids from the washwater, capturing both in impermeable bags and allowing time to be recycled. These systems may be used in lieu of washouts if manufacturers' specifications are followed. Care must be taken to prevent the filtered water from entering any surface waters. Sediment Basins and Sediment Traps Sediment basins and sediment traps may not be used as concrete washout devices, since they discharge directly to

surface waters. MAINTENANCE:

All concrete washout facilities should be inspected daily. Damaged or leaking washouts should be deactivated and repaired or replaced immediately. Accumulated materials should be removed when they reach 75% capacity in accordance with waste disposal notes.



MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 1/2 ACRE.

INLET PROTECTION SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED FOR INLET TRIBUTARY TO SEDIMENT BASIN OR TRAP. BERMS SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR ALL INSTALLATIONS. ROLLED EARTHEN BERM IN ROADWAY SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY IS STONED. ROAD SUBBASE BERM ON ROADWAY SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY IS PAVED. EARTHEN BERM IN CHANNEL SHALL BE

MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT STABILIZATION IS COMPLETED OR REMAIN PERMANENTLY.

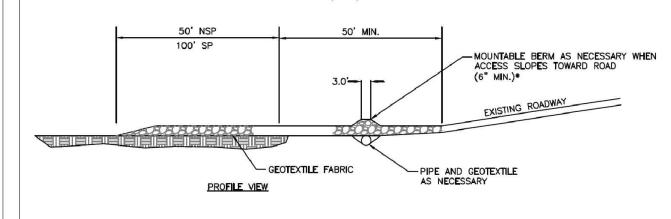
AT A MINIMUM, THE FABRIC SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH OF 120 LBS., A MINIMUM BURST STRENGTH OF 200 PSI, AND A MINIMUM TRAPEZOIDAL TEAR STRENGTH OF 50 LBS. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPING ALL PARTICLES NOT PASSING A NO. 40 SIEVE. DO NOT USE ON MAJOR PAVED ROADWAYS WHERE PONDING MAY CAUSE TRAFFIC HAZARDS.

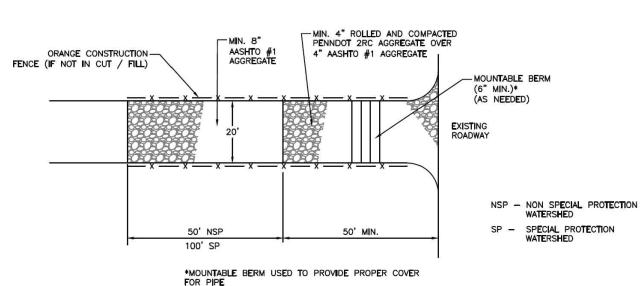
NLET FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED ON A WEEKLY BASIS AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. BAGS SHALL BE EMPTIED AND RINSED OR REPLACED WHEN HALF FULL OR WHEN FLOW CAPACITY HAS BEEN REDUCED SO AS TO CAUSE FLOODING OR BYPASSING OF THE INLET. DAMAGED OR CLOGGED BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED. A SUPPLY SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE FOR REPLACEMENT OF BAGS. ALL NEEDED REPAIRS SHALL BE INITIATED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE INSPECTION. DISPOSE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AS WELL AS ALL USED BAGS ACCORDING TO THE PLAN NOTES.

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #4-16 FILTER BAG INLET PROTECTION - TYPE M INLET (ABACT)

NOT TO SCALE

Example Alternative Rock Construction Entrance





PLAN VIEW

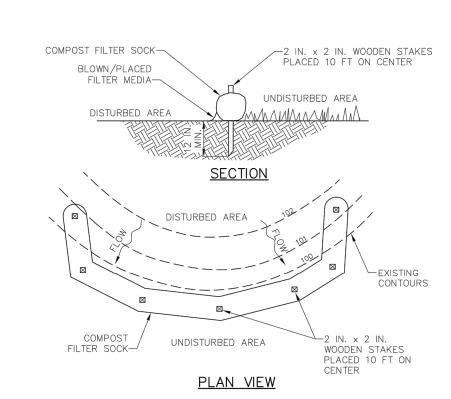
ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

NOTES: REMOVE TOPSOIL PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. EXTEND ROCK OVER FULL WIDTH OF ENTRANCE.

RUNOFF SHALL BE DIVERTED FROM ROADWAY TO A SUITABLE SEDIMENT REMOVAL BMP PRIOR TO ENTERING ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. MOUNTABLE BERM SHALL BE INSTALLED WHEREVER OPTIONAL CULVERT PIPE IS USED AND PROPER PIPE COVER AS SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER IS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED. PIPE

SHALL BE SIZED APPROPRIATELY FOR SIZE OF DITCH BEING CROSSED.

MAINTENANCE: ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE THICKNESS SHALL BE CONSTANTLY MAINTAINED TO THE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS BY ADDING ROCK, A STOCKPILE SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE FOR THIS PURPOSE. ALL SEDIMENT DEPOSITED ON PAVED ROADWAYS SHALL BE REMOVED AND RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE IMMEDIATELY. IF EXCESSIVE AMOUNTS OF SEDIMENT ARE BEING DEPOSITED ON ROADWAY, EXTEND LENGTH OF ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE BY 50 FOOT INCREMENTS UNTIL CONDITION IS ALLEVIATED OR INSTALL WASH RACK. WASHING THE ROADWAY OR SWEEPING THE DEPOSITS INTO ROADWAY DITCHES, SEWERS, CULVERTS, OR OTHER DRAINAGE COURSES IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.



SOCK FABRIC SHALL MEET STANDARDS OF TABLE 4.1 OF THE PA DEP EROSION CONTROL MANUAL. COMPOST SHALL MEET THE STANDARDS OF TABLE 4.2 OF THE PA DEP EROSION

COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHALL BE PLACED AT EXISTING LEVEL GRADE. BOTH ENDS OF THE BARRIER SHALL BE EXTENDED AT LEAST 8 FEET UP SLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN BARRIER ALIGNMENT. MAXIMUM SLOPE LENGTH ABOVE ANY BARRIER SHALL NOT EXCEED THAT SPECIFIED FOR THE SIZE OF THE SOCK AND THE SLOPE OF ITS TRIBUTARY AREA. TRAFFIC SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED TO CROSS COMPOST FILTER SOCKS.

ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES 1/2 THE ABOVE GROUND HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER AND DISPOSED IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED ELSEWHERE IN THE PLAN. COMPOST FILTER SOCKS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DAMAGED SOCKS SHALL BE REPAIRED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS OR REPLACED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSPECTION.

BIODEGRADABLE COMPOST FILTER SOCKS SHALL BE REPLACED AFTER 6 MONTHS; PHOTODEGRADABLE SOCKS AFTER 1 YEAR. POLYPROPYLENE SOCKS SHALL BE REPLACED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. UPON STABILIZATION OF THE AREA TRIBUTARY TO THE SOCK, STAKES SHALL BE REMOVED. THE

SOCK MAY BE LEFT IN PLACE AND VEGETATED OR REMOVED. IN THE LATTER CASE, THE MESH SHALL BE CUT OPEN AND THE MULCH SPREAD AS A SOIL SUPPLEMENT.

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #4-1 COMPOST FILTER SOCK (ABACT)

NOT TO SCALE

TABLE 4.1

TABLE 4.1					
	Compos	t Sock Fabric	Minimum Spe	cifications	
Material Type	3 mil HDPE	5 mil HDPE	5 mil HDPE	Multi-Filament Polypropylene (MFPP)	Heavy Duty Multi-Filament Polypropylene (HDMFPP)
Material	Photo-	Photo-	Bio-	Photo-	Photo-
Characteristics	degradable	degradable	degradable	degradable	degradable
	407	12"	12"	12"	12"
Sock Diameters	12" 18"	18" 24"	18" 24"	18" 24"	18" 24"
		32"	32"	32"	32"
Mesh Opening	3/8"	3/8"	3/8"	3/8"	1/8"
Tensile Strength		26 psi	26 psi	44 psi	202 psi
Ultraviolet Stability % Original	23% at	23% at		100% at	100% at
Strength (ASTM G-155)	1000 hr.	1000 hr.		1000 hr.	1000 hr.
Minimum Functional Longevity	6 months	9 months	6 months	1 year	2 years

Two-ply systems		
	HDPE biaxial net	
	Continuously wound	
Inner Containment Netting	Fusion-welded junctures	
	3/4" X 3/4" Max. aperture size	
	Composite Polypropylene Fabric	
	(Woven layer and non-woven fleece	
Outer Filtration Mesh	mechanically fused via needle punch)	
	3/16" Max. aperture size	

Sock fabrics composed of burlap may be used on projects lasting 6 months or less.

Compost should be a well decomposed, weed-free organic matter derived from agriculture, food, stump grindings, and yard or wood/bark organic matter sources. The compost should be aerobically composted. The compost should possess no objectionable odors and should be reasonably free (<1% 363-2134-008 / March 31, 2012 / Page 63
by dry weight) of man-made foreign matter. The compost product should not resemble the raw material

products are not acceptable as the organic component of the mix. The physical parameters of the compost should comply with the standards in Table 4.2. The standards

from which it was derived. Wood and bark chips, ground construction debris or reprocessed wood

contained in the PennDOT Publication 408 are an acceptable alternative.

Compost Standards				
Organic Matter Content	25% - 100% (dry weight basis)			
Organic Portion	Fibrous and elongated			
рН	5.5 - 8.5			
Moisture Content	30% - 60%			
Particle Size	30% - 50% pass through 3/8" screen			
Soluble Salt Concentration	5.0 dS/m (mmhos/cm) Maximum			
Filtrexx				

STOCKPILED-MATERIAL SIDE SLOPES = 2:1 (MAX.) **ELEVATION** 12" FILTER SOCK (SEE DETAIL)

STOCKPILE CONTROL

REFER TO E&S DETAIL SHEET FOR E&S CONTROL NOTES. MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW NOVEMBER 16, 2020) NOVEMBER 17, 2020 PLANNING MODULE RESUBMISSION (PADEP REVIEW OCTOBER 8, 2020) OCTOBER 28, 2020 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW AUGUST 12, 2020) OCTOBER 14, 2020 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW MAY 5, 2020) JUNE 9, 2020 MCCD SUBMISSION MARCH 17, 2020 PER TOWNSHIP CONSULTANT REVIEWS DECEMBER 17, 2019 REVISION DATE MARCH 20, 2019 PLAN ORIGINATION DATE

EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DETAILS

ALLEBACH TRACT PREPARED FOR 502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC

SITE SITUATE IN FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

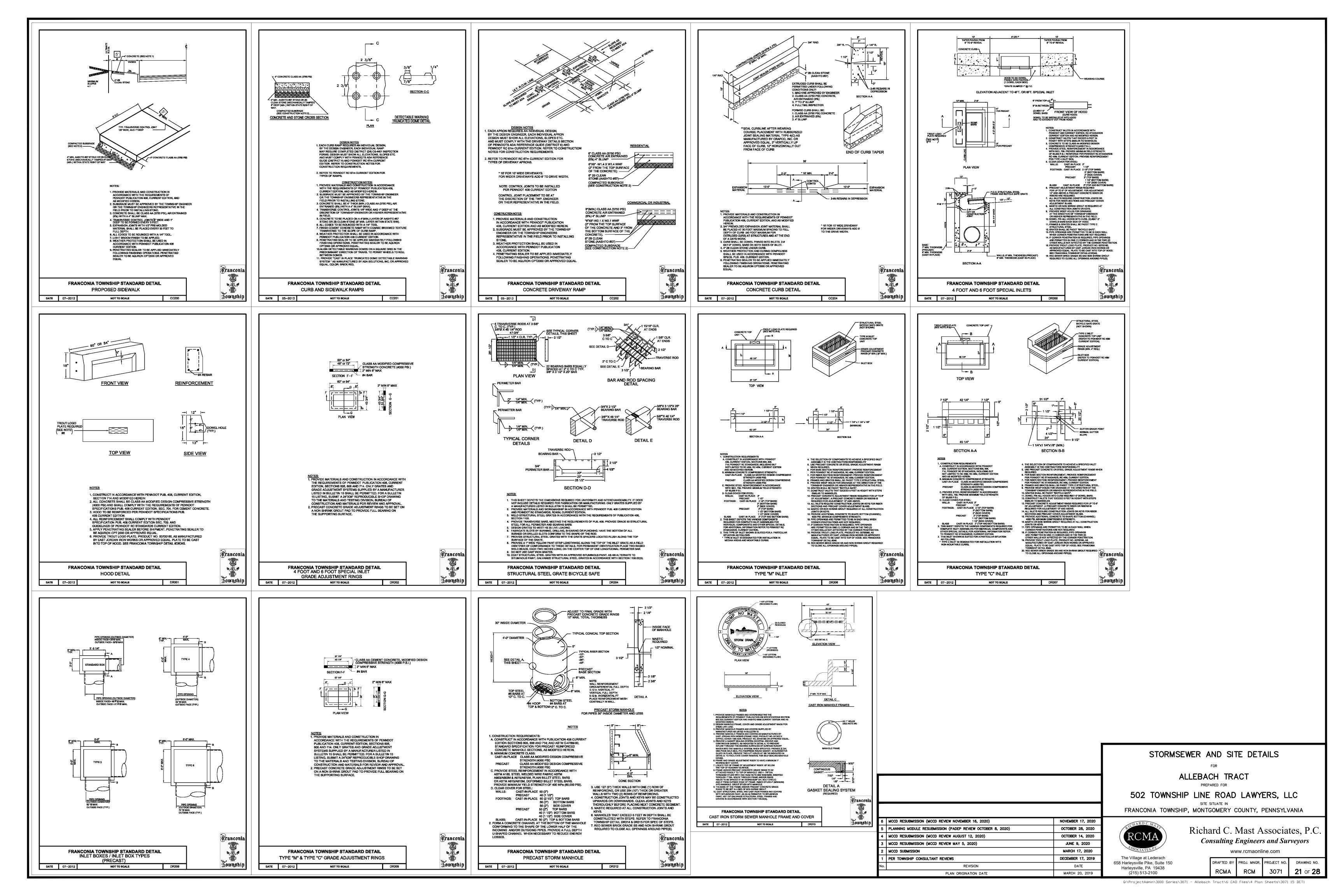


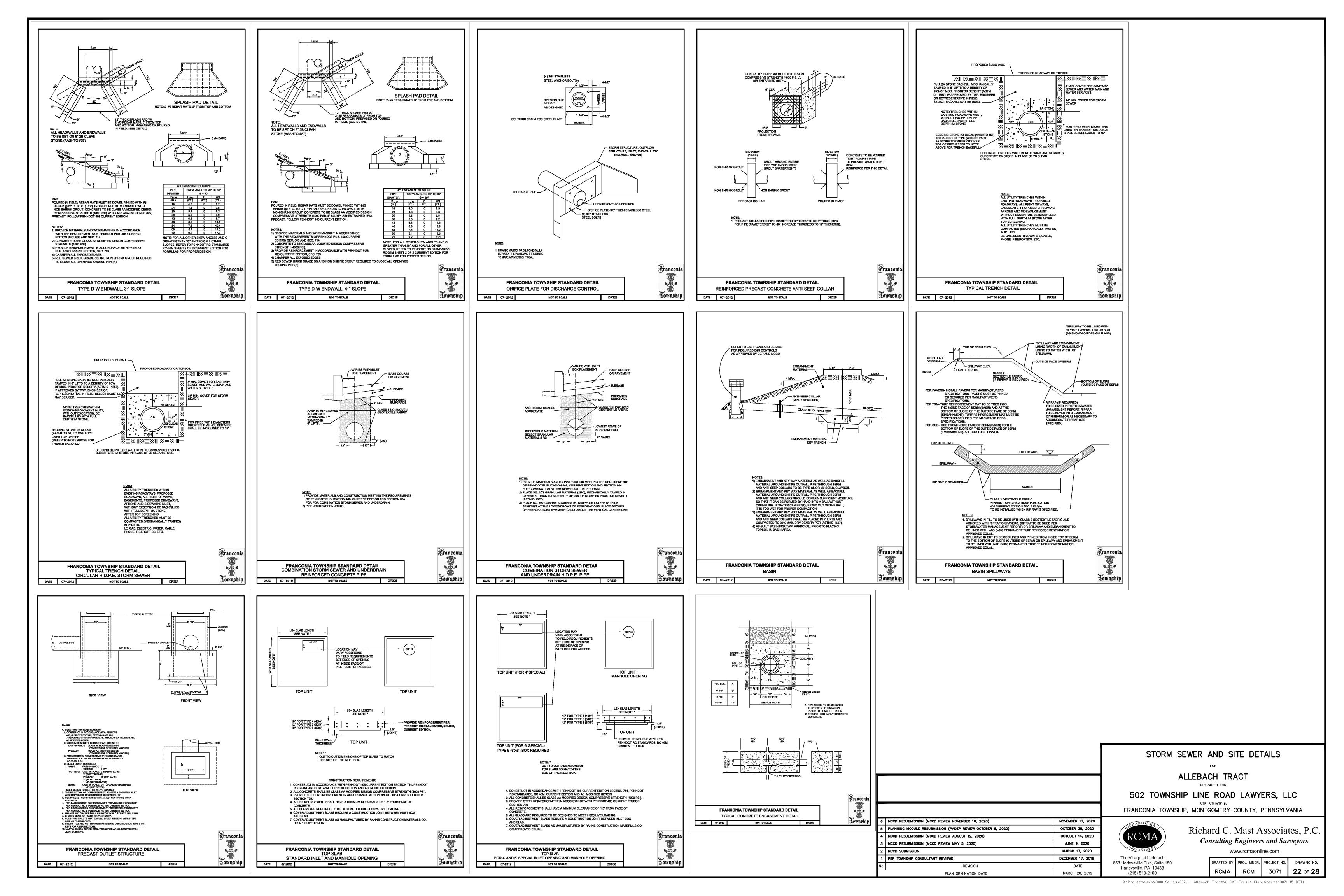
Harleysville, PA 19438

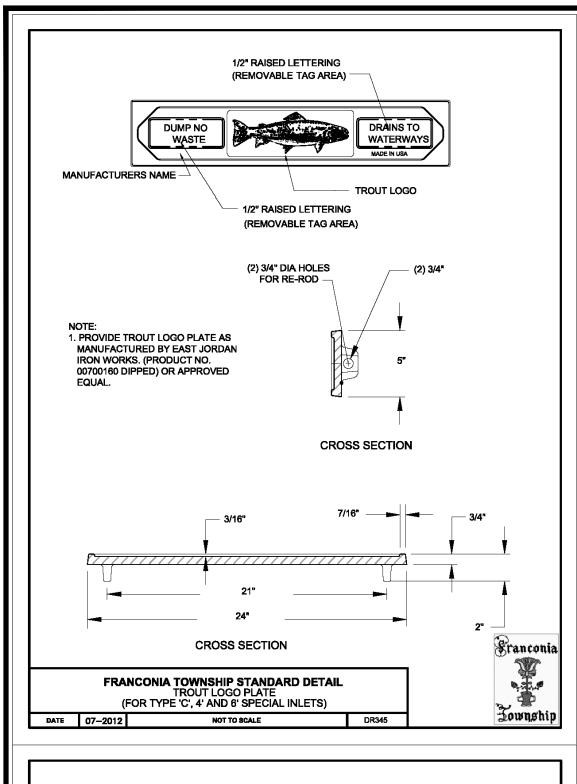
(215) 513-2100

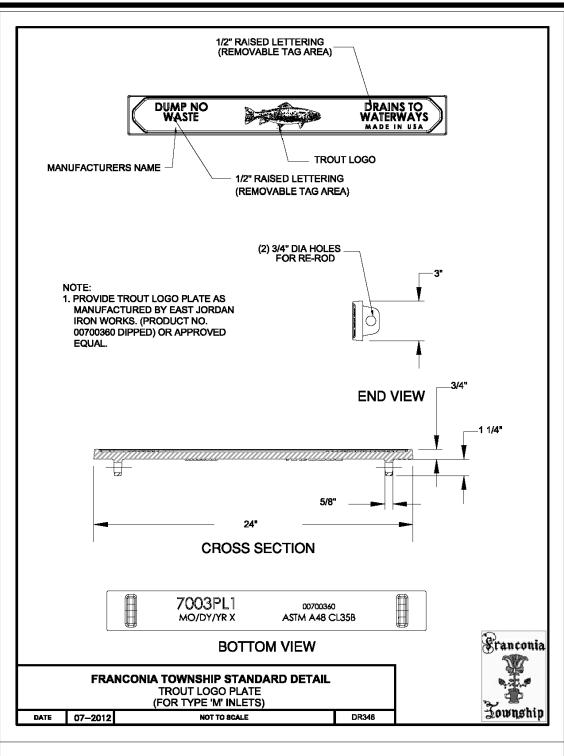
Richard C. Mast Associates, P.C Consulting Engineers and Surveyors www.rcmaonline.com

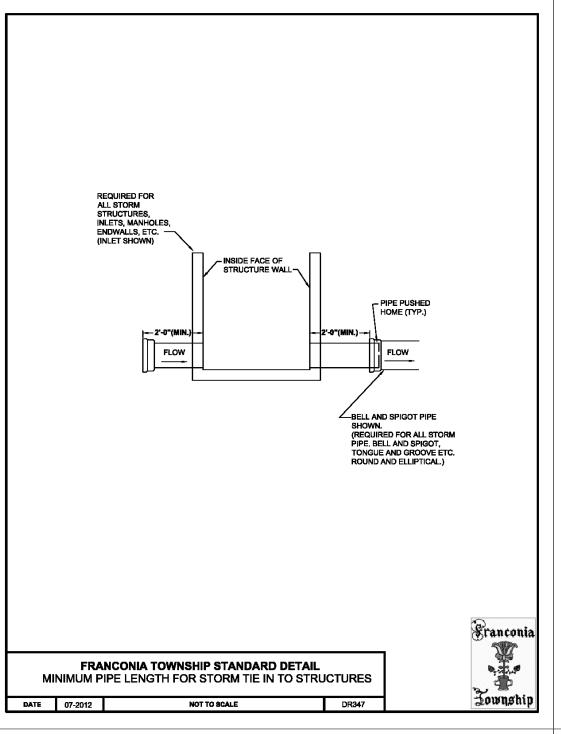
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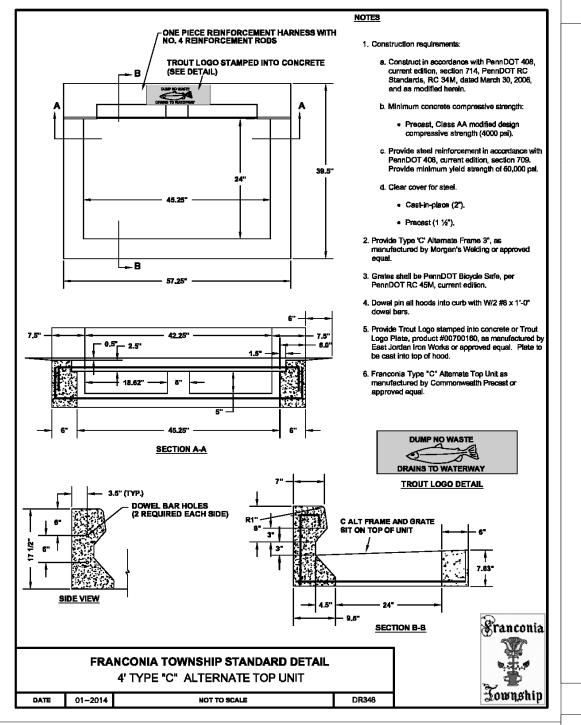


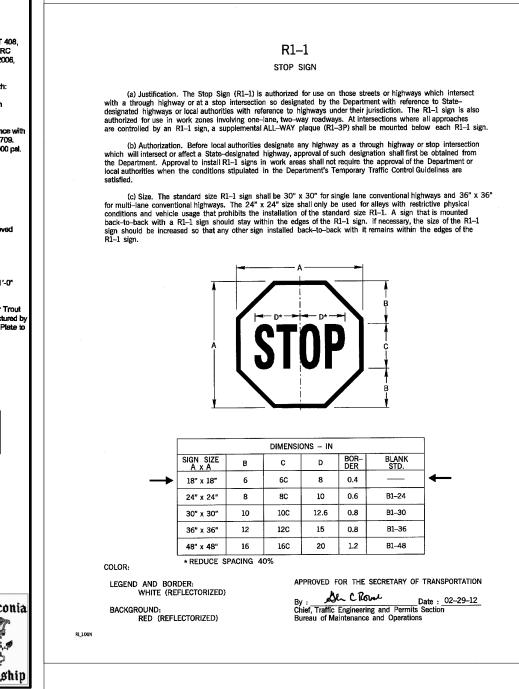


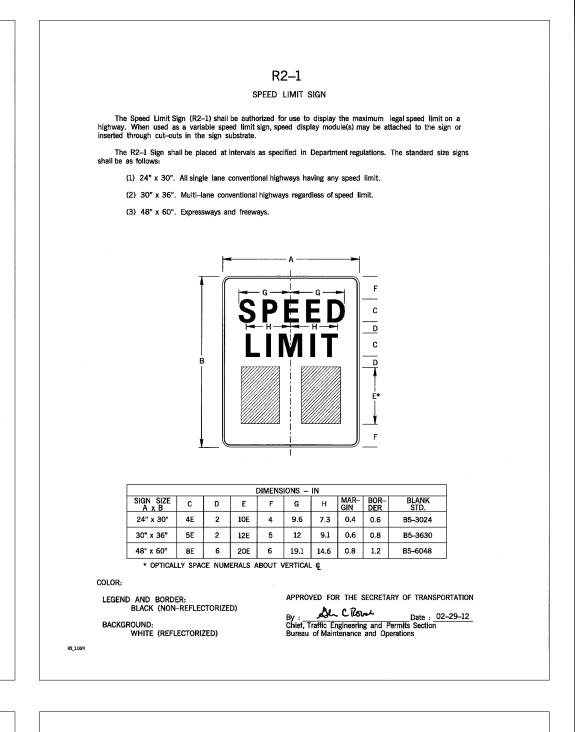


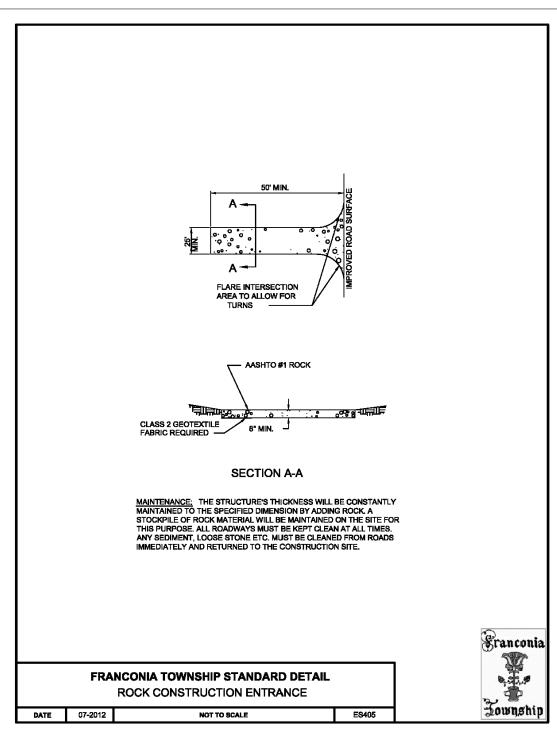


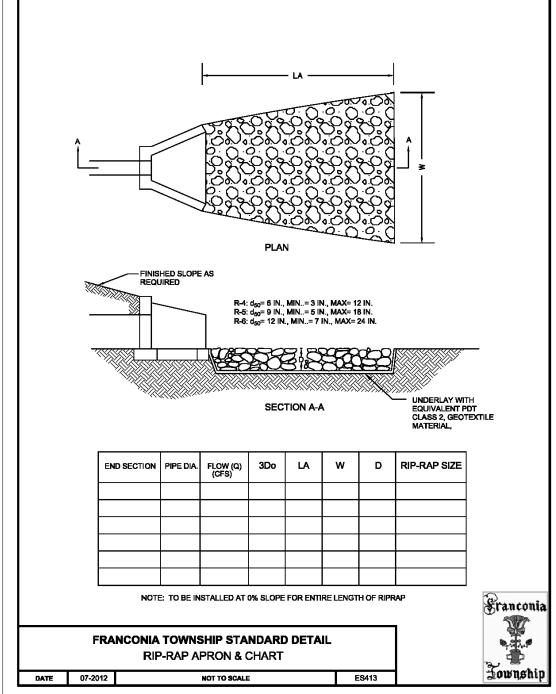


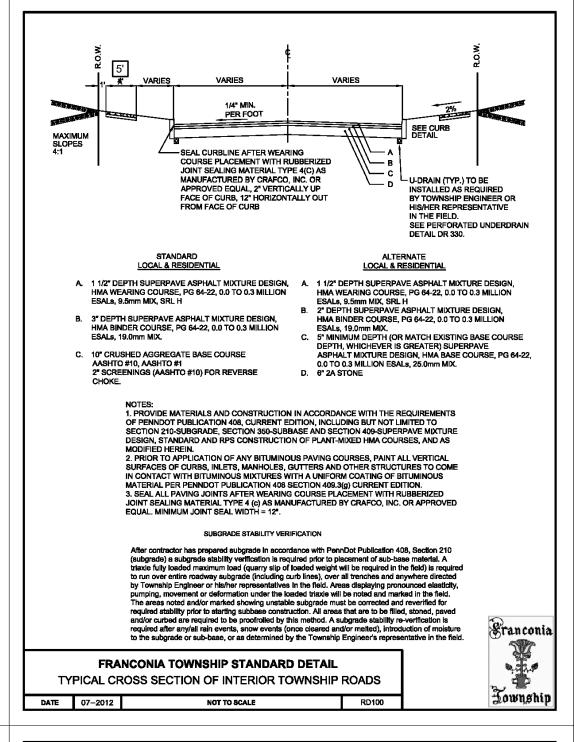


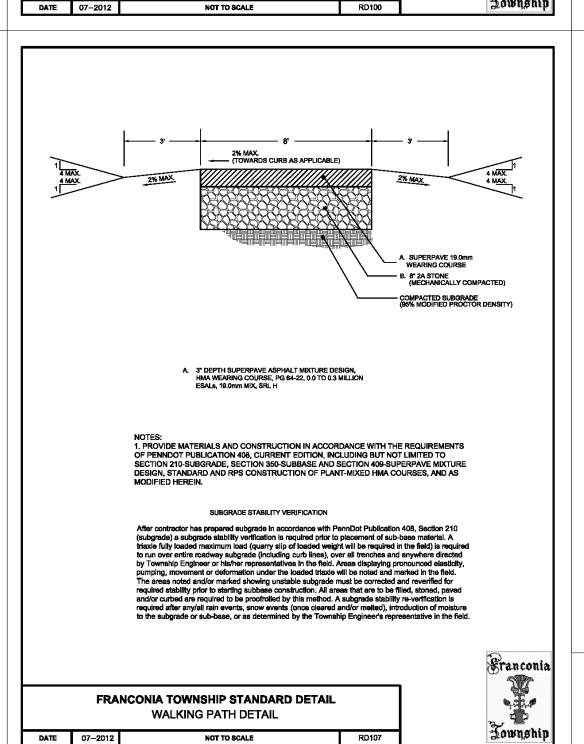


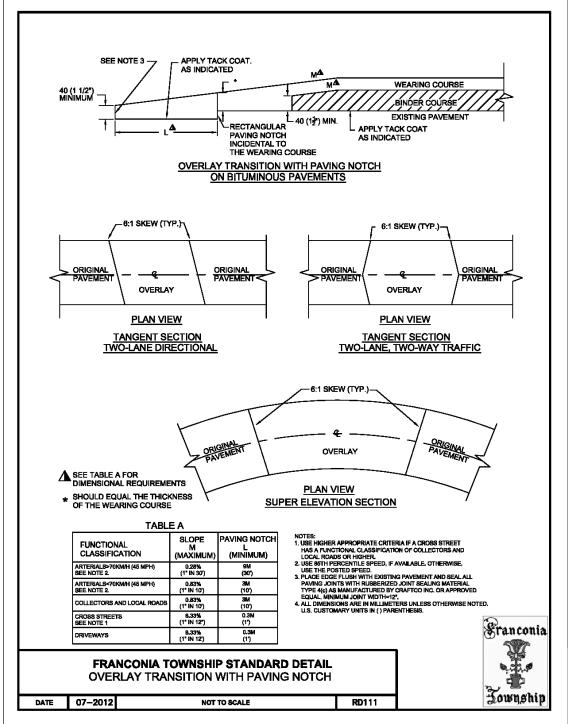


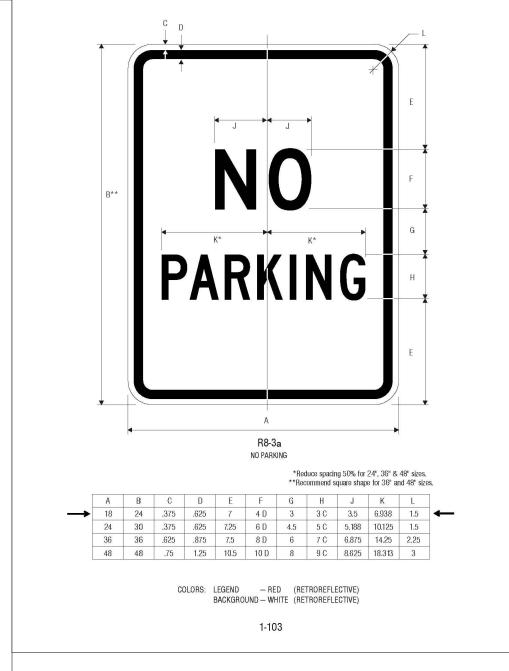










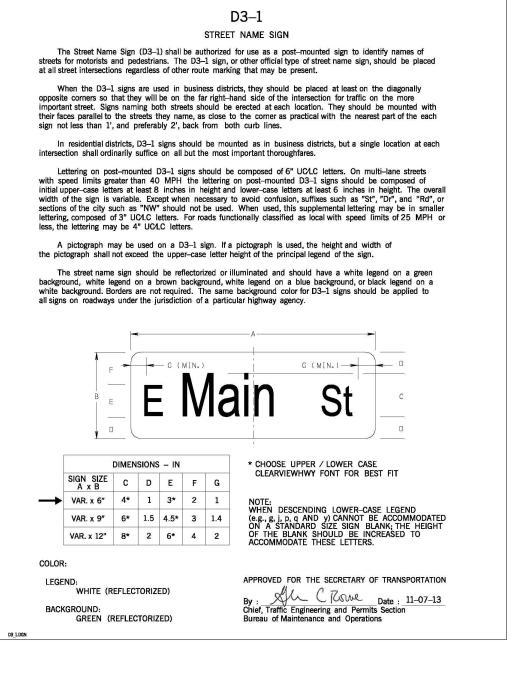


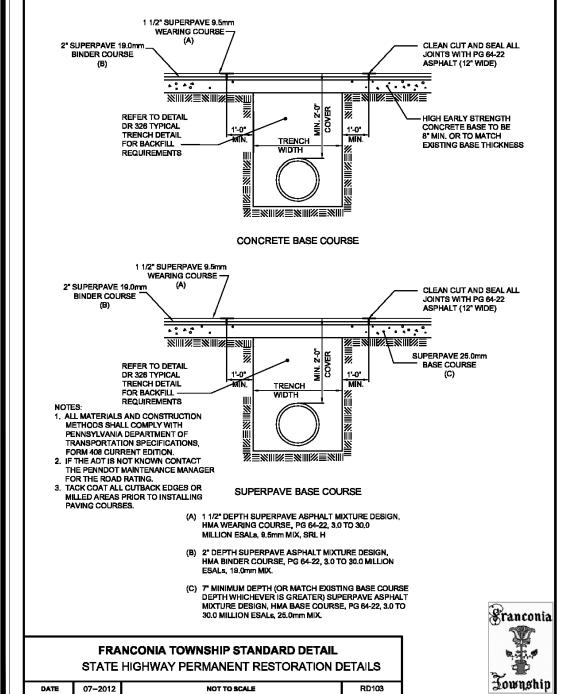
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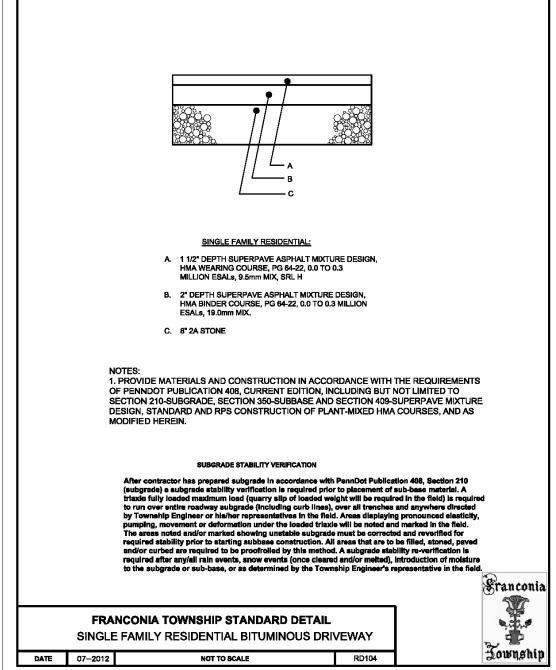
REVISION

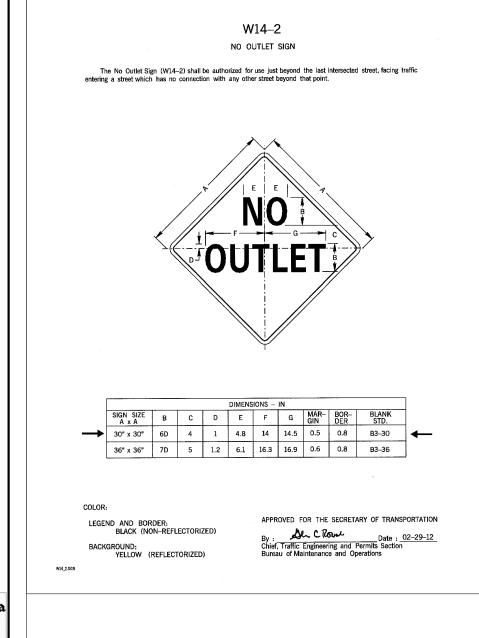
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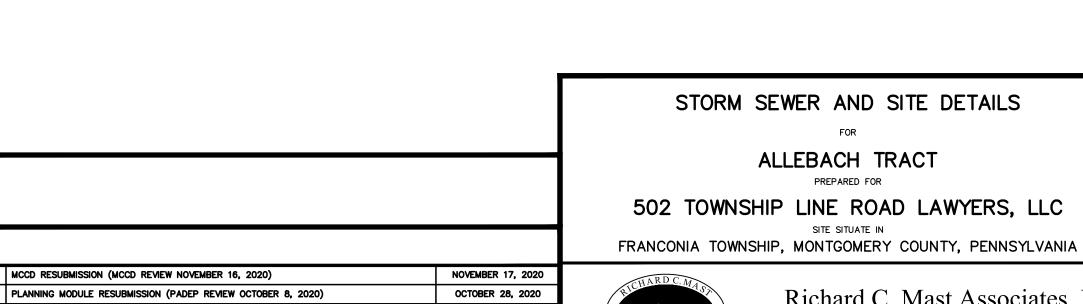
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OCTOBER 14, 2020

JUNE 9, 2020

MARCH 17, 2020

DECEMBER 17, 2019

DATE

MARCH 20, 2019



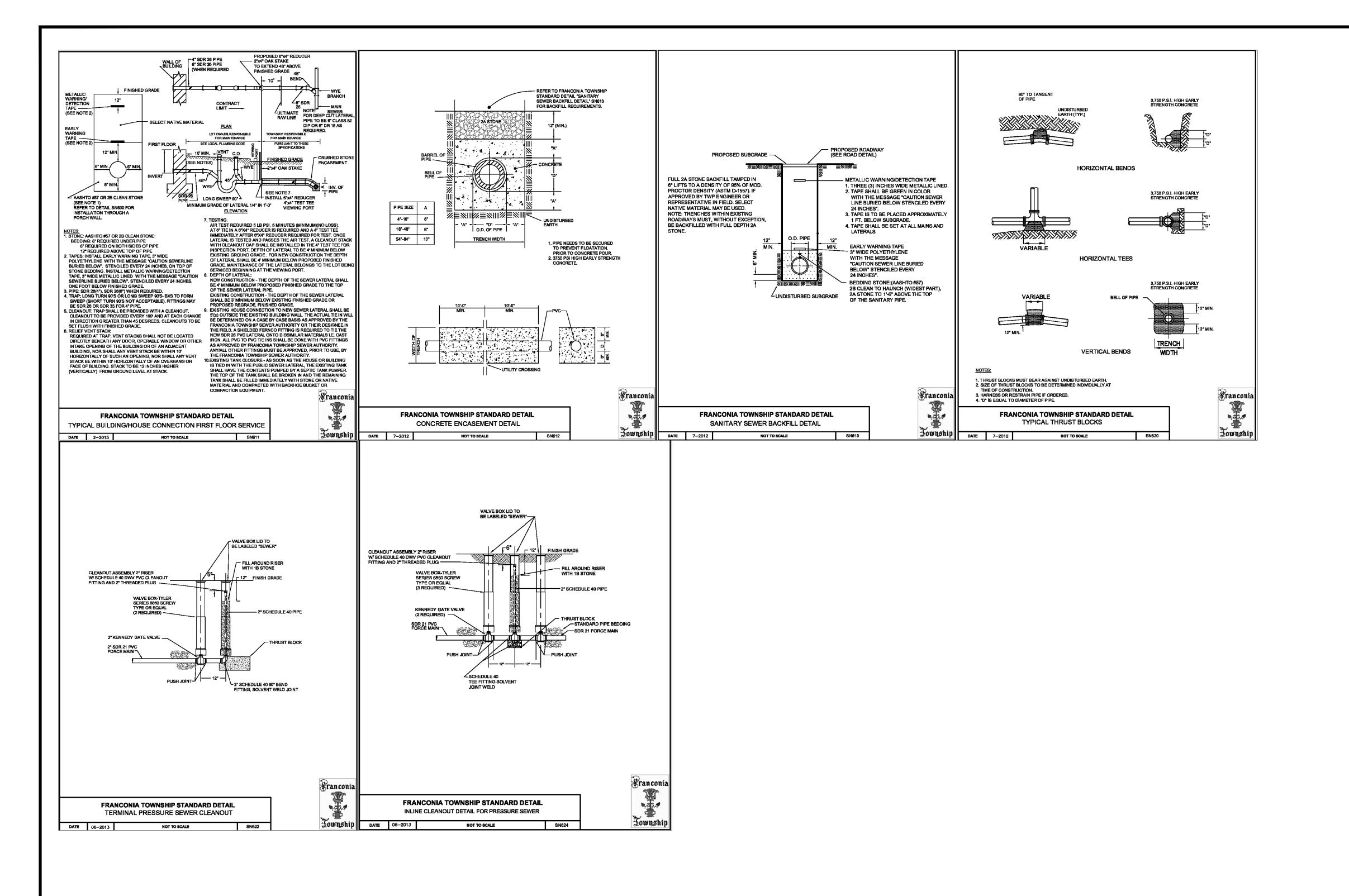
502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC SITE SITUATE IN



Richard C. Mast Associates, P.C. Consulting Engineers and Surveyors www.rcmaonline.com

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Harleysville, PA 19438



SANITARY SEWER AND WATER DETAILS ALLEBACH TRACT

502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC

SITE SITUATE IN FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

6 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW NOVEMBER 16, 2020) NOVEMBER 17, 2020 5 PLANNING MODULE RESUBMISSION (PADEP REVIEW OCTOBER 8, 2020) OCTOBER 28, 2020 4 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW AUGUST 12, 2020) OCTOBER 14, 2020 3 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW MAY 5, 2020) JUNE 9, 2020 MARCH 17, 2020 DECEMBER 17, 2019 658 Harleysville Pike, Suite 150 DATE REVISION

PLAN ORIGINATION DATE

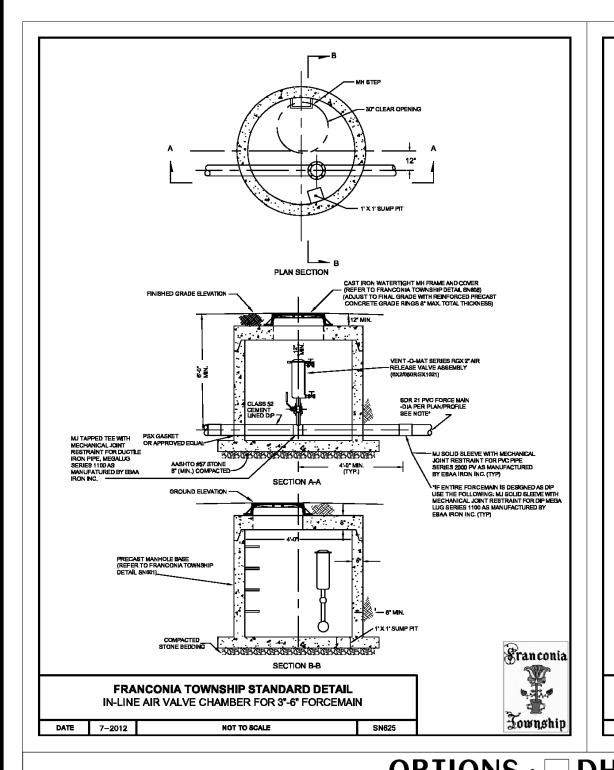


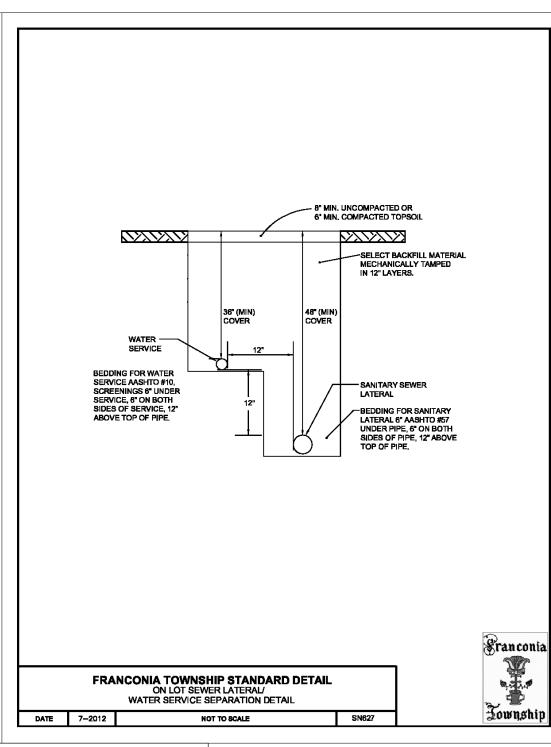
Harleysville, PA 19438

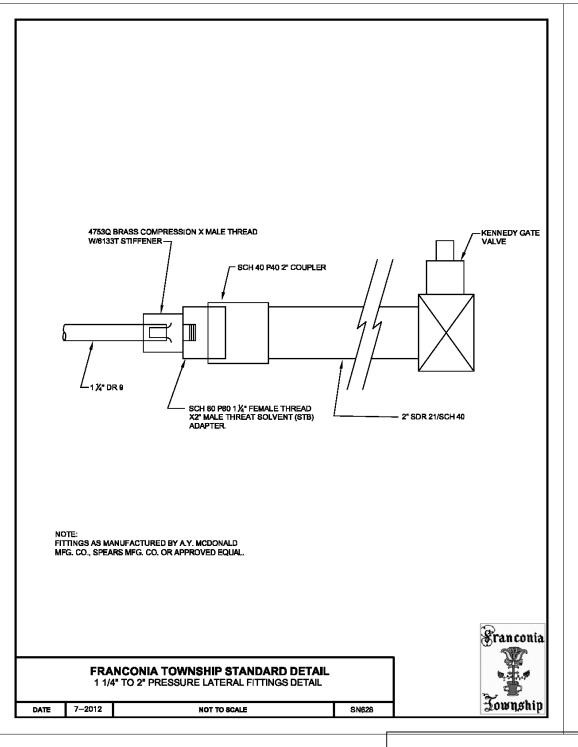
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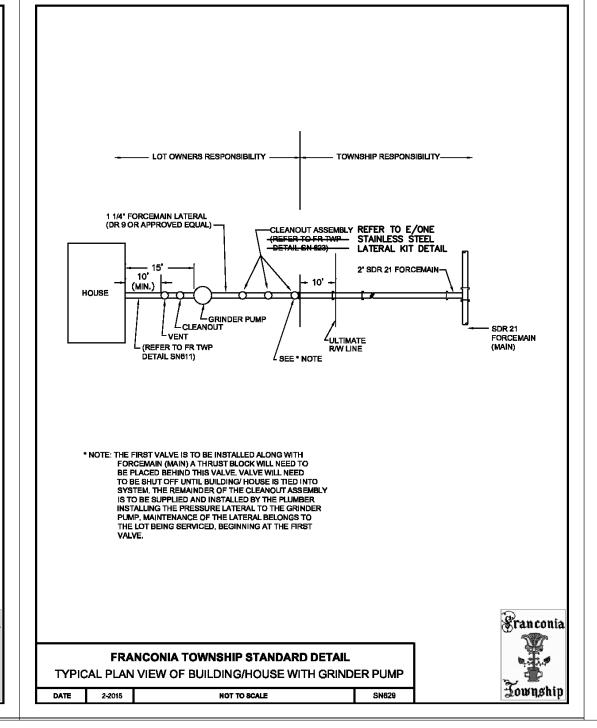
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TO PUMP

6 MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW NOVEMBER 16, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW AUGUST 12, 2020)

MCCD RESUBMISSION (MCCD REVIEW MAY 5, 2020)

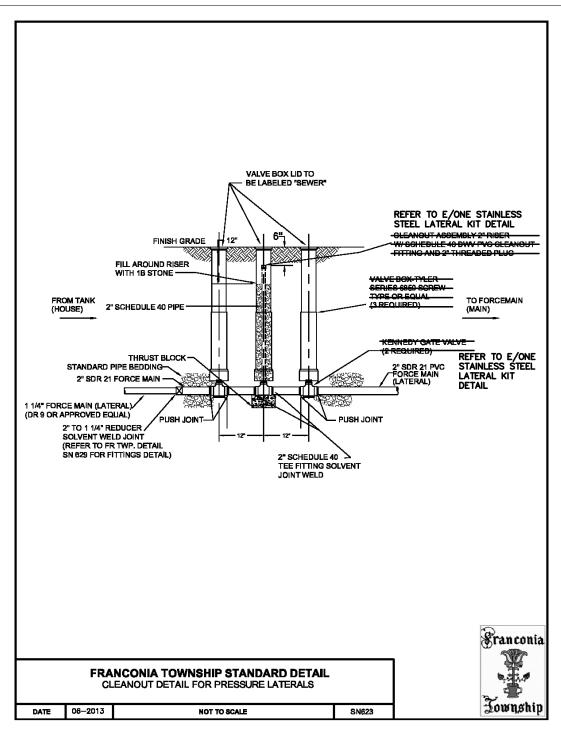
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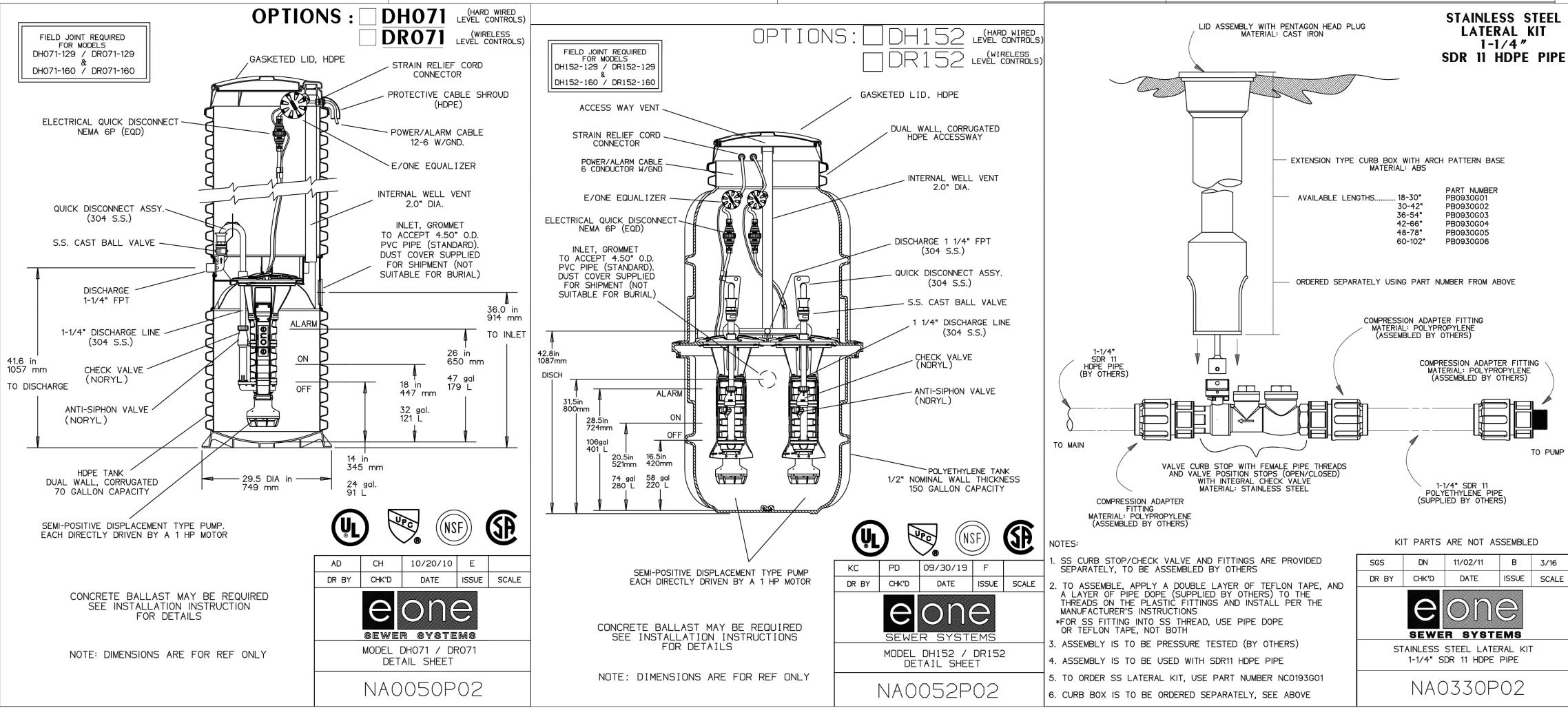
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PLANNING MODULE RESUBMISSION (PADEP REVIEW OCTOBER 8, 2020)

REVISION

PLAN ORIGINATION DATE





SANITARY SEWER AND WATER DETAILS ALLEBACH TRACT PREPARED FOR

502 TOWNSHIP LINE ROAD LAWYERS, LLC SITE SITUATE IN FRANCONIA TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA



(215) 513-2100

NOVEMBER 17, 2020

OCTOBER 28, 2020

OCTOBER 14, 2020

JUNE 9, 2020

MARCH 17, 2020

DECEMBER 17, 2019

MARCH 20, 2019

DATE

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